

保山市文山州 2022—2023 学年春季学期期末联合质量监测

高二(英语)试卷

注意事项:

- 1.答题前,考生务必用黑色碳素笔将自己的学校、班级、姓名、考场号、座位号、准考证号在答题卡上填写清楚。
- 2.每小题选出答案后,用 2B 铅笔把答题卡上对应题目的答案标号涂黑。如需改动,用橡皮擦干净后,再选涂其他答案标号。在试题卷上作答无效。
- 3.考试结束后,请将答题卡交回。满分 150 分,考试用时 120 分钟。

第一部分听力(共两节,满分 30 分)

第一节(共 5 小题;每小题 1.5 分,满分 7.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话。每段对话后有一个小题,从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。听完每段对话后,你都有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

1. What color was the man's little sweater?

A. Purple. B. White. C. Blue.

2. Where does the conversation probably take place?

A. At a hotel. B. At an airport. C. At a travel agency.

3. What is the best thing about chess according to the man?

A. It makes people plan in advance.

B. It makes people relaxed.

C. It makes people think.

4. What time will the woman get up tomorrow?

A. At 7:40 a.m. B. At 8:00 a.m. C. At 8:20 a.m.

5. What is the man's suggestion?

A. Doing more exercise.

B. Taking a physical exam.

C. Using a fitness application.

第二节(共 15 小题;每小题 1.5 分,满分 22.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题,从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。听每段对话或独白前,你将有时间阅读各个小题,每小题 5 秒钟;听完后,各小题将给出 5 秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

听下面一段对话，回答第 6 和第 7 两个小题。

6. What is Betty shopping for?

A. Pictures. B. Wallpaper. C. Candles.

7. Why is James going with Betty?

A. To return a product.

B. To buy some things for his kitchen.

C. To look for something for his bedroom.

听下面一段对话，回答第 8 至第 10 三个小题。

8. What are the speakers mainly talking about?

A. A newspaper article. B. An interview. C. A sports event.

9. Who does the man suggest inviting?

A. Some athletes. B. Some town leaders. C. Some actors.

10. Where will the woman go next?

A. To her home. B. To the playground. C. To the teachers' office.

听下面一段对话，回答第 11 至第 13 三个小题。

11. Why doesn't the man like poetry?

A. The classes he has are not enjoyable.

B. He doesn't know the meaning of it.

C. Its pronunciation is difficult.

12. What is important for learning poetry according to the woman?

A. Understanding. B. Enjoying it. C. Writing it.

13. Who has interest in writing poetry?

A. The woman's teacher. B. The woman. C. The woman's grandfather.

听下面一段对话，回答第 14 至第 17 四个小题。

14. How did the man feel at first?

A. Discouraged. B. Anxious. C. Calm.

15. How is the woman related to the man?

A. His mom. B. His friend. C. His manager.

16. What do we know about the factory?

A. It is close to a farm.

B. It owns a big supermarket.

C. It grows vegetables and flowers.

17. What will the man work with tomorrow?

A. Tomatoes. B. Potatoes. C. Carrots.

听下面一段独白，回答第 18 至第 20 三个小题。

18. What does the speaker do?

A. He is a coach. B. He is a player. C. He is a reporter.

19. What is Max like?

A. He is young. B. He is experienced. C. He is confident.

20. What is the listener going to do next?

A. Watch a sports game. B. Play in a tennis match. C. Attend the prize-giving.

第二部分阅读(共两节，满分 50 分)

第一节(共 15 小题;每小题 2.5 分，满分 37.5 分)阅读下列短文，从每题所给的 A、B、C 和 D 四个选项中，选出最佳选项。

A

Best Books of All Time

If you want to fill your shelves with the best books of all time, you're in the right place.

Where the Sidewalk Ends by Shel Silverstein(1974)

The imagination of Shel Silverstein is on full display in this classic collection of short stories and poems. *Where the Sidewalk Ends* is truly one of the best poetry books of all time because of its staying power for children. The stories of this American poet, author, singer, and folk artist have something for everyone.

Anna Karenina by Leo Tolstoy(1878)

Most critics regard it as one of the most iconic literary love stories. Leo Tolstoy's Russian tale of unfortunate lovers is filled with fascinating quotes like, "He stepped down, trying not to look long at her, as if she were the sun, yet he saw her, like the sun, even without looking." Described by Fyodor Dostoevsky as "flawless", this one belongs on any book collector's shelf.

The Little Prince by Antoine de Saint-Exupery(1943)

The Little Prince is a timeless tale of a prince's journey from planet to planet in search of adventure. What he finds, however, are interactions with adults who leave him frustrated. In the Sahara Desert, he runs into the book's narrator, and the two start an eight-day journey filled with lessons. It's one of the most compelling short books we've ever read. It's also one of the most widely read children's classics all over the world. Whether you prefer reading in

Saint-Exupery(1943)中的 “It’s also one of the most widely read children’s classics all over the world.(它也是世界上最广泛阅读的儿童经典之一。)” 可知,《人行道的尽头》和《小王子》都是儿童读物。故选 D。

【3 题详解】

推理判断题。根据第一段 “If you want to fill your shelves with the best books of all time, you’re in the right place.(如果你想在书架上摆满有史以来最好的书,那么你来对地方了。)” 及全文可知,文章主要着重介绍的是四本世界名著,属于文学范畴,所以应该出现在报纸中的文化板块。故选 C。

B

Recently,“college students going to Zibo for barbecue” and “taking a high-speed train to taste Zibo barbecue”have become hot topics on Chinese social platforms. Zibo barbecue offers a **distinctive** dining experience. On each table is a small stove. Customers can process skewers(肉串) themselves and then wrap them in a thin pancake, usually with a spring onion inside. The experience of making “Zibo barbecue” offers a sense of participation and leisure time for diners.

Data from Meituan and Dazhong Dianping show that booking volume for accommodation in Zibo during the five-day May Day holiday is 800 percent higher than that in 2019.Local media in Zibo said the number of passengers arriving and departing through Zibo railway station has reached 50,000 a day, setting a record in the past three years, with most of them being tourists who come to taste Zibo barbecue.

The local government has grasped the chance brought by the sudden trend, to attract more tourists. As early as March 10, it has set up prizes for barbecue shops that are popular among tourists, established a barbecue association,and announced the opening of a barbecue festival during the May Day holiday. In order to encourage people to visit the city,Zibo also set up a specially customized “barbecue map”, and added 21 new barbecue bus lines, so that tourists can“get on the bus to rest, get off to eat”.

“Barbecue and tourism have limited influence on stimulating the economy, But this is an opportunity for more people to get to know Zibo’s enthusiasm and business environment, which will attract more investment and create more jobs. This is what really matters,” Wang Dazhuang, a local Zibo citizen said.

At present, the biggest problem is that the passenger flow is too big for this city so that many owners of barbecue restaurants are trying to expand their barbecue scale, according to an owner of a barbecue restaurant.

4. What does the underlined word “distinctive” mean?

- A. Graceful. B. Precious. C. Innocent. D. Unique.

5. What do the data in Paragraph 2 imply?

- A. Zibo is often crowded during the May Day holiday.
B. Zibo has a tourism boom because of Zibo barbecue.

C. Not many people went to Zibo until recently.

D. Barbecue has become the symbol of Zibo.

6. What does Paragraph 3 intend to show?

A. How Zibo has tried to develop the city tourism.

B. Why Zibo becomes so popular on the Internet so quickly.

C. Where visitors can taste the most delicious barbecue in Zibo.

D. When is the best time to taste Zibo barbecue.

7. What is Wang Dazhuang's attitude to the popularity of Zibo barbecue?

A. Indifferent.

B. Positive.

C. Negative.

D. Objective.

【答案】4. D 5. B 6. A 7. B

【解析】

【导语】本文是一篇说明文。文章主要介绍了淄博烧烤的流行吸引了大量的游客，促进了当地的经济的发展，促使政府将淄博推广为旅游目的地。

【4题详解】

词句猜测题。根据后面对淄博烧烤的描述以及“The experience of making “Zibo barbecue” offers a sense of participation and leisure time for diners.(“淄博烧烤”的制作体验为食客提供了一种参与感和休闲时间。)”可知，不同于其他地方的“撸串”，在淄博烧烤中，每桌都会标配一个小火炉，顾客需要自己再加工烤串。这种体验为食客提供了参与感，因此淄博烧烤为顾客提供了很独特的用餐体验。所以 distinctive 为“独特的”之意。故选 D。

【5题详解】

推理判断题。根据第二段“Data from Meituan and Dazhong Dianping show that booking volume for accommodation in Zibo during the five-day May Day holiday is 800 percent higher than that in 2019. Local media in Zibo said the number of passengers arriving and departing through Zibo railway station has reached 50,000 a day, setting a record in the past three years, with most of them being tourists who come to taste Zibo barbecue.(美团和大众点评的数据显示，在为期五天的五一假期期间，淄博的住宿预订量比 2019 年增长了 800%。淄博当地媒体称，每天通过淄博火车站进出站的旅客人数达到 5 万人，创下了过去三年的纪录，其中大多数是来品尝淄博烧烤的游客。)”可知，作者意在用这些数据表明淄博烧烤带火了淄博这座城市的旅游业。故选 B。

【6题详解】

主旨大意题。根据第三段“The local government has grasped the chance brought by the sudden trend, to attract more tourists.(当地政府抓住了这一突如其来的趋势所带来的机会，以吸引更多的游客。)”以及后文的成立烧烤协会、发布烧烤地图、举办烧烤节庆活动、新增 21

条定制烧烤公交专线等可知，该段主要描述了淄博是如何抓住这次机遇发展该市旅游业的。故选 A。

【7 题详解】

推理判断题。根据第四段 ““Barbecue and tourism have limited influence on stimulating the economy, But this is an opportunity for more people to get to know Zibo’s enthusiasm and business environment, which will attract more investment and create more jobs. This is what really matters,” Wang Dazhuang, a local Zibo citizen said. (“烧烤和旅游对刺激经济的影响有限，但这是一个让更多人了解淄博的热情和商业环境的机会，这将吸引更多的投资，创造更多的就业机会。”这才是真正重要的，”淄博当地居民王大壮说。)”可推断，他对淄博烧烤的爆火持积极态度。故选 B。

C

Kindness is regarded as a true strength, and the success of civilizations relies on kindness. We teach children from a young age to “be kind to one another” and “treat others the way you want to be treated”. Being kind is even shown to be good for well-being. According to Mayo Clinic, when we perform acts of kindness, the pleasure center in our brain is activated, releasing the stress-reducing hormone. Individuals who volunteer on a regular basis report greater life satisfaction. That said, consider the following question: Could kindness ever be considered harmful to us when it has such clear benefits? Let’s think about this assuming we are in the workplace.

You are a new person on the team, and you want to be well-liked and respected by your co-workers. You’re a kind person and tell your team, “Let me know how I can help you; I am always available to help.” Though you may truly mean it, there are people in the world who can consider your kindness is weakness unfortunately. This can lead to you being taken advantage of by others.

Let’s fast-forward to a year later, you have been in your position now for one year and you are working with the same team. You notice that your co-workers continue asking for your succor over and over again. In fact, the only time they interact with you is when they need something. You have been always at your co-workers’ service and there has rarely been any return from them. Imagine the level of your discouragement you are feeling.

In a very broad sense, it is advantageous to be kind to others, and your kind acts will be appreciated and, perhaps, pay off. However, you need to be willing to say “no”. When people ask you for a favor, asses if you have the time,energy and attention to get to them. To truly be kind, sometimes you need to be more comfortable saying “no” to others and saying “yes” to yourself.

8. Why is Mayo Clinic mentioned?

- A. To show the positive effects of kindness.
- B. To explain the reasons for being kind.
- C. To stress the importance of kindness.

- D. To assess the current kindness education.
9. In the workplace, what's the fact that discourages you?
- A. Your colleagues never interact with you.
- B. You work with the same team in the same position for a year.
- C. You hardly receive any return for your service from your colleagues.
- D. You always fail to serve your colleagues and receive no returns from them.
10. What does the author suggest doing in the last paragraph?
- A. Finding the best way to refuse others.
- B. Acknowledging your efforts and sacrifices.
- C. Being grateful for others' kind gestures.
- D. Being a little more self-focused.
11. What's the text mainly discussing?
- A. Is the power of kindness undervalued?
- B. Why are random acts of kindness important?
- C. Are we hurting ourselves with kindness?
- D. How can showing kindness promote well-being?

【答案】8. A 9. C 10. D 11. C

【解析】

【导语】本文是一篇说明文。文章主要介绍了真正的善良并不是一味地满足他人的要求，要学会拒绝。

【8题详解】

推理判断题。根据第一段“Being kind is even shown to be good for well-being. (善良甚至被证明有益于幸福。)”可知，善良甚至被证明对健康有益，紧接着作者陈述了 Mayo Clinic 的观点，即当我们做善事时，大脑的愉快中枢被激活，释放出减压激素，定期做志愿者的人对生活的满意度更高，由此可知作者提及 Mayo Clinic 是为了说明善良的积极影响。故选 A。

【9题详解】

细节理解题。根据第三段“You have been always at your co-workers' service and there has rarely been any return from them.(你总是在为你的同事服务，却很少得到他们的回报。)”可知，在职场中，你的同事从不与你互动会让你气馁。故选 C。

【10题详解】

推理判断题。根据最后一段“When people ask you for a favor, asses if you have the time,energy and attention to get to them. To truly be kind, sometimes you need to be more comfortable saying “no” to others and saying “yes”

to yourself.(当别人找你帮忙时,你要知道自己是否有时间、精力和注意力去帮他们。要真正做到善良,有时候你需要对别人说“不”而对自己说“是”。)”可推断,作者给出的建议是要注重自我一些。故选 D。

【11 题详解】

主旨大意题。根据文章首段发出的提问,“Could kindness ever be considered harmful to us when it has such clear benefits?(当善良有如此明显的好处时,它会被认为对我们有害吗?)”作者以职场为例子,对这一问题进行阐释和论述,最终给出自己的建议。所以这一问题就是贯穿全文的线索。由此可知,本文主要讨论的是:善良是否对我们有害。故选 C。

D

Thanks to the pandemic, more people are or have been working from home. Multiple studies and surveys have shown that many would like to carry on doing so, even as the threat from COVID-19 fades. However, new research carried out in the USA suggests that in-person teams tend to perform better in creativity at certain tasks than those working through videoconferencing software.

The initial study involved 602 participants, including university students and staff. With half the pairs sitting face-to-face in one room, and half using videoconferencing software, subjects were asked to come up with novel uses for a product. The researchers found that the in-person teams generated a greater number and wider range of ideas than the virtual teams. But when it came to their ability to pick the ‘best’ idea rated by comparing the creativity scores of the ideas they chose with the scores of those picked by the judges, there was little difference between the two groups.

To make sure the study wasn’t specific to any given population group, the tests were then conducted again, with 1,490 engineers working for a large company from five other countries. For this second set of tests, participants were asked to come up with new product ideas for their real-life employer. Using a variety of methods, the researchers found that people in the in-person group looked around the room and talked with each other more, whereas those using videoconferencing software took it in turns to speak and kept their eyes on the screen. These things negatively connected to idea generation.

“This new research was an important first step. But this is a single study and the effects are somewhat small, amounting to a difference in one or two ideas between the groups. How much impact this has would depend on the company itself.” said Dr. Jay Olson, who studies ways to measure creativity.

12. What did the new research made in America show?

- A. Relaxing environment leads to great ideas.
- B. Videoconferencing makes creativity likely happen.

C. Home-working surroundings bring about creativity.

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