

## 2023 年浙江省温州市部分区县中考英语二模试卷

一、单选题（本大题共 10 小题，共 10.0 分）

1. This is \_\_\_\_\_ ID card. I found \_\_\_\_\_ ID card on the desk. ( )  
A. an; the                      B. an; an                      C. a; a                      D. a; the
2. Everybody, please keep \_\_\_\_\_ . It's not allowed to make any noise in the reading room. ( )  
A. fit                      B. warm                      C. dry                      D. quiet
3. -How is the \_\_\_\_\_ in Guangzhou  
-Awful. There are always long lines of cars on roads. ( )  
A. culture                      B. food                      C. weather                      D. traffic
4. The professor explained the problem \_\_\_\_\_ than his assistant. ( )  
A. as clearly as                      B. as clear as                      C. more clearly                      D. more clear
5. --- Must I wear sports shoes at school?  
--- No, you \_\_\_\_\_ . But you must wear them in P.E. class. ( )  
A. mustn't                      B. needn't                      C. can't                      D. don't
6. I went to school by bus yesterday \_\_\_\_\_ my bike was broken. ( )  
A. although                      B. because                      C. when                      D. unless
7. I see them walk by my house every day. (选择同义项) ( )  
A. run to                      B. pass by                      C. come up                      D. clean up
8. -Will Tony go skiing with us this Saturday?  
-Sorry, I don't know if he \_\_\_\_\_ . But I know he \_\_\_\_\_ interest in sports ( )  
A. will go; is                      B. goes; is  
C. goes; has no                      D. will go; has no
9. —Do you know \_\_\_\_\_ for London tomorrow?  
—At 6 o'clock in the morning. ( )  
A. when he left                      B. when is he leaving  
C. when he is leaving
10. —Your picture is very nice!  
—\_\_\_\_\_ ( )  
A. Yes, it is.                      B. Thank you.                      C. No problem.                      D. You are right.

二、完形填空（本大题共 15 小题，共 22.5 分）

Mrs.Evans was home from work.She had just gone into the kitchen to make the afternoon tea (1) \_\_\_\_\_ she saw a mouse running around on the kitchen floor.She (2) \_\_\_\_\_ and jumped up on the table.As soon as the mouse had gone, she jumped off from the (3) \_\_\_\_\_ , rushed out of the kitchen, (4) \_\_\_\_\_ her coat, ran out of the house and got on a bus which was going into the town. There she hurried into a shop and (5) \_\_\_\_\_ a large mouse-trap (捕鼠夹) .She wanted to put (6) \_\_\_\_\_ to this mouse as quickly as possible.

When she got home (7) \_\_\_\_\_ the trap, she realized that she had forgotten (8) \_\_\_\_\_ any cheese to put in it.She searched everywhere (9) \_\_\_\_\_ there was not any in the house.It was too late to buy any because now all the shops were (10) \_\_\_\_\_.She wondered what to do (11) \_\_\_\_\_ , she had a clever idea.She took a pair of scissors and cut a picture of a piece of cheese out of a magazine. Then she put the picture in the trap (12) \_\_\_\_\_ a piece of cheese.

The next (13) \_\_\_\_\_ , Mrs.Evans came down to the (14) \_\_\_\_\_ and went straight away to the place where she had put the trap.She wanted to see if her plan had (15) \_\_\_\_\_.The picture of the cheese had gone and in its place was a picture of a mouse.

- |     |                   |               |                     |               |
|-----|-------------------|---------------|---------------------|---------------|
| 11. | A. where          | B. what       | C. while            | D. when       |
| 12. | A. laughed        | B. cried      | C. surprised        | D. pleased    |
| 13. | A. table          | B. floor      | C. house            | D. kitchen    |
| 14. | A. put on         | B. took off   | C. tried on         | D. dressed in |
| 15. | A. asked          | B. bought     | C. sold             | D. left       |
| 16. | A. a cheese       | B. an end     | C. a mouse          | D. a picture  |
| 17. | A. for            | B. out        | C. with             | D. along      |
| 18. | A. to sell        | B. to eat     | C. to borrow        | D. to buy     |
| 19. | A. and            | B. so         | C. but              | D. or         |
| 20. | A. open           | B. closed     | C. busy             | D. empty      |
| 21. | A. at the end     | B. by the end | C. to the end       | D. in the end |
| 22. | A. as a result of |               | B. in the middle of |               |
|     | C. instead of     |               | D. because of       |               |
| 23. | A. afternoon      | B. hour       | C. evening          | D. morning    |

24. A. cooking room                      B. bathroom                      C. reading room D. sitting room  
25. A. worked                      B. took                      C. changed                      D. made

三、阅读理解（本大题共 11 小题，共 22.0 分）

A

Do you know Wei Dongyi, a celebrity (名人) on the Internet? While he's talking in an interview video, he holds a bottle of water and carries a food bag with 3 or 4 steamed buns (馒头) in it. He's kind of shy and not so good at talking. Some people made fun of his common look and clothes. But when \_\_\_\_\_, all of them were shocked.

