

一、简单

1.简单 包括, 一般现在 , 一般过去 以及一般将来 。实现的是动作发生在三个 (过去, 现在, 将来) 不同的时间里。

一般现在

Sandy PLAYS well with her friends.

一般过去

Sandy PLAYED well with her friends yesterday.

一般将来

Sandy WILL PLAY well with her friends tomorrow.

进行

进行 体现的是谓语动词的动作现在正在发生，或正在进行。
构成形式是：**be**的相应形式+**doing**。包括：现在进行 ，过去进行 以及将来进行 。

现在进行

Sandy **IS PLAYING** soccer.

过去进行

Sandy **WAS PLAYING** soccer yesterday.

将来进行

Sandy **WILL BEPLAYING** soccer tomorrow.

2. 一致原则

She WALKED to school in the morning and RAN home in the afternoon.

She WALKS to school in the morning and RUNS home in the afternoon.

She WILL WALK to school in the morning and RUN home in the afternoon.

在有的句子中，不同的谓语动词要求用不同的
。如下：

He **IS** thinner now because he **SPENT** the last six months on a strict diet.

She **WAS PLAYING** with her friends when the babysitter **ARRIVED**

She **PLAYED** with her friends when the babysitter **ARRIVED**.

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