一、长难句翻译

- 1.Still, looking back on the photos, they are some of my best shots though they could have been so much better if I would have been prepared and managed my time wisely.
- 1. How does the author find his photos taken at Devil's Lake?
- · A. Amusing.
- B. Satisfying.
- C. Encouraging.
- D. Comforting.

・1、首先来完成断句的任务。只要你能准确地完成断句,句子的重点信息一目了然,就是 主句部分。

- 1.Still, looking back on the photos, they are some of my best shots //though they could have been so much better// if I would have been prepared and managed my time wisely.
- · 句子里的标志非常明显,在几个逻辑连词的位置断开即可。句子的重点信息一目了然,就是主句部分"they are some of my best shots 它们是我最好的一些照片"。

- Still, looking back on the photos, 非谓语补充
- they are some of my best shots 主句
- though they could have been so much better "虽然"转折逻辑
- if I would have been prepared and managed my time wisely. "如果"条件逻辑

・前面的非谓语补充属于次要信息,后面的"虽然"直接指明重要信息在另外的主句里,"如果"只是个条件的假设,都可以直接忽略。抓住重点信息以后,正确答案也就直接可以 选出了。

- 1.Still, looking back on the photos, they are some of my best shots though they could have been so much better if I would have been prepared and managed my time wisely.
- 1. How does the author find his photos taken at Devil's Lake?
- A. Amusing.
- B. Satisfying.
- C. Encouraging.
- D. Comforting.
- A"amusing 令人发笑的、好玩的"、B"satisfying 令人满意的"C"encouraging 令人鼓舞的、振奋人心的"、D"令人安慰的"

·要做对这道题,你需要具备的就是两种能力:1、捕捉句子重要信息;2、正确理解选项核心词汇。有些同学在这道题上纠结,认为后面出现"能更好",就代表着作者对现在的照片不满意,从而误选了C选项。出现这种理解误差的根本原因,是对句中的逻辑关系不敏感甚至完全不关注,缺乏区分重点信息与次要信息的基本语句理解思路。

· 高考涉及重点考查的逻辑关系非常简单,出现频繁的只有转折逻辑"虽然……但是"、因果逻辑"因为……所以"、条件逻辑"如果……那么"和若干并列对比递进逻辑而已。 所有的逻辑关系背后都是中文的理解能力,说得更直白一些,就是你的语文水平。 · 人都知道,涉及转折逻辑,重点不在"虽然"一侧,而是在"但是"一侧,所以这句话的正确理解并非"我的照片不够好我还要让它更好",而是"虽然我的照片还不完美但是我已经很满意了"。能够意识到"虽然"后面的内容不对句意产生任何实际影响,这就是你的语文水平体现。

· 另外语法知识也能成为阅读理解的助力:"could have done sth 本来能够做某事"是"情态动词 + have done"的虚拟用法,最后的if从句中的"would have done"是对过去虚拟,在高考中只要求能大概看懂,不涉及直接考查。

• 2.Even though Britain has a reputation for less-than-impressive cuisine, it is producing more top class chefs who appear frequently on our television screens and whose recipe books frequently top the best seller lists.

- What's the author's attitude to the Britain's cuisine?
- A negative
- B supportive
- C indifferent
- D neutral(中立的)

• 2、理清句子内部的逻辑,基本上不会遇到理解困难。

· 按照逻辑连词和从句关系词,句子可以划分为四部分:

- · Even though Britain has a reputation for less-than-impressive cuisine, 连词 逻辑关系
- · it is producing more top class chefs 主句
- ・who appear frequently on our television screens 从句补充1
- and whose recipe books frequently top the best seller lists. 并列从句补充2

- ・主句部分
- it is producing more top class chefs
- ・英国正在产出更多顶级厨师

· 这句话是全句最重要的信息。需要注意的是,这里的"it is …"既不是形式主语也不是强调句型,而是指代前面半句里出现的Britain。注意不要武断地认为只要是"It is …"开头的句子就一定是形式主语或强调句型,就走向了另一个极端,这样是不可取的。

・补充部分

- Even though Britain has a reputation for less-than-impressive cuisine,
- ・即使英国有个饮食不太令人满意的名声

• even though和even if两个短语都是"即使……、即便……"的含义,体现的都是转折逻辑,重点在另外半句的信息里。所以在阅读理解中,如果看到这个短语出现,基本上它所在的半句话都是可以直接忽略的。以这句话为例,作者的重点就不是"英国饮食名声不好"的负态度,而是"英国有许多顶级厨师"的正态度。

- who appear frequently on our television screens and whose recipe books frequently top the best seller lists
- 他们经常出现在电视屏幕上,而且他们的食谱经常在畅销榜上名列前茅

在长难句里,定语从句的作用——展开细节、延续动作、交代因果,这里各位看到的两个并列的定语从句,就是在发挥第一个作用——展开细节。"顶级厨师"是什么样的厨师呢?who引导的定语从句告诉你,"他们经常出现在电视屏幕上",whose引导的定语从句告诉你,"他们的食谱很畅销"。补充了这两个细节以后,"顶级厨师"就不再是一个空泛的概念了,而是有了明确的行为或评判标准。从一个概括的词到一系列具体的细节,这就是定语从句体现的"概括——具体"的总分逻辑。

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