When he was in senior high school in Shandong Province, he won the champions of the 49th and 50th IMO (国际数学奥林匹克竞赛) with both full marks. Because of his talent in maths, Harvard University invited him to join but he refused. In 2010, he entered Peking University to continue his maths study without taking exams. Then he got his master's degree and doctorate (博士学位) there. He is now a teacher of Peking University.

Wei Dongyi does not pay attention to food or clothing. He's very casual about what he eats and wears. Usually he even wears his high school uniform. He eats very fast and seldom chats with others while eating. He thinks it's wrong to kill animals, so he doesn't eat meat. He spends his time and energy on his favourite maths research, and even forgets to eat and sleep.

26. Why did some people make fun of Wei Dongyi first? \_\_\_\_\_

- A. Because he is an Internet celebrity.  
B. Because he is so funny in the video.  
C. Because his look is common and his clothes are simple.  
D. Because he is a maths god of Peking University.

27. When did Wei Dongyi enter Peking University? \_\_\_\_\_

- A. In 2009.                      B. In 2021.                      C. In 2010.                      D. In 2011.

28. What does Wei Dongyi think of his clothing? \_\_\_\_\_

- A. He doesn't really care so much about it.  
B. No clothes can be better than his high school uniform.

C. Good clothes help him pay more attention to the maths research.

D. It's right for him to wear good clothes while walking out.

29. What won't be on Wei Dongyi's food list according to the passage? \_\_\_\_\_

A. Fruit like apples.

B. Meat like beef.

C. Vegetables like carrots.

D. Main food like rice.

**B**

People use their mouths for many things. In the English language, there are many



For example, if you say bad things about a person, the person might protest (抗议) and

Sometimes, people say something to a friend or family member that they later regret because it hurts (伤害) that person's feelings. Or they tell the person something they didn't mean to tell. The speaker might say, \_\_\_\_\_, he might feel sad for saying the wrong thing.

Sometimes when one person is speaking, he says the same thing that his friend is going to say. When this happens, \_\_\_\_\_!

Some people have lots of money because they were born into a very rich family. There is an expression for this, \_\_\_\_\_?

\_\_\_\_\_ only has enough money for the most important things in life, like food.

30.

A. feel sorry

B. feel excited

C. feel proud

D. feel worried

31. When your friend took the words right out of your mouth,

A. You are clever

B. I am very lucky

C. We have the same idea

D. I am very angry

32. The passage mainly tells us \_\_\_\_\_.

A. English people say hurtful things more often

B. people use their mouths do to lots of things

C. the rich have different mouths from the poor

D.

## C

Months ago, a company (公司) in Japan showed people its new flying car, the SD-03. The small car flew around for a few minutes.

There was a difference between this test flight and other flights--there was a driver in the car. A worker of the company said, (项目), only a

Many companies around the world are working to make flying cars. And many scientists agree with the idea and hope that in the future, they will be useful for short trips like taxi rides in cities. Flying cars can also save time and reach places that can't be reached through roads.

There are many problems in the way. Controlling a flying car is so difficult that most people won't be able to do it. Some people believe flying cars will reduce traffic jams (减少交通拥挤). However, there should be new traffic rules to help control traffic in the air. With lots of cars flying around, the control work seems to be too difficult. Also flying cars will be very expensive.

The worker wanted the SD-03 to be able to fly two people on trips of up to 3 miles by 2023. He hoped people would be able to fly anywhere inside Tokyo in just 10 minutes by 2050.

33. Why was this test flight special \_\_\_\_\_

A. Because there were plants in the car.

B. Because the car flew with a person in it.

C. Because the car was very beautiful.

D. Because it was the first flying car.

34. \_\_\_\_\_ ? \_\_\_\_\_

A. Flying cars.

B. Many companies.

C. The roads.

D. Many scientists.

35. \_\_\_\_\_ ? \_\_\_\_\_

A. 锁住

B. 打扫

C. 控制

D. 赠送

36. What is Paragraph 4 mainly about \_\_\_\_\_

- A. Some problems will appear when people drive flying cars.
- B. How flying cars will make people's life easier.
- C. What traffic rules people will make for driving flying cars.
- D. What people will have to learn to drive.

