

英语试卷

(本卷 150 分 考试时间 120 分钟)

第一部分 听力 (共两节, 满分 30 分)

第一节 (共 5 小题; 每小题 1.5 分, 满分 7.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话。每段对话后有一个小题, 从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。听完每段对话后, 你都有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

1. What will the man study at university?

A. Law. B. Art. C. History.

2. What does the woman suggest the man do?

A. Get a larger size. B. Try a different color. C. Change his dressing style.

3. Where did Wendy lose her bags?

A. In London. B. In Sydney. C. In Bangkok.

4. What does the woman offer to do for the man?

A. Help with his homework. B. Attend a business dinner. C. Finish the housework.

5. What is the man trying to find?

A. His new apartment. B. The local library. C. A coffee shop.

第二节 (共 15 小题; 每小题 1.5 分, 满分 22.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题, 从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。听每段对话或独白前, 你将有时间阅读各个小题, 每小题 5 秒钟; 听完后, 各小题将给出 5 秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

听第 6 段材料, 回答第 6、7 题。

6. What is John's opinion of working in the office?

A. It is more fun. B. It is quite noisy. C. It is too busy.

7. What does Alice probably like to do at lunchtime?

A. Talk with others. B. Rest in the office. C. Take a walk.

听第 7 段材料, 回答第 8、9 题。

8. What do baby pandas do in Wolong Giant Panda Nature Reserve?

A. They like rolling and climbing around.

B. They spend much time sleeping.

C. They are learning to eat bamboo.

9. What is the birth program about?

A. Providing pandas a natural environment.

B. Training pandas survival skills

C. Finding mates for pandas.

10. What is the main topic of the conversation?

A. Animal protection. B. Pandas' living habits. C. Different wild animals.

听第 8 段材料,回答第 10 至 13 题。

11. How did the woman know Dave?

A. They joined the same club.

B. They studied at the same school.

C. They worked at the same theater.

12. What are the speakers proud of Dave for?

A. Being brave to go after his dreams.

B. Trying out for the school musical.

C. Playing the biggest part in the play.

13. When will the speakers probably go to see the play?

A. On Wednesday. B. On Friday. C. On Saturday.

听第 9 段材料,回答第 14 至 17 题。

14. What is the probable relationship between the speakers?

A. Repairman and car owner. B. Salesperson and customer. C. Co-workers.

15. Who can enjoy the largest discount?

A. Local regular customers. B. High school graduates. C. New customers from other towns.

16. When will the deal end?

A. In one day. B. In two weeks. C. In one month.

17. Where will the second store be located?

A. Opposite to the airport.

B. Close to Jerry's Repair Shop.

C. Near the shopping mall in town.

听第 10 段材料,回答第 18 至 20 题。

18. Who is the speaker probably?

A. A government official. B. A head teacher. C. A security guard.

19. What will the officials check first?

A. The electrical system. B. The football field. C. The classrooms.

20. Why will the school close on Friday afternoon?

A. To prepare a welcoming party for new students.

B. To provide a safety training for teaching staff.

C. To discuss possible changes after the check.

第二部分 阅读（共两节，满分 50 分）

第一节（共 15 小题；每小题 2.5 分，满分 37.5 分）

阅读下列短文，从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出最佳选项。

A

For high school students, just thinking about your career probably isn't enough. You have to actively do some research and plan. Here are some of the best careers for the future and how you can get your foot in the door.

Registered Nurses

To become registered nurses, you're going to need either an associate degree in nursing, a Bachelor of Science in nursing, or another officially approved diploma(文凭) from a nursing program. If you want to be a practicing physician, you'll need a medical degree in your chosen field on top of your four-year degree.

Data Analysts

Big data is a growing field with profitable opportunities for college graduates. You are required to have a master's degree in computer science or another related field. Data science is a traditionally male-dominated industry and only 26 percent are held by women. Thankfully, it is holding out an olive branch to females and there are some terrific programs specially designed for them to break into this dynamic field.

Plumbers (管道工) and Electricians

Not all of the best careers for the future will require a four-year undergraduate degree. There's a serious demand for skilled positions jobs like plumbers and technicians. Many of these positions require a high school degree and often an associate degree in a related field, but don't necessarily require graduation from a four-year university.

Cybersecurity (网络安全) Experts

The average salaries for cybersecurity experts can start at \$80, 000 for IT Security Consultants and can reach six figures for other positions such as a security director. The best way to start your path in cybersecurity is with a bachelor's degree in computer science, information technology, engineering, or other related fields.

”可知，下文内容是讲给高中生的，目的是让高中生提前进行职业规划。所以推测这篇文本选自学校网站内容。故选 B。

B

On October 27, 2021, my friend and I boarded the first flight of our journey from Vancouver Island, to Peru, South America.

Twenty-four hours and four airports later we landed in Cusco, Peru, a city of one million people. Coming from Vancouver Island with only 100 feet above sea level, we knew that we were now at a much higher altitude (海拔) - over 11,000 feet- and needed time to get used to the scarcer oxygen (缺氧) levels! We followed the advice of other travelers and the locals: drink lots of coca leaf tea and rest for a couple of hours before any activity.

