试卷类型 : A

### 泰安市 2024 年初中学业水平考试

# 英语试题

本试卷分第 I 卷和第 II 卷两部分。第 I 卷 1 至 9 页,第 II 卷 10 至 12 页,共 150 分。考试时间 120 分钟。

注意事项:

1. 答题前,请考生仔细阅读答题卡上的注意事项,并务必按照相关要求作答。

2. 考试结束后,将本试卷和答题卡一并交回。

### 第 I 卷(共 80 分)

第一部分 听力(共 25 小题; 1-20 小题每题 1 分, 21-25 小题每题 2 分, 满分 30 分)

(一)听句子,选择适当的应答语。每个句子读两遍。

1. A. No, I can't.	B. Yes, please.	C. It doesn't matter.		
2. A. She is a teacher.	B. She is outgoing.	C. She is watching TV.		
3. A. Don't worry.	B. It's a pity.	C. I agree with you.		
4. A. He failed the exam.	B. He won a prize.	C. He got good grades.		
5. A. I hope so.	B. OK, I will.	C. You' re welcome.		
(二) 听五段对话,选择正确答案。每段对话读两遍。你将有20秒钟的时间阅读下面5个小题。				
6. What was Lucy's sister doing at 8 o' clock last night?				
A. Reading a book.	B. Watching TV.	C. Learning English.		
7. How often does Dave have P. E.?				
A. Every day.	B. Twice a week.	C. Three times a week.		
8. What are the speakers mainly talking about?				
A. Travel.	B. Weather.	C. Health.		
9. Where does the conversation probably take place?				
A. In a library.	B. In a clothes store.	C. In a restaurant.		
10. What's Peter's problem in learning English?				
A. He has poor pronunciation.				
B. He isn't hard- working.				
C. He can't memorize the words.				

英语试题 第1页(共12页)

(三)听两段长对话,选择正确答案。每段对话读两遍。听每段对话前你将有10秒钟的时间阅读对应的3个小题。 听第一段对话,回答第11—13 小题。

11. When did Paul arrive in Paris? A. Yesterday. B. The day before yesterday. C. Four days ago. 12. How's the weather in Paris? A. It's sunny and hot. B. It's windy and rainy. C. It's sunny and warm. 13. Where did Paul leave his camera? A. In the hotel. B. At the Eiffel Tower. C. On the underground train. 听第二段对话,回答第 14—16 小题。 14. What day is it today? B. It's Friday. C. It's Saturday. A. It's Thursday. 15. What does the woman want to buy for Alice? A. A skirt. B. A dress. C. AT- shirt. 16. What happened to Mike's friend? A. He had a bad cold. B. He hurt his leg by accident. C. He had a terrible traffic accident. (四)听短文,回答下面四个问题,选择正确答案。短文读两遍。你将有20秒钟的时间阅读下面4个小题。 17. What's the purpose of the training program? A. To develop the ability of writing. B. To develop the ability of language learning. C. To develop the ability of independence. 18. Which outdoor activity isn't mentioned? A. Flying kites. B. Camping. C. Planting trees. 19. How many days will the training program last? A. 9. C. 11. B. 10. 20. What should you do if you want to join in the training program? A. Take a performance test. B. Fill in the information card. C. Make a telephone call to the speaker.

英语试题 第2页(共12页)

(五)听短文,填表格。根据短文内容,写出下面表格中所缺信息,每空一词。短文读三遍。你将有 20 秒钟 的时间阅读表格内容。答题完毕后,请将答案填写在答题卡的相应位置。

How to make running pleasant and (21)		
Opinions	Running is the simplest way to exercise in our daily life.	
	Buy a pair of comfortable running shoes to protect your back, feet and (22)	
Suggestions	Have a warm- up walk for 10 minutes (23) running. Make sure you r un and walk at least three times a week.	
	Plan to increase the running time (24)	
	Be patient! Don't take part in road races until you can run 30 minutes without	
	(25)	

#### 第二部分 完形填空(共10小题; 每小题1分, 满分10分)

阅读下面短文,掌握其大意,然后从每题所给的A、B、C三个选项中,选出能填入短文相应空白处的 最佳选项,并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

Do dogs like postmen? Many people believe not, because dogs <u>26</u> bar k (犬吠) at postmen. However, a Brazilian postman named Cristiano is challen ging this old idea.

