


高考冲刺



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高考倒计时 89 天





高考解题技巧语法填空

某某某某学校

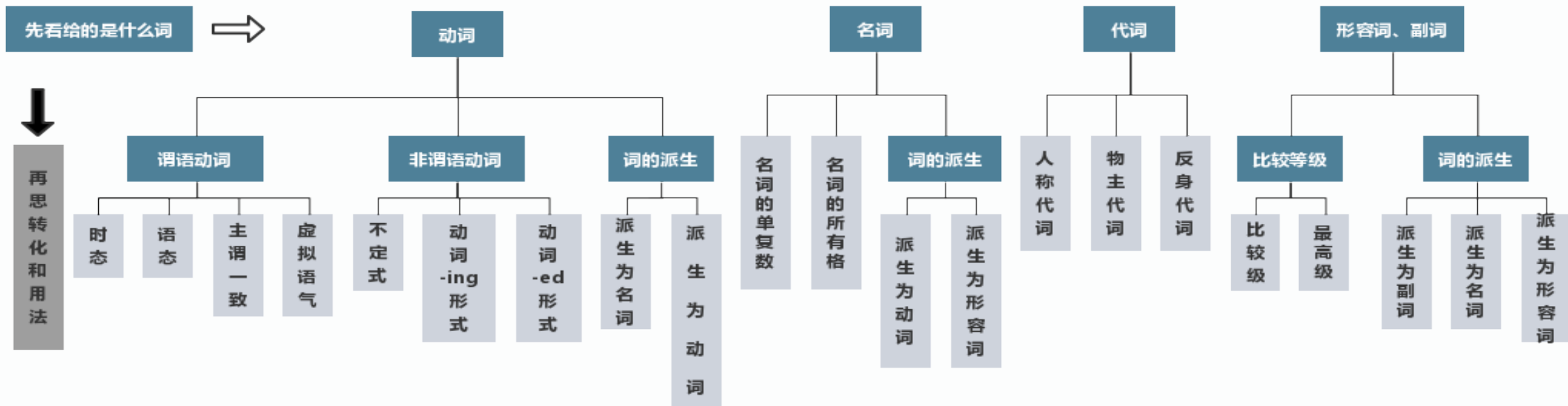


Teaching aims:

- ◆ To instruct students to learn grammar filling skills.
- ◆ To summarize the method of grammar filling skills.
 - ◆ a. Tips for making questions with given words.
 - ◆ b. Tips for making questions without given words.
- ◆ Develop the ability of doing grammar filling.
- ◆ Encourage students to calm themselves down and study.

考情命题分析：

有提示词——“一看二思”解题法





题型特点及考察内容

近四年的高考试题呈现两种模式



一.命题规律：

- 1.有提示词类（实词）考：7小题
- 2.无提示词类（虚词）考：3小题

二、考察内容

- 1.语法知识
- 2.词汇知识
- 3.语言综合运用能力



解题技巧：

技巧原则：

根据设题特点，解题技巧可分为两部分即：

- 1.有提示词的空解题方法和策略
- 2.无提示词的空解题方法和策略



1. 给出动词原形 (3-4)

重点

Key: 分析句子结构，找谓语动词。

(1) 填谓语动词 (该句子缺谓语动词注意该动词的 **时, 态, 数**)

1. (2021年全国甲卷) It **was built** (build) originally to protect the city in the Tang dynasty .

 (2) 填非谓语动词(句中已有动词)：

A. 动词不定式 (to do : 表尚未发生的动作, 常做目的状语、结果状语(与only连用)、后置定语或主语。)

1. (2021年全国甲卷) It is possible **to walk** (walk) or bike the entire 14 kilo meters.

2. (2021年浙江卷) Her sister often came here **to plant** (plant) flowers in the front yard.

B. 动词ing 形式(表示主动, 或者正在进行的动作)

1. (2021年浙江卷) This may be due to some disadvantages for people living (live) in countryside.

2. (2020年新课标卷) When he saw mists rising from the river and the soft clouds surrounding (surround) the mountain tops. He was reduced to tears.

二.动词的过去分词 (表示被动完成 做: 状语、宾补、后置定语)

■ (2022年全国甲卷) Inspired by the built for international cooperation held (hold) in Beijing, he decided to cover the route.

■ (2020年新课标卷) They make great gifts and you see them many times decorated (decorate) with red envelopes.

2. 给出名词：填该名词的复数形式或者派生动词，形容词.

1. (2021年新高考卷) The rolling sea of clouds you see once you are at the top will remind you how tiny we humans (human) are.

(2) 填对应的形容词

注意：该空前后所给的词（名词）

1. (2021年新高考Ⅱ卷) I was so **excited**
(excitement) when he wrote back to me.

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