We were soon hiking through the ruins and surrounding ancient castles of Cusco. Leaving Cusco the next day, we stopped at the Moray Ruins, which were used for farming by the Incas. Their size and unique design should be considered a lesson in historical engineering skills. This Inca site is one of the least known tourist destinations, but it's one of the most interesting places to visit.

Arriving in the beautiful Sacred Valley, we stayed at Willka T'ika for the next week. This place is wonderful. We enjoyed delicious vegetarian meals, all made with local produce by loving Quechua people.

You can't go to Peru without visiting historic Machu Picchu. The "road" up to the ruins is made up of an endless series of switchbacks (急转弯), resulting in cold sweats. It was worth the ride, though.

It was too soon before we were leaving Peru. We learned the unique history of Inca, Quechua culture, and the farming methods still widely practiced. The best thing we took away returning home to Vancouver Island was how simple and caring the people are and how deeply they love the earth and everyone they meet.

4. Why did the author drink lots of coca leaf tea?

- A. To have a good rest.
- B. To follow the local culture.
- C. To feel better at a greater height.
- D. To avoid getting thirsty on the way.

5. What does the author think of the Moray Ruins?

- A. They're no longer used for farming.
- B. They're known to most travel lovers.
- C. They're not as interesting as expected.
- D. They're an example of creative engineering.

6. Which can best describe the author's trip to Machu Picchu?

A. Dangerous and tiring.

B. Risky but worthwhile.

C. Enjoyable and interesting.

D. Comfortable and wonderful.

7. How does the author's trip to Peru influence him?

A. It encourages him to be more caring.

B. It helps him understand his own culture.

C. It teaches him to accept all the differences.

D. It allows him to experience modern farming.

【答案】 4. C 5. D 6. B 7. A

【解析】

【导语】 本文为一篇夹叙夹议文。文章介绍了作者和朋友的南美洲秘鲁之旅中的见闻感悟。

【4 题详解】

细节理解题。根据第二段“Coming from Vancouver Island with only 100 feet above sea level, we knew that we were now at a much higher altitude (海拔) — over 11,000 feet — and needed time to get used to the scarcer oxygen (缺氧) levels! We followed the advice of other travelers and the locals: drink lots of coca leaf tea and rest for a couple of hours before any activity. (来自海拔仅 100 英尺的温哥华岛，我们知道我们现在处于更高的海拔——超过 11,000 英尺——并且需要时间来适应更稀缺的氧气水平！我们遵循了其他旅行者和当地人的建议：喝大量的古柯叶茶，并在任何活动前休息几个小时)”可知，喝大量的古柯叶茶可以缓解高原反应。故选 C。

【5 题详解】

推理判断题。根据第三段第二句“Leaving Cusco the next day, we stopped at the Moray Ruins, which were used for farming by the Incas. Their size and unique design should be considered a lesson in historical engineering skills. (第二天离开库斯科，我们在印加人用于耕种的海鳗遗址停留。它们的大小和独特的设计应该被视为历史工程技能的一课)”可知，海鳗遗址原来用于耕种，其设计很有意义，可称之为历史工程技能的一课，与 D 项“They're an example of creative engineering. (它们是创造性工程的一个例子)”意思相符，故选 D。

【6 题详解】

推理判断题。根据第五段“You can't go to Peru without visiting historic Machu Picchu. The 'road' up to the ruins is made up of an endless series of switchbacks (急转弯), resulting in cold sweats. It was worth the ride, though. (去秘鲁一定要参观历史名胜 Machu Picchu。通往废墟的‘路’是由无尽的急转弯组成的，会导致出一身冷汗。不过，这趟旅程是值得的)”可知，作者眼中的 Machu Picchu 之行会让你吓出一身冷汗，但是也很值得。故选 B。

【7 题详解】

推理判断题。根据最后一段第三句 “The best thing we took away returning home to Vancouver Island was how simple and caring the people are and how deeply they love the earth and everyone they meet. (回到温哥华岛，我们带走的最好的东西是人们是多么简单和关怀，以及他们多么热爱地球和他们遇到的每个人)” 可知，这次秘鲁的旅行使作者感受到了那里的人们的简单和关怀，并鼓励他也变得更有爱心。故选 A。

C

Nobody likes an old poop (傻子). Developing a sense of humor is part of becoming a mature, emotionally healthy individual. Laughter is good for the soul, which builds friendships and relieves stress. It serves as the glue for social situations and as an ice-breaker for sadness and boredom. If you've ever been told to “lighten up” or “chill out”, you should save the blue attitude for serious situations and develop your sense of humor.

Forgive the accidental. A sudden fall is humorous not because we like to see people fall, but because it surprises. From a spilled water glass in a meeting to Aunt Rae's teeth coming off in the Thanksgiving turkey, the embarrassment of accidents can be relieved by humor and a helping hand. After making sure that nobody's hurt, forgive accidents with a chuckle (咯咯地笑) rather than a scolding.

Look for the unexpected. The kid who used to look at you with his eyes closed during a test had the idea. Parents who serve green eggs and ham to their children on graduation day get the idea. Unexpected action lighten an atmosphere and relax people.