He is known <u>27</u> the "Animal— friendly Postman". For years, he has been making friends with the dogs that he <u>28</u> during his work. And he often takes photos with them and posts them online.



It is not easy to win a dog's <u>29</u>, but he has a way of doing that. First, he greets the dog. Then, he lets the dog sniff( $\mathbb{Q}$ ) his hand from a proper distance. <u>30</u>, the dog can get to know him better and become familiar with him. Gradually, he gets <u>31</u> to the dog until the dog is comfortable en ough to lick ( $\mathbb{F}$ ) his face.

It may come as no surprise that this animal—loving postman has 32 dogs and cats at home. He has been around dogs since he was a child. This might explain 33 dogs welcome him.

Cristiano is also friendly to other animals he meets. He <u>34</u> hello to the neighboring cats, rabbits and all other kinds of animals.

Cristiano does not just show off his friendship with animals. He also has a mission(使命) of his own. He often helps injured animals on the road. He takes them to the nearby vet clinic or animal shelter (收容所). In fact, it's his <u>35</u> to open his own animal shelter.

"I want to help my little animal friends more!" says the postman.

英语试题 第3页(共12页)

26. A. often	B. hardly	C. never
27. A. for	B. as	C. of
28. A. meets	B. needs	C. uses
29. A. value	B. praise	C. trust
30. A. By the way	B. On the way	C. In this way
31. A. better	B. closer	C. farther
32. A. a few	B. a little	C. kind of
33. A. when	B. what	C. why
34. A. greets	B. says	C. talks
35. A. job	B. habit	C. dream

#### 第三部分 阅读理解(共两节; 满分 40 分)

第一节 阅读下列短文或图表,从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中,选出最佳选项,并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。(共 15 小题; 每小题 2 分,满分 30 分)

А

Elle Gianelli, a teenager from California, USA, has a special connection with her grandmother. That has inspired her to put smiles on the faces of other old people. She brings joy and warmth to them throu gh her socks project.

Several years ago, Elle went to a local nursing home with her eighth— grade class. She really enjoyed her time there and felt connected to the old people there. She and her mom started talking about how they might bring a little joy to the old people's lives. Since Elle was crazy about socks, they came up with the idea to start Socks4Seniors. The idea is simple. Elle wants to provide a pair of colorful socks for each of the old people in the nursing home. She hopes to let them know they' re not alone and someo ne is thinking about them.

Now Elle delivers(递送) socks to some nursing homes every month. During the summer break and other school breaks, she can deliver more. Elle also invites her family, friends and volleyball teammates to join her in delivering socks.

"We are lucky to have family and friends in our lives, "said Elle, "but many of the old people don't have visitors, family or people that love and care about them. A simple action can really cha nge someone's life or certainly brighten up their day."

Since the beginning, Elle has provided more than 4, 000 pairs of socks for the old people. Her goal is to keep things going and provide socks for old people in all the states of the USA.

36. What has inspired Elle to bring joy and warmth to the old people?

- A. Her interest in volunteer work.
- B. Her craziness about different kinds of socks.
- C. Her special connection with her grandmother.
- D. Her working experience at a local hospital.

英语试题 第4页(共12页)

- 37. Why does Elle start Socks4Seniors according to the second paragraph?
  - A. Because the old people need new socks.
  - B. Because that's her job to make the old people happy.
  - C. In order to make money through her socks project.
  - D. To tell the old people that they' re not alone and someone is thinking about them.
- 38. Who helps Elle deliver socks?
  - (1)Her family (2)Her friends(3)Her teachers (4)Her volleyball teammates A. (1)(2)(3)

**B.** (1)(2)(4)

C. (1)(3)(4)

#### **D.** (2)(3)(4)

- 39. What could be the best title for the passage?
  - A. A girl brings warmth to the elderly.
  - B. A girl who is crazy about socks.
  - C. A girl changed many young people's lives.
  - D. A girl who loves her grandmother very much.

#### В

#### Three ways to get involved with Earth Day

Earth Day is on April 22nd every year. It aims to raise awareness (意识) about how to look a fter the world and encourages people to make small changes to help protect the environment. Here are three ways to get involved with Earth Day.



Get close to nature by going out on a sound hunt (寻找). Head outside a nd listen to the noises all around you. You might hear the birds singing, wind i n the trees or the rain pattering(发出嗒嗒声) on the ground. Make a record of what you can hear, where you heard it and when.