四、任务型阅读-多任务混合（本大题共 1 小题，共 10.0 分）

37. Hearing that Erin was coming for the silver wedding party, Mr. Joe and his wife got worried. \_\_\_\_\_, and more expensive than

paper,

\_\_\_\_\_ ,  
can we deal with him?

As soon as Erin arrived, the couple started to keep a sharp lookout. After dinner, the three talked nervously from one boring topic to another in the living room.

Suddenly, Erin asked, \_\_\_\_\_ ?

Erin studied the scarves carefully, lost in thought. The couple got more anxious.

After Erin went for sleep,

anything,

\_\_\_\_\_ ,  
present. How dare he take anything from us?

The search was a short one. They found a silk scarf carefully placed in the bag. Mrs. Joe quickly picked it up and put it into her pocket.

The next morning,

\_\_\_\_\_ ,  
was a present I had prepared for your silver wedding, only it happened to be a scarf. You seemed annoyed at having so many, so I thought I'd get it changed,

The couple turned deadly pale. Mrs. Joe ran to the living room and surprisingly, she found their seven scarves were still there. ▲

say ...Actually, we took it last night.It all started because there were some unkind words about

Erin's eyes widened as he was listening.Mrs.Joe handed the scarf to Erin.

Mr.Joe said.

(1) What did Mr.and Mrs.Joe do before Erin arrived? \_\_\_\_\_

- A.They hid all their presents.
- B.They told Erin to come the next week.
- C.They changed the date for the party.
- D.They talked about how to deal with Erin.

(2) What can we know from the story? \_\_\_\_\_

- A.Erin had prepared a present for the couple.
- B.The couple had a nice talk with Erin after dinner.
- C.The couple spent a lot of time checking Erin's bag.
- D.Erin thought the couple was happy to have many scarves.

(3) Which of the following can be put into ▲ in Paragraph 14? \_\_\_\_\_

- A.She put one of the scarves into her pocket
- B.She placed all the seven scarves in the bag
- C.She was quite sure that Erin had lied to them
- D.She realised the scarf in her pocket wasn't theirs

(4) How might Mr.and Mrs.Joe feel at the end of the story? Why? (请约 40 词回答) \_\_\_\_\_

五、选词填空-短文 (本大题共 1 小题, 共 10.0 分)

38.

we young money wash behind

- (1) It's a good habit to \_\_\_\_\_ hands before meals.
- (2) Alice often gives \_\_\_\_\_ to help protect wild animals.
- (3) Bob's grandma is eighty, but she looks much \_\_\_\_\_ than she is.
- (4) We believe that \_\_\_\_\_ home town will be more and more beautiful.
- (5) There was a playground \_\_\_\_\_ the classroom building in my school ten years ago.

六、阅读填空（本大题共 1 小题，共 10.0 分）

39. There is a nice girl in our class. She is thirteen (1) \_\_\_\_\_ old. She is not tall and not (2) \_\_\_\_\_ [ʃɔ:t]. She doesn't have a long face. But she has a (3) \_\_\_\_\_ [raʊnd] face like an apple. She has two big black (4) \_\_\_\_\_ ( eye ) and a small nose. Her mouth is wide , ( 5 ) \_\_\_\_\_ her ears are small. She (6) \_\_\_\_\_ (have) short black hair. Her favorite (7) \_\_\_\_\_ is red. She is often (8) \_\_\_\_\_ red clothes. But today she is in a yellow skirt and brown (9) \_\_\_\_\_ ( shoe ) . She has a little black dog. She and the dog are good friends. (10) \_\_\_\_\_ [weə] is she?

Please come and have a look.

- (1)
- (2)
- (3)
- (4)
- (5)
- (6)
- (7)
- (8)
- (9)
- (10)

七、书面表达（本大题共 1 小题，共 15.0 分）

40. 假设你是李华，你校英文校刊 **Teens Junior** 发起 运动小达人 (the Sports Talent) 的评选活动。请阅读以下评选要求，结合自身锻炼经历，用英语写一封邮件进行自我推荐。

要求：

- ①文中不得出现真实的人名、校名等相关信息；
- ②词数：约 110 词。



参考词汇：do rope skipping 跳绳

**TEENS** *Junior* SPORTS



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The Sports Talent

We are looking for the Sports Talent in our school. Would you like to be one of them

Please tell us how you exercise. Where do you often exercise Who do you take exercise with What benefits (good points) has exercise brought you? What's your exercise plