

外研版(三起)小学英语六年级下册知识点归纳总结

Module 1

一、词汇

look 看上去

cashier 收银员

cola 可乐

dollar 美元

cent 美分

enjoy 享用，享受

careful 小心的

Be careful! 当心!

二、句子

1. I want to a hot dog, please. 我想要一个热狗，谢谢。

2. — How much is it 它多少钱

— It' s thirteen dollars and twenty-five cents. 是十三美元二十五美分。

3. Enjoy your meal! 好好享受你的美食吧!

4. It looks good! 它看上去不错!

5. Can I help you 我能为你做点什么

6. Here you are. 给你。

7. — What do you want to eat 你想要吃什么

— I want a hamburger. 我想要一个汉堡包。

8. — What do you want to drink 你想要喝什么

— Milk, please. 牛奶, 谢谢。

三、句型结构

① 询问你想要吃什么

— What do you want to eat

— I want + 食物. / I want to eat ...

eg:

— What do you want to eat 你想要吃什么

— I want to eat noodles and beef. 我想吃面条和牛肉。

② 询问你想要喝什么

— What do you want to drink

— I want + 其他. / I want to drink...

eg:

— What do you want to drink 你想要喝什么

— I want to drink juice. 我想和果汁。

③ 询问价格

How much is it / How much are they

eg:

— How much is this book 这本书多少钱

— It' s fifteen yuan. 十五元。

— How much are these shoes 这双鞋多少钱

— They are twenty dollars. 它们二十美元。

Module 2

一、词汇

later 后来，以后

to go 剩余

duck 鸭子

pond 水池，池塘

cloud 云

dry 干的

like 像……一样

look like 看来好像

stay 保持，维持

二、短语

have a picnic 野餐

in the park 在公园

on the pond 在池塘里

at half past twelve 在十二点半

in the sky 在天空中

三、句子

1. I don't think so. 我不这么认为。

2. I'm going to get up and have breakfast. 我打算起床吃早饭。

3. Let's have a picnic in the park today. 我们今天去公园野餐吧。
4. — What time is it now 现在几点了
— It's only half past eleven. 十一点半。
5. Look, there are some ducks on the pond. 看，池塘里有些鸭子。
6. There are some dark clouds in the sky. It's going to rain soon. 天空中有一些乌云。将要下雨了。
7. It looks like you're going to stay hungry. 看起来你们还饿着。
8. Let's look at the weather tomorrow. It will snow in Harbin. 我们看看明天的天气。哈尔滨将要下雪。

四、句型结构

① 询问我们打算什么时间做某事

— When are we going to + 动词原形 + 其他

— We are going to + 动词原形 + 其他 + at + 时间.

eg:

— When are we going to the zoo 我们什么时候去动物园

— We are going to the zoo at nine o'clock. 我们九点去动物园。

— When are we going to cook dinner 我们什么时候做晚饭

— We are going to cook dinner at six o'clock. 我们打算在六点做晚饭。

② 描述将来的天气情况

It will be + 描述天气情况的形容词.

eg:

It will be sunny tomorrow. 明天将会是晴天。

It will rain tomorrow. 明天将会下雨。

Module 3

一、词汇

shine (太阳) 发光, 照耀

cry 哭

everyone 人人, 每人; 大家

fly away 飞走

just 就, 且请

cow 奶牛

blow 吹, 刮

rabbit 兔子

二、短语

in the tree 在树上

in this photo 在这张照片中

on Saturday 在星期六

send some photos 寄一些照片

look at ... 看.....

drink water 喝水

三、句子

1. Please write to me soon. 请尽快给我写信。

2. I had a very interesting day on Saturday. 星期六我度过了有趣的一天。

3. The birds are singing in the tree. 鸟在树上唱歌。

4. In this photo, it's starting to rain and birds are flying away. 在这张照片中，开始下雨了，鸟飞走了。

5. — What are you doing 你正在做什么

— I'm cleaning my room. 我正在打扫我的房间。

6. We are having a lovely time! 我们度过了快乐的一天!

四、句型结构

询问你正在做什么

— What are you doing

— I' m + 动词-ing + 其他.

eg:

— What are you doing 你正在做什么

— I' m listen to music. 我正在听音乐。

— What are you doing 你正在做什么

— I' m sweeping the floor. 我正在扫地。

Module 4

一、词汇

balloon 气球

stairs (常复) 楼梯

mess 肮脏; 凌乱

二、短语

have a birthday party 有一个生日聚会

be on the phone 在打电话

fly away 飞走

at the supermarket 在超市

三、句子

1. What a mess! 多么凌乱啊!
2. The balloons are flying away! 气球飞走了!
3. Who can help me I can't carry everything. 谁能帮帮我我搬不动了。
4. I'm on the phone. 我在打电话。
5. The apples are falling down the stairs. 苹果正滚下楼梯。
6. The eggs are broken. 鸡蛋破了。
7. Be careful. 小心点。

四、句型结构

① 如何向他人寻求帮助

— Who can help me

— Sorry, I can't. / I can help you.

eg:

— Who can help me 谁能帮我

— Sorry, I can't. I am sweeping the floor.

对不起，我不行。我正在扫地。

② 描述正在发生的事情

主语 + is / am / are + 动词-ing + 其他.

eg:

The cows are eating grass. 牛正在吃草。

I am playing chess. 我正在下象棋。

Module 5

一、词汇

play 演奏，弹奏（音乐）

third 第三（个）

time 次，回

bark （狗）吠，叫

loudly 大声地

nothing 没有东西，没有事情

二、短语

play the suona 吹唢呐

come in 进来

watch TV 看电视

ride his bike 骑自行车

do exercise 做运动

read a book 看书

the third time 第三次

have a birthday party 举办一个生日聚会

三、句子

1. He is playing the suona, but the phone rings. 他正在吹唢呐，但是电话响了。

2. — What are they doing 他们正在做什么

— They' re singing and dancing. 他们正在唱歌跳舞。

3. Daming is playing the suona for the third time, but the dog starts to bark very loudly. 大明第三次吹唢呐，狗叫得非常大声。

4. His friends can't hear him. 他的朋友们听不见他。

5. He's riding his bike, but it starts to rain. 他正在骑自行车，但是天下雨了。

6. She's doing exercise, but it gets too hot. 她正在做运动，但是天气变热了。

7. He's reading a book, but his sister starts to sing. 他正在看书，但他妹妹开始唱歌了。

四、句型结构

描述某人正在做一件事的时候发生了另一件事情

主语 1 + be 动词 + 动词-ing + 其他, but + 主语 2 + 动词 (第三人称单数形式) + 其他.

eg:

I am watering the flowers, but my dog barks. 我正在浇花，但是我的狗叫了起来。

Alice is playing football, but it is rainy. 爱丽丝正在踢足球，但是下雨了。

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