Go on a sound hunt



Celebrate Earth Day by creating a poster to show at school or at home. T he theme of this year's Earth Day is Planet vs. Plastics. Have a think about ho w you might visualize(使……可见) this on a poster. Perhaps you'd like to do s ome research, including some facts about plastic production. Make an Earth Day poster



Why not go plastic- free for a day? You can do this by not buying, or using, any single— use plastic on Earth Day. Single— use plastic is plastic that is only used once before being thrown away. Many food and drink items are p ackaged(包装) in single— use plastic. Although it may be a challenge, it is pos sible and might help you form new planet— friendly habits.

Have a plastic- free day

英语试题 第5页(共12页)

- 40. Amy is a creative girl and she is very good at drawing. What does she probably do to celebrate Earth Day?
  - A. Go on a sound hunt. B. Make an Earth Day poster.
  - C. Have a plastic- free day. D. Spend enjoyable time with her family.
- 41. To go plastic- free for a day, you'd better \_\_\_\_\_.
  - A. go shopping with plastic bags.
  - B. buy snacks that are packaged in single- use plastic.
  - C. not buy or use any single- use plastic.
  - D. throw away all the plastic bags in your house.
- 42. Which of the following statements is NOT true according to the passage?
  - A. Earth Day is on April 22nd every year.
  - B. You can get close to nature by going on a sound hunt.
  - C. The theme of this year's Earth Day is Earth for All.
  - D. Three ways to get involved with Earth Day are mentioned.

#### С

The Classical Gardens of Suzhou, which are also called Suzhou Garden s, are a group of beautiful gardens in the city of Suzhou in Jiangsu Province of China. The first classical garden was created during the Spring and Autu mn Period in the 6th century BC. More gardens were built in the following centuries and most of them were private gardens of scholars(学者) and offici als of that time. During the Ming and Qing dynasties, the construction (建 设) of the gardens came to its prime time because of the prosperity (繁荣)



of Suzhou in that period. It is said that there were more than 200 gardens all over the city and Suzhou was famous as the " paradise on earth" and the " City of Gardens".

Nowadays, 19 of the 69 well— protected gardens are open to the public as tourist attractions. Amon g them, some famous gardens are regarded as typical examples of Suzhou Gardens, such as Humble Admi nistrator's Garden, Lingering Garden, Master of the Nets Garden and so on.

Suzhou Gardens in many ways explain the ideas behind classic Chinese garden design (设计). Their owners were not just interested in having a pleasing arrangement (安排) of plants and flowers: they used history, philosophy, art and architecture(建筑学) in their designs. Each element(要素) of a

英语试题 第6页(共12页)

classical Chinese garden — each hill, pond, plant and rock — is filled with meaning. Although every element was carefully designed, the end goal was always to have a garden which looked like it was create d by nature, without the help of human hands.

Suzhou Gardens represent the development and maturity (成熟) of Chinese garden design of more tha n two thousand years. They are national 5A tourist attractions in China and two groups of them were adde d to UNESCO World Cultural Heritage List(世界文化遗产名录) in 1997 and 2000.

43. When was the first classical Suzhou garden built?

- A. During the Ming Dynasty. B. During the Oing Dynasty.
- C. In the 5th century BC. D. During the Spring and Autumn Period.

44. What does the third paragraph mainly tell us?

- A. The history of Suzhou Gardens.
- B. The ideas behind the design of Suzhou Gardens.
- C. The typical examples of Suzhou Gardens.
- D. The great achievements of Suzhou Gardens.
- 45. What does the underlined word " represent" mean in the last paragraph?
  - A. 代表 B. 报道 C. 预言
- 46. What can we learn from the passage?
  - A. Half of the well- protected gardens are open to the public.
  - B. Each element of a classical Chinese garden has its meaning.
  - C. Suzhou Gardens were built without the help of human hands.
  - D. All the gardens were built for scholars and officials in the past.

#### D

When you look up at the night sky, what do you see? 80% of p eople around the world see nothing but skyglow(天光, 人为白昼现象). This man- made brightening of the sky masks the stars.

The night sky has played an important role in human life for thousand s of years. Ancient peoples named the constellations (星座). Around the sa "

me time, Polynesian sailors used the sun and stars to sail on the sea in the correct direction. Later, the Maya civilization (文明) used the position of the stars to predict the changing of the seasons.

But today, few people are able to see sky full of stars. So what happened?

Light pollution is the reason. When man- made light enters into the night sky, it hides the stars.

英语试题 第7页(共12页)



D. 讲述

This excess(过多的) light comes from streetlights, office buildings, stores, flashing billboards, etc.

Of course, people in modern societies need to light the night. Nighttime driving, walking, working, exercising, and more are all safer with man- made outdoor lighting. However, too much light at night can be harmful. It masks the stars and disturbs our natural sleep patterns, causing greater risk of cancer an d heart disease.

Light pollution can be greatly reduced (減少) with a few simple actions. The first is to stop wasting light. Outdoor lights can be covered so that the light shines down to the ground only where it's needed. People can be more careful about using light s only when and where they are necessary. Besides, people can choose light bulbs (灯泡) with the smallest effective amount of brightness. Most bright white lights, including LEDs, give off a large amount of shorter- wavelength (波长较短的) blue light, which brightens the sky more than any other color of light. Choosing light bulbs with longer- wavelength light in yellow or orange can help prevent harmful light pollution.

47. By studying the night sky full of stars, ancient peoples did a lot except \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. naming the constellations
- B. sailing on the sea in the correct direction
- C. predicting the changing of the seasons
- D. letting man- made light enter into the night sky
- 48. Today most people can't see the night sky full of stars because of \_\_\_\_\_
  - A. the excess light caused by humans
  - C. the changes in the position of stars
- 49. What does the last paragraph mainly tell us?
  - A. How to save electricity in our daily lives.
  - B. How to choose light bulbs correctly.
  - C. Two ways of reducing light pollution.
  - D. The advantages and disadvantages of man- made light.
- 50. Which of the following statements is NOT true according to the passage?
  - A. Too much light at night can do harm to people's health.
  - B. Man- made light hides the stars when it enters into the night sky.
  - C. In ancient times, the night sky played an important role in human life.
  - D. Choosing shorter- wavelength blue light can help prevent harmful light pollution.

英语试题 第8页(共12页)

- B. the reduction of stars
- D. the influence of weather

第二节 根据短文内容,从短文后的方框中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项,并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。(共5小题; 每小题2分,满分10分)

Papermaking technology (造纸术) is one of the four great inventions in a ncient China. (51)\_\_\_\_\_ Thousands of years ago in the Mediterranean(地中海), it was common for people to write messages on broken pie ces from jars(坛, 罐). (52)\_\_\_\_\_



In the Eastern Han Dynasty, an official named Cai Lun created a sheet of paper using mulberry (秦 树) and other fibers (纤维) along with fishing net, old clothes, and other wastes. He steamed and cooked all these materials with water, and changed them into pulp(纸浆), then poured the pulp out carefully on a fine screen and dried it into a kind of thin paper. The paper was suitable for writing and was also very cheap, so it became\_very popular. (53)\_\_\_\_\_\_

After the Eastern Han Dynasty, papermaking technology had been gradually improved. And then bamboo and straw could also be used as the materials for making paper. (54) \_\_\_\_\_\_ For example, the Xuan paper is used for Chinese calligraphy and painting.

Papermaking technology was introduced to the Korean peninsula and Japan in the late Sui and early Tang dynasties, and later to Arabia and other countries. (55) \_\_\_\_\_\_ It also plays an important

role in the development of global civilization.

- A. Therefore, Cai Lun played a great part in papermaking technology.
- B. Before it was invented, people wrote on different kinds of things.
- C. Because of different materials, many kinds of paper were produced for different uses.
- D. Animal skins and wood were also common materials to write on.
- E. The invention of paper provides a more convenient way for communication of information.

英语试题 第9页(共12页)

#### 第Ⅱ卷(共70分)

#### 第四部分 书面表达(共三节)

第一节 词汇运用(共两题,满分30分)

(一)单词拼写(共5小题; 每小题2分, 满分10分)

根据句意和首字母或汉语提示,将单词的正确形式完整地写在答题卡相应的位置上。

56. — What can I do for you, sir?

—I'd like a glass of tea. I am a little t\_\_\_\_\_.

57. The young man is good at traditional Chinese medicine. He often gives his friends some useful a\_\_\_\_\_ about staying healthy.

58. It's raining \_\_\_\_\_(猛烈地) now, so we have to wait until the rain stops.

59. My parents are busy \_\_\_\_\_(准备) for my grandmother's birthday party now. I'm going to help them.

60. As teenagers, we should always be \_\_\_\_\_(诚实的) and never tell lies.

(二)综合填空(共10小题; 每小题2分, 满分20分)

根据短文内容,用方框中所给单词的适当形式填空,使文章通顺、完整,每词限用一次。

smell, need, include, blood, far, go, different, recent, that, land

Have you ever been mad at the buzzing sound of a mosquito flying cl ose to your ear? If you have, then you can be sure (61) \_\_\_\_\_\_ it was i n fact a female mosquito. Female mosquitoes need to feed on the blood of birds, reptiles, people and other mammals. They need something from the (62) \_\_\_\_\_\_ to produce their eggs.



How do mosquitoes find us? When hunting for a meal, a mosquito senses (63) kinds of signs that suggest a human is nearby. The signs (64) CO<sub>2</sub>, the smell of your skin and body heat.

First, a mosquito's taste sensors(传感器) find the  $CO_2$  you give off as you breathe out. And it can sense this gas from quite the distance, upwards of 50 feet (英尺) but maybe even as(65)\_\_\_\_\_\_ as 100 feet. Drawing closer, its smell sensors are looking for the(66)\_\_\_\_\_\_ of your skin. And as the mosquito draws even closer, it senses your body heat to find you at last. After(67)\_\_\_\_\_\_ on you, it u ses taste sensors in its legs to find the right place to bite (咬) you and, well, you know how the rest (68)

How are mosquito bites treated (治疗)? Mosquito bites usually don't (69)\_\_\_\_\_ treatment.

英语试题 第10页(共12页)

Mosquito bite creams (膏) can relieve the discomfort caused by mosquito bites. However, you had better see a doctor if you experience great discomfort and have (70)\_\_\_\_\_ visited a place where mosquito- spr ead infections(感染) are common.

#### 第二节 阅读表达(共6小题; 71-73 小题每题2分; 74-76小题每题3分, 满分15分)

阅读下面的短文,并根据短文后的要求答题(请注意问题后的词数要求)。

[1] " On the very first day of 2024, I saw the snows of Kilimanjar o(乞力马扎罗山), " said Xu Zhuoyuan, a 17- year- old mountaineer from Hunan.



[2] Xu climbed the tallest peak (山峰) in Africa on January 1st. She even stood on the (74)①\_\_\_\_\_ of Mount Qomolangma last May, makin g her the youngest Chinese girl to climb to the world's highest peak from t he southern slope.

[3] Xu's mountaineering journey began on a family trip to Xizang and Sichuan four years ago. Passi ng by Mount Siguniang in Sichuan, she felt drawn to its beauty and decided to try climbing it. She fell in love with mountaineering right then and there.

[4] For the next few years, Xu did hard training. She went to the mountain s in Yunnan and Sichuan every month, climbing peaks over 5, 000 meters and doing daily physical exercises like running, swimmin g and rope skipping. (75) <u>All the hard work got her ready for the big challenges she would face on Kilima njaro.</u>

[5] Above 4,000 meters on Mount Kilimanjaro, the climate (气候) is similar to a desert, with big temperature differences. Xu spent seven days on the whole climb. During those days, she faced unpredictab le weather such as rain and strong winds. Staying warm and avoiding heat loss were the main challenges. She had to keep an eye on the temperature and change her clothes (74)②\_\_\_\_\_ the temperature changed.

[6] This climb was also a learning experience for Xu. She was climbing with Xia Boyu, the first Chinese cl imber to reach the top of Mount Qomolangma with a prosthetic(假肢的) leg. " Every timeI fel t like (74)③\_\_\_\_\_ up, just seeing Xia was enough to inspire me. He was almost 74 years old, but was still pushing on despite(尽管) having bloodied legs from his prosthesis, " Xu said.

[7] Looking ahead, Xu has set great goals for herself. She plans to climb the highest peak on each of the seven continents (洲, 大陆) by the time she's 18.

英语试题 第11页(共12页)

71. When did Xu's mountaineering journey begin? ( No more than 5 words)

72. How long did Xu spend climbing Kilimanjaro? ( No more than 8 words)

73. What does Xu plan to do by the time she's 18? ( No more than 15 words )

74. Fill in each blank in the passage with a proper word.

1\_\_\_\_\_ 2\_\_\_\_ 3\_\_\_\_

75. Translate the underlined sentence in the fourth paragraph into Chinese.

76. (1) What do you think of Xu Zhuoyuan?

(2) What can we learn from her mountaineering experiences? List at least two points.

#### 第三节 写作(共1题, 满分25分)

中国传统节日是中华民族丰富多彩文化的重要组成部分。假如你是李平,你校英语社团正在开展以" Traditional Chinese Festivals"为主题的征文活动。请你根据以下内容提示,写一篇英语短文投稿,介绍端午 节的习俗和意义,并描述今年的端午节你是如何度过的。

内容提示:

1. What do you know about the Dragon Boat Festival?

2. What do you think of this festival?

3. How did you spend the Dragon Boat Festival?

参考词汇:

the 5th day of the fifth lunar(农历) month; in honor of 纪念; wormwood 艾草; sachet 香囊 要求: 语句通顺,意思连贯,可适当发挥; 词数 80—100(开头已给出,不计入总词数); 文中不得出 现真实的姓名、校名、地名等与考生本人相关的信息。

I'm Li Ping from Class 1, Grade 9. There are many traditional festivals in our country.

#### 请将作文写在答题卡

英语试题 第12页(共12页)

## 泰安市 2024 年初中学业水平考试

## 英语试题(A)参考答案及解析

1. B

【原文】 Would you like some noodles with chicken?

2. A

【原文】 What does your mother do?

3. C

【原文】I think it's important to get enough sleep.

4. A

【原文】 Your brother looks unhappy. What's wrong with him?

5. B

【原文】 Tommy, remember to close the door when you leave the classroom.

6. C

【原文】M: Lucy, what were you doing at 8 o' clock last night?

W: I was helping my sister learn English.

7. C

【原文】W: Dave, when do you have P. E. classes?

M:I have P. E. classes on Monday, Tuesday and Thursday.

8. A

【原文】M: Where are you going on summer vacation?

W: I'm going to Kunming with my parents.

M:I went there last year. The weather was really comfortable. I'm sure you' ll have a good time.

9. A

【原文】W: Can I help you, Sir?

M: Yes, please. I want to borrow two books on science.

10. C

【原文】W:I'm interested in English. What about you, Peter?

M: Me, too. I try my best to learn English well, but I still have difficulty memorizing the words.

11. B 12. C 13. A

【原文】W: Hello, Paul. Are you still in Paris now?

M: Yes, I arrived here the day before yesterday.

W: What's the weather like there?

M: Great! It's sunny and warm. I also like the people here because they' re friendly. But the food is too expensive.

W: I see. Have you visited the Eiffel Tower?

M: Yes. I took the underground train there and saw many fantastic sights. But I didn't take any photo

s.

W: Why?

M: I left my camera in the hotel. And even worse, my phone didn't work.

W: What a pity!

14. B 15. A 16. B

【原文】W: Mike, do you know there is a new shopping mall on Center Street?

M: Oh, really?

W: Yes. It will open on Sunday, the day after tomorrow. And there will be a big sale.

M: What do you want to buy?

W: I want to buy a skirt for Alice and a T- shirt for Bob. Would you like to go there with us?

M: I'm afraid not. I have to visit my friend Jack. He hurt his leg by accident yesterday, and he's at home now.

W: Oh, I'm sorry to hear that.

17. C 18. A 19. B 20. B

【原文】 Good morning, boys and girls! Our company is now planning a short training program. I wan t to take a little of your time to talk about it. It's called" Learning from Practice" and the purpose is to develop your ability to be independent. There will be classes on communication and management. We also have colorful outdoor activities, such as planting trees, growing vegetables and camping. You don't need any experience. Our company will receive a full report on your performance. You' Il be sure to im prove your life skills and develop good habits. The 10- day program will be in August. If you are interest ed, please write your name and telephone number on this information card after the meeting. Thank you! 21. safe 22. legs 23. before 24. slowly 25. resting

答案第2页,共10页

【原文】 Ladies and gentlemen! Running is still the simplest way to exercise in our daily life. The following suggestions may help you make your running pleasant and safe. Firstly, it is important to buy a pair of comfortable running shoes. They can protect your back, your feet and your legs from getting hurt. Secondly,

walk before you run. For the first four weeks, you should have a10- minute warm- up walk before running. Make sure you run and walk at least three times a week. Please don't run if you' re not feeling well. Thirdly, run for time. You should plan to slowly increase the running time rather than the kilometers. Finally, be pati ent! Don't be in a hurry to take part in road races, no matter how much your friends expect you. Wait until

you can run 30 minutes without resting. Are you ready to run now?

26. A 27. B 28. A 29. C 30. C 31. B 32. A 33. C 34. B35. C

【导语】本文主要介绍了一位名叫 Cristiano 的巴西邮递员被称为"动物友好邮递员",他很热爱动物,并梦想开设自己的动物收容所。

26. 句意: 许多人不相信, 因为狗经常对邮递员吠叫。

often 经常; hardly 几乎不; never 从不。根据" bark(犬吠) at postmen"以及常识可知狗经常朝着邮递员吠叫。故选 A。

27. 句意:他被称为"动物友好邮递员"。

for 为了; as 作为; of .....的。根据" the ' Animal- friendly Postman'"可知是被称为"动物友好邮递员", be known as "被称为"。故选 B。

28. 句意:多年来,他一直在和工作中遇到的狗交朋友。

meets 遇见; need 需要; uses 使用。根据" with the dogs that he... during his work"可知, 是和工作中遇到的狗交朋友。故选 A。

29. 句意: 赢得狗的信任并不容易, 但它有办法做到这一点。

value 重视; praise 表扬; trust 信任。根据" First, he greets the dog... the dog is comfortable enough to lic k(舔) his face."可知,他这样做的目的是为了赢得狗的信任。故选 C。

30. 句意:通过这种方式,狗可以更好地了解他,熟悉他。

By the way 顺便说一下; On the way 在路上; In this way 这样。根据"First, he greets the dog.

Then, he lets the dog sniff(嗅) his hand from a proper distance... the dog can get to know himbetter"可知首 先,他向狗打招呼,然后,他让狗在适当的距离闻他的手。通过这种方式,狗可以更好地了解他。故 选 C。

31. 句意: 渐渐地, 他靠近狗, 直到狗舒服到可以舔他的脸。

better 更好; closer 更近; farther 更远。根据" until the dog is comfortable enough to lick(舔) his face."可知是靠近狗, 狗可以舔他的脸。故选 B。

32. 句意:这位热爱动物的邮递员家里有几只狗和猫,这并不奇怪。

a few 几个,修饰可数名词; a little 一点,修饰不可数名词; kind of 有点。此处修饰可数名词复数 dogs 用 a few。故选 A。

33. 句意: 这或许可以解释为什么狗会欢迎他。

when 什么时候; what 什么; why 为什么。"他从小就和狗在一起"是"狗会欢迎他"的原因, 用 why 引导宾语从句。故选 C。

34. 句意: 他向邻近的猫、兔子和其他各种动物问好。

greets 打招呼; says 说; talks 说话。 say hello to "向……问好"。故选 B。

35. 句意:事实上,开设自己的动物收容所是他的梦想。

job 工作; habit 习惯; dream 梦想。根据" to open his own animal shelter."可知开设自己的动物收容所是他的梦想。故选 C。

36. C 37. D 38. B 39. A

【导语】本文主要介绍了来自美国加利福尼亚州的少女 Elle Gianelli 通过袜子项目给老人带来了快乐和温暖。

36. 细节理解题。根据" Elle Gianelli, a teenager from California, USA, has a special connection with her gr andmother. That has inspired her to put smiles on the faces of other old people."可知她与她的祖母有着特殊的联系,这激发了她让其他老人脸上绽放笑容。故选 C。

37. 细节理解题。根据" Elle wants to provide a pair of colorful socks for each of the old people in the nursin g home. She hopes to let them know they' re not alone and someone is thinking about them."可知 Elle 想为 养老院的每个老人提供一双五颜六色的袜子,她希望让他们知道他们并不孤单,有人在想他们。故选 D。

38.细节理解题。根据" Elle also invites her family, friends and volleyball teammates to join her in deliverin g socks." 可知 Elle 还邀请她的家人、朋友和排球队友和她一起送袜子。故选 B。

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39. 最佳标题题。本文主要介绍了来自美国加利福尼亚州的少女 Elle Gianelli 通过袜子项目给老 人带来了快乐和温暖,以选项 A"一个女孩给老人带来温暖"为标题最合适。故选 A。

40. B 41. C 42. C

#### 【导语】本文主要介绍了参与地球日的三种方式。

40. 推理判断题。根据" Make an Earth Day poster"以及" Have a think about how you might visualize(使……可见) this on a poster."可知如果她擅长画画,可以制作地球日海报。故选 B。 41.细节理解题。根据" Why not go plastic- free for a day? You can do this by not buying, or using any single- use plastic on Earth Day"可知,可以通过在地球日不购买或使用任何一次性塑料。故选 C。 42. 细节理解题。根据" The theme of this year's Earth Day is Planet vs. Plastics"可知今年地球日的主题 是"地球与塑料"。C 选项"今年地球日的主题是'人人共享地球'"表述错误。故选 C。

43. D 44. B 45. A 46. B

【导语】本文介绍了苏州古典园林的历史、设计理念及其在中国园林设计中的重要地位。文章还 提到了一些著名的苏州园林及其作为旅游景点的现状。

43. 细节理解题。根据" The first classical garden was created during the Spring and Autumn Period in the 6th century BC."可知, 第一个苏州古典园林建于春秋时期。故选 D。

44. 段落大意题。根据" Suzhou Gardens in many ways explain the ideas behind classic Chinese garden design(设计)."可知, 第三段主要讲述了苏州园林设计背后的理念, 故选 B。

45. 词义猜测题。根据" Suzhou Gardens"和" the development and maturity(成熟) of Chinese garden desig n of more than two thousand years."可知,苏州园林代表了两千多年来中国园林设计的发展和成熟,所以 represent 意为"代表"。故选 A。

46. 细节理解题。根据" Each element(要素) of a classical Chinese garden— each hill, pond, plant and rock— is filled with meaning."可知,中国古典园林的每一个元素都有它的意义。故选 B。
47. D 48. A 49. C 50. D

【导语】本文主要讲述了光污染对夜空的影响,特别是如何减少光污染以便更好地看到星空。

47. 细节理解题。根据" The night sky has played an important role in human life for thousands of years. A ncient peoples named the constellations(星座). Around the same time, Polynesian sailors

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used the sun and stars to sail on the sea in the correct direction. Later, the Maya civilization(文明) used the position of the stars to predict the changing of the seasons."可知,古人命名了星座、利用太阳和星星的指引 在海上航行、预测季节变化,但没有提到让人造光进入夜空。故选 D。

48. 细节理解题。根据"But today, few people are able to see sky full of stars. So what happened?... Light pollution is the reason. When man- made light enters into the night sky, it hides the stars. This excess(过多的) light comes from streetlights, office buildings, stores, flashing billboards, etc."可知, 光污染是主要原因, 而光污染是由人类活动产生的过多光线造成的。故选A。

49. 主旨大意题。根据" Light pollution can be greatly reduced(减少) with a few simple actions. The first is to stop wasting light... Besides, people can choose light bulbs(灯泡) with the smallest effective amount of brightness."可知,最后一段主要讲了减少光污染的两种方法:减少浪费光线和选择合适的灯泡。故选 C。

50. 细节理解题。根据" Choosing light bulbs with longer- wavelength light in yellow or orange can help prevent harmful light pollution."可知,文章建议选择长波长的黄光或橙光来减少光污染,D选项与文章内容不符。故选 D。

51. B 52. D 53. A 54. C 55. E

【导语】本文主要介绍了造纸术的发展。

51. 根据"Thousands of years ago in the Mediterranean(地中海), it was common for people to w rite messages on broken pieces from jars"可知数千年前,在地中海,人们在罐子的碎片上写信息是 很常见的,故此处介绍的是造纸术发明之前的事情,选项 B"在它被发明之前,人们在各种各样的东 西上写过东西"符合语境。故选 B。

52. 根据"Thousands of years ago in the Mediterranean(地中海), it was common for people to write messages on broken pieces from jars"可知此处介绍以前人们在什么物品上写字,选项 D"兽皮和木头也是常见的书写材料"符合语境。故选 D。

53. 根据" The paper was suitable for writing and was also very cheap, so it became very popular."可知这种纸适合写字,而且很便宜,所以很受欢迎,所以蔡伦发明造纸术是很重要的,选项A"因此,蔡伦在造纸技术中发挥了重要作用"符合语境。故选 A。

54. 根据"For example, the Xuan paper is used for Chinese calligraphy and painting."可知宣纸用于中国书 法和绘画,所以材料不同,用处就不同,选项C"由于材料不同,生产了多种不同

答案第6页,共10页

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