主语从句

主语从句,即在复合句中充当主语成分的句 子,例如"That he finished writing the composition in such a short time surprised us all",他在很短的时间内写完作文让我们都 很惊讶,此复合句主要描述的是某事让我 们惊讶,某事就是该复合句的主语,因此 "That he finished writing the composition in such a short time"便是该复合句的主语从句。

引导主语从句的连接词主要有:

- 从属连词: that whether
- 连接代词: who whoever whom whose what whatever which whichever
- 连接副词: when where how why

1. that引导

- That he is still alive is a wonder.
- That we shall be late is certain.
- That he should have ignored the working class was natural. 他忽视工人阶级是很自然的。
- That she is still alive is a consolation.

•*引导词that有时可以省略,有时则 不能,若that引导的主语从句直接 位于句首,则that不能省略,若that 引导的主语从句位于句末,而在句 首使用了形式主语it,则that可以省 略:

That you didn't go to the party was a pity. It was a pity (that) you didn't go to the party. 很遗憾你没去派对。

她成为画家可能是受她父亲的影响。

That she became an artist may have been due to her father's influence.

你将来伦敦是好久以来我听到的最好消息。

That you are coming to London is the best news I have heard this long time.

她被挑选上,在她村 子里引起很大轰动。

That she was chosen made a tremendous stir in her village.

他还活着是一种安慰。

That he is still alive is a consolation.

地球绕着太阳转,这是众所周知的。

It is know to us all that the earth turns around the sun.

2. whether引导

- Whether it will do us harm remains to be seen. 是否对我们有害还要看一看。
- Whether they would support us was a problem. 他们是否会支持我们还是一个问题。

这对我们是好是坏还要拭目以待。

Whether it will do us harm or good remains to be seen.

他是否去那里还没有被决定。

Whether he will go there has not been decided.

他有没有去那里还没有被告知。

Whether he has gone there has not been told yet.

3.连接代词what引导

What I want to know is this.

我想知道的就是这一点。

- What's done is done. 事已成定局。
- What he says is not important.
- What I am telling you is mere impressions.

- What make the river more beautiful are the lotus plants growing in the water.
- What you need is a good-sized canvas bag.
- What I am afraid of is their taking him to Portugal.
- What struck me was that they have all suffered a lot.
- What caused the accident remains unknown.

4.连接代词who,whoever,whom,whose

- Who will be our monitor hasn't been decided yet.
- Whoever is at the top wins the game when two matched players meet. 两强相争勇者胜。
- Whom we must study for is a question of great importance.
- Whom the watch belongs to is unknown.

谁的手碰着地面谁就输。 Whose hand touches the ground is the loser.

我们需要的是钱。

What we need is money

无论你做什么都是对的。

Whatever you did is right.

Which, whichever引导

我们应该坐哪辆车是最重要的事情。

Which car we should take is the most important thing.

(你们)谁先到谁得奖。

Whichever (of you) comes in first will receive a prize.

练习:

你要哪个哪个就是你的。

Whichever you want is yours.

对有些人来说似乎简单的事情对另外一些人来说可能是困难的。

What seems easy to some people may be difficult to other people.

连接副词引导 when,how,where,why

什么时候到没有关系。

When we arrive doesn't matter.

会议什么时候开还没有定。

When the meeting will be held has not been decided.

这件事怎样发生的, 谁也不清楚。

How this happened is not clear to anyone.

我们要去哪里还没有定下来。

Where we will go haven't been decided yet.

我在哪里过暑假不关你的事。

Where I spend my summer is none of your business.

练习:

这是怎样做的是一个谜。

How it was done was a mystery.

这件事怎样发生的,谁也不清楚。

How this happened is not clear to anyone 人还是一个问题。

How many people we are to invite is still a question.

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