【人教版】八年级上学期英语《期末检测试卷》及答案解析

人教版八年级上学期英语期末测试卷							
学校	班级	_ 姓名	成绩				
I 听力技能							

第一节听下面 5 段对话。每段对话后有一个小题,从题中所给的A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项回答问题.听每段对话前,你将有时间阅读各个小题,每小题 5 秒钟;听完后,各小题将给出 5 秒钟的作答时间。

- 1. Which of the following does Tina like best?
- A . Game shows. B.Talk shows. C.Talent shows.
- 2. Where are the two speakers?

A.In a restaurant.

B.In a bank.

C.In a classroom.

3.Who is Mark?

A.Lucy's brother.

B.Mona's brother.

C.Mona's classmate.

4. Who is the tallest?

A.Tara.

B.Tina.

C.Molly.

5.When will John be free? A.Now. B.Tonight. C.Tomorrow. 第二节听下面 6 段对话或独白.每段对话或独白后有 2-3 个小题,从题中所给的 A、B、C 三

个选项中选出最佳选项回答问题.听每段对话或独白前,你将有时间阅读各个小题,每小题 5 秒钟;听完后,各小题将给出 5 秒钟的作答时间。

听第六段对话,回答第6、7小题。

6. What did Linda make yesterday afternoon?

A.Noodles.

B.Sandwiches.

C.Dumplings.

7. How often does Linda cook for her family?

A.Once a week.

B.Twice a week.

C.Three times a week.

听第七段对话,回答第8、9小题。

8. What does Eric want to be?

A.A teacher.

B.A doctor.

C.An artist.

9. Where does the girl's father work?

A.In a hospital.

B.In a high school.

C.In a college.

听第八段对话,回答第10、11小题。

10. When is the party going to start?

A.At 8:30 in the evening.

B.At 5:30 in the afternoon.

C.At 5:00 in the afternoon.

11. Who will the girl take to the party?

A.Her brother.

B.Her sister.

C.Her friend

听第九段对话,回答第12至14小题。

12.hat's the boy's' favorite drink?

A.Yogurt.

B.Apple milk shakes.

C.Orange juice.

13. What do the boy and the girl need to make the juice?

A.A pear.

B.An orange

C.A watermelon.

14. Where are the boy and the girl probably going?

A.To the supermarket.

B.To the clothes store.

C.To the bank.

听第十段对话,回答第15至17小题。

15. What was Susan doing when Robert called her last night?

A.She was seeing a film..

B.She was singing.

C.She was reading.

16.Why can't' Susan climb the Yuelu Mountain tomorrow morning?

A.Because she'll call up Robert.

Because she'll see a film in the cinema.

C.Because she'll have to stay at home and study.

17. How will the speakers get there?

A.By bike.

B.By bus.

C.By taxi.

听下面一段独白,回答第18至20小题。

18. How old is Cindy?

A.12 years old.

B.13 years old.

C.14 years old.

19. Why can't Lisa go to the party?

A.She has to look after her sister.

	B.She has to finish her homework first.				
	C.She has to visit her uncle				
	20.What time is Linda going to the party?				
	A.At 6:30 p.m.				
	B.At 7:00 p.m.				
	C.At 7:30 p.m.				
	Ⅱ.知识运用				
	第一节语法填空从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选择最佳答案				
填空	- .				
	1 is important for us sports every day.				
	A. It; do				
	B. That; to do				
	C. It; to do				
	2.Can you finish the work well with money and				
peo	ple?				
	A. less; less				
	B. less; fewer				
	C. more; fewer				
	3.The girl looks forward to thinner than before.				
	A. getting				
	B. get				
	C. gets				
	4.I advise her out on her own at night.				
	A. don't go				
	B. not to go				
	C. not going				
	5.There a basketball match this afternoon.				
	A. will have				
	B. has				
	C. will be				

	6.Some old houses in my hometown last summer.				
	A. fall down				
	B. fell down				
	C. write down				
	7.—cups of yogurt do we need?				
	—Two.				
	A. How				
	B. How much				
	C. How many				
	8.I go to bed I finished my homework at 12				
yes	sterday evening.				
	A. /; till				
	B. didn't; after				
	C. didn't; until				
	9.Li Hua studies English very and her English				
is_	in her class.				
	A. carefully; the best				
	B. carefully; well				
	C. careful; good				
	10.I don't know if she next month. If she, let				
me	know.				
	A. comes; comes				
	B. will come; comes				
	C. will come; will come				
	第二节词语填空通读下面的短文,掌握其大意,然后从题中所给的 A、				
B、	C三个选项中选出最佳答案。				
	An old man lived with his little grandson. Every day the old				
ma	n got up early to read books. His grandson wanted to be just				
like	him and tried to copy him every11 he could.				
	One day the grandson asked, "Grandpa, I want to read books				

as you do, but I don't understand them. And I always forget ___12___ I close the book. What are the advantages of ___13___?"