Learn to laugh with your kids. Most of what children say and do is funny. Help them learn that accidents are sometimes funny and sometimes occasions for joining in and helping another human being. By sharing laughs and attempting to explain humor, you develop your sense of humor, as well as help kids develop their own sense of humor.

8. If you've ever been told to “lighten up” or “chill out”, it means _____.

- A. you are cheerful
B. you are funny
C. you are humorous
D. you lack humor

9. According to Paragraph 2, when your friend falls, you can _____.

- A. chuckle
B. scold him
C. laugh at him
D. feel embarrassed

10. In the author's opinion, if your mother serves green eggs and ham to you on your graduation day, she is _____.

- A. boring
B. serious
C. humorous
D. considerate

11. What is the best title for the passage?

- A. The Function of Humor

B. Proper Attitudes towards Humor

C. How to Develop a Sense of Humor

D. Ways to Become a Healthy Individual

【答案】 8. D 9. A 10. C 11. C

【解析】

【导语】这是一篇说明文。文章对如何培养自身的幽默感进行了介绍。

【8 题详解】

细节理解题。根据第一段最后一句 “If you’ve ever been told to “lighten up” or “chill out”, you should save the blue attitude for serious situations and develop your sense of humor.” (如果有人告诉你要 “放松” 或 “冷静”，你应该把蓝色的态度留给严肃的场合，培养你的幽默感。)可知，如果有人告诉你 “放松” 或 “冷静”，这意味着你缺乏幽默感。故选 D。

【9 题详解】

细节理解题。根据第二段最后一句 “After making sure that nobody’s hurt, forgive accidents with a chuckle rather than a scolding.” (在确保没有人受伤之后，用笑声而不是责骂来原谅意外。)可知，当你的朋友摔倒时，你可以咯咯地笑。故选 A。

【10 题详解】

细节理解题。根据第三段最后两句 “Parents who serve green eggs and ham to their children on graduation day get the idea. Unexpected action lighten an atmosphere and relax people.” (那些在孩子毕业那天给他们吃绿鸡蛋和火腿的父母们理解这个想法。意想不到的行动减轻了气氛，使人们放松。)可知，在作者看来，如果你的妈妈在你毕业那天给你吃绿鸡蛋和火腿，她是幽默的。故选 C。

【11 题详解】

主旨大意题。根据第一段最后一句 “If you’ve ever been told to “lighten up” or “chill out”, you should save the blue attitude for serious situations and develop your sense of humor.” (如果有人告诉你要 “放松” 或 “冷静”，你应该把蓝色的态度留给严肃的场合，培养你的幽默感。)，第二段第一句 “Forgive the accidental.” (原谅意外。)，第三段第一句 “Look for the unexpected.” (寻找意想不到的事情。)和第四段第一句 “Learn to laugh with your kids.” (学会和你的孩子一起笑。)可知，文章主要是讲如何培养幽默感。故选 C。

D

While often seen as a negative (消极的) emotion, anger can also be a powerful motivator (促进因素) for people to achieve challenging goals in their lives, according to research published by the American Psychological Association.

“People often believe that a state of happiness is perfect,” said lead author Heather Lench, PhD, a professor in

the department of psychological and brain sciences at Texas A & M University, “but previous research suggests that a mix of emotions, including negative emotions like anger, results in good outcomes.”

The functionalist theory of emotion suggests that all emotions, good or bad, are reactions to events within a person’s environment and help that person to make proper actions, according to Lench. For example, sadness may suggest that a person needs to seek help or emotional support, while anger may indicate a person needs to take action to overcome an obstacle (障碍).

To better understand the role of anger in achieving goals, researchers conducted a series of experiments involving more than 1,000 participants and analyzed survey data from more than 1,400 respondents. In each experiment, participants either had an emotional response (such as anger, amusement, desire or sadness) or a neutral (中性的) emotional state, and then were presented with a challenging goal. Across all the experiments, anger improved people’s ability to reach their goals compared with a neutral condition in a variety of challenging situations.

“Our research adds to the growing evidence that a mix of positive and negative emotions promotes well-being, and that using negative emotions as tools can be particularly effective in some situations,” Lench said.

12. What is commonly believed concerning people’s emotions?

- A. It is believed that a state of joy is great.
- B. A feeling of sadness leads to poor effect.
- C. Anger is actually a positive emotion.
- D. Pride acts as an obstacle to success.

13. Why did researchers do a series of experiments?

- A. They hoped to overturn the previous findings.
- B. They hoped to prove that a state of happiness is ideal.
- C. They hoped to find the relationship between positive and negative emotions.
- D. They hoped to have a better understanding of the role of anger in attaining goals.

14. What’s Paragraph 4 mainly about?

- A. The problem of the research.
- B. The background of the research.
- C. The process of the research.
- D. The significance of the research.

15. What’s Lench’s attitude to their research?

- A. Skeptical.
- B. Favorable.
- C. Uncaring.
- D. Critical.

【答案】 12. A 13. D 14. C 15. B

【解析】

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