The grandfather was just putting some ___14___ in the stove at that time. He didn't answer the question, but said to the boy, "Take this little coal basket to the river and bring back a basket of water for me."

The boy did as his grandpa said, but all the water leaked out before he got back home. The boy was

____15___.But the grandfather laughed and said, "You'll have to walk faster next time." The next time, the boy ran faster, but the basket was still empty before he returned home. The boy said, "See, Grandpa. It's___16___ to finish this task."

"Is it no use?" The old man said, "__17__ the basket." The boy looked at the basket and found that the basket was __18__. Instead of a dirty coal basket, it was __19__ inside and out.

"My child, that's what happens when you read books. Maybe you can't understand or remember everything. But _____20____ will change in your mind after you read. Just like the basket."

- 11. A. way B. book C. table
- 12. A. until B. when C. since
- 13. A. reading books B. getting up early C. sitting at the desk
- 14. A. water B. book C. coal
- 15. A. sad B. happy C. excited
- 16. A. difficult B. different C. impossible
- 17. A. Look for B. Look at C. Look after
- 18. A. new B. different C. wonderful
- 19. A. broken B. old C. clean
- 20.A. something B. nothing C. anything Ⅲ阅读技能第一节图表 理解阅读下面的图表,从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中,选出最佳选

坝	回答问题		
	或完成句子。		
	Α		
	 21 When is La	ba Festival? A. On February 8th every year.	R
In		onth. C. 20 days later.	D.
111	22.	ontin. C. 20 days later.	
	•	manda da en Labo Fostivalo A Fot Lab	I
		people do on Laba Festival? A. Eat La	ba
po	rridge B. Eat Lab	5	
	C Pray for goo	od luck in the next year.	
	c. I lay for goo	ra rack in the next year.	
	B	a rack in the next year.	
Г		- a rack in the freeze year.	
		Tack in the next year.	
		Tack III the field year.	
		A facility the field year.	
		A rack in the mext year.	
		A lack in the next year.	
		A Total III the Heat year.	
	B		
	B 23. Rose is elev	ven years old. She should take a da	ay.
A.	B		ay.
A.	B 23. Rose is elev	ven years old. She should take a da	ay.
A.	B 23. Rose is elevel 1 teaspoonful	ven years old. She should take a da	ay.

24. Rose should ______ before she takes some.

A. shake the medicine well

B. eat nothing

C. not shake the medicine

25. People aged _____ CAN'T take this medicine.

A. 2

B. 25

C. 13

第二节短文理解阅读下面的短文,从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中,选出最佳选项回答问题或完成句子。

Α

There was once a club that only smart people could join. Many people wanted to join it since they would be able to spend more time with other smart people.

One night, the club's members were having a dinner party in a restaurant. They were talking quite a bit as they enjoyed their food. One of them thought that his salad tasted a bit boring, so he asked for salt shaker (盐罐子) and added some salt. However, it actually turned out to be sugar. The group found that the salt on the table was in the sugar shaker, while the sugar was in the salt shaker.

The club members called for the waiter at once and told him about the problem. There were no other bottles. How could the waiter solve this problem? The group suggested many ways to make it right.

After a long discussion, the waiter simply looked at the shakers and said "It's easy. He then took the labels (标签) of both shakers off and switched (互换) them with each other. The room quickly became silent.

Sometimes we make problems more difficult to solve than

they should be. It's good to take a step back and see if there's a simpler way first.

- 26. Who can join the club?
- A. Rich people.
- B. Smart people.
- C. Waiters.
- 27. Many people hoped to join the club because _____?
- A. they could spend more time learning
- B. they could get free meals
- C. they would be around smart people
- 28. What problem did the group meet?
- A. Their salads tasted a bit boring.
- B. Both the sugar and the salt were in the wrong shakers.
- C. There was no salt shaker on the table
- 29. How might the group describe the waiter after he switched the labels?
 - A. He was clever.
 - B. He was silent.
 - C. He was friendly.
 - 30. What does the story teach us about the problems we face?
 - A. Try to ask for suggestions first.
 - B. Try to think out of the box.
 - C. Try to leave them for smart people.

В

On Nov.20, a police dog training center in Beijing welcomes six new members. They are all cloned (克隆) dogs, China Daily reported.

The dogs were born in August. They were cloned from two police dogs who have helped police solve murder cases (谋杀案).

Early this year, scientists took some cells from the dog's skin and created cloned embryos (胚胎). Then they put the embryos into three mother dogs. One mother gave birth to four dogs, while the other two gave birth to one each. The cloned dog's DNA is a 99% match with their "fathers".

It is hoped that the cloned dogs will be as talented as their "fathers" because they are cloned. The cloned dogs are just four months old, but have already shown that they're brave and aggressive (有攻击力的), as well as have great memories, according to Ma Jinlei, a police officer at the center. It will take less time and money to train them.

Kunxun, China's first cloned dog, joined the police in Kunming in March. The world's first cloned dog was born in South Korea in 2005.

However, animal cloning has long been a hot topic. The world's first cloned animal, Dolly the sheep, died at the age of 6 in 2003, about six years earlier than most sheep. Some people have questioned whether cloning technology is safe.

In addition, some people worry that cloning technology may be used on humans someday and therefore may raise some problems. Can we call cloned human a real human?

31. People train the six dogs to ______.
A. help blind people
B. help police solve cases
C. develop clone technology
32. Paragraph 4 mainly talks about ______.
A. how cloned dogs help police solve cases
B. the training cloned dogs need
C. the advantages of cloning dogs
33. The example of Dolly the sheep shows that ______.

- A. cloning technology is widely used on animals
- B. animal cloning is not new
- C. it is hard to say whether cloning is safe or not
- 34. Where was the world's first cloned dog born?
- A. In South Korea.
- B. In China.
- C. In the US.
- 35. What can we learn from the story?
- A. Cloned animals can help people in some ways.
- B. Cloning technology is safe.
- C. Cloning technology will be used on humans.

第三节语篇补全阅读下面的短文,从短文后的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项补全短文,选项中有一项为多余选项。

You must know Singles' Day (Nov.11) in China. Many people, probably even your parents stay up late that night. They go shopping online to get big discounts (折扣).Well, the US has something like it called Black Friday.

___36___ It fell on November 29 this year. It is one of the biggest shopping days in the US. Stores offer deep discounts, but they have a limited number of items. People want to start shopping for Christmas gifts, so they go shopping on this day to save money.

___37___. So when there was a lot of black ink on the page, it meant the shop sold a lot.

Shopping on Black Friday takes place at actual (实体的) stores.__38__ Starting around 4 a.m. Thousands of people crowd outside of stores and malls.__39__ When the doors open, they rush to the shelves. Sometimes they fight over things because there were only a few left. Televisions and computers are some of people's favorite things to buy.

- A. In some ways, Singles' Day is like Black Friday.
- B. Black Friday is the Friday after Thanksgiving.
- C. It is different from Singles' Day.
- D. It's called Black Friday because shops used to record (记录) sales with black ink.
 - E. They stand in line for hours.

第四节阅读表达阅读下面的短文,然后根据短文内容回答问题。

In the past, working people in Britain only had holidays on religious days Sundays, Christmas and Easter. Now most people have about four weeks of holiday time every year, plus public holidays.

When?

Most British workers take a two-week holiday in July or August. School children are on holiday from the end of July to the start of September. Taking a second holiday break in winter or spring is also becoming more popular in the UK.

Where?

The most popular holiday destinations (目的地) for British people include Spain, France, Greece, and the US. Lots of people buy package holiday that includes flights and hotel. Cheap overseas (海外的) flights mean that many British people are able to spend two weeks a year vacationing abroad. Flights and package holidays are much cheaper during school terms. And the British government is worried that some young people are skipping school (逃课) to go on holiday. Parents who take their child on vacation during term time must now pay a fine.

British people also like to go on holiday in the UK. They might go to England, Northern Ireland, Scotland or Wales. In Cornwall, for example, there is an environmental project called the Eden project. You can see plants from all over the world there. Independent (独立的) holidays.

Some teenagers want to spend their holidays doing something without their family. Language exchange (交換) is one way to become more independent and improve one's language skills. A British teenager might spend a week or two in a foreign country staying with a family who has a son or daughter of the same age and practicing the local language. Later the foreign teenager might visit the UK to practice their English with a British family.

40. When did British	people have	holidays in the	past?
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41. Do school children start going to school from July?

42. Where are the most popular holiday destinations for British people?

43. Why do some young people skip school to go on holiday?

44. What is a language exchange?

IV.写作技能

阅读下面的短文,将划线部分译成英文或中文。

- 1.很多学生想要有自己的手机. They look cool and kids can do lot of things with them.
- 2.But I don't think mobile phones are good for most students because they'll just use them to play games. They

also watch short videos on apps (应用软件) like Douyin.3.如果他们有手机,他们会花大量的时间玩手机.

However, mobile phones are really useful in many ways. We can get information and watch news.4.We can use apps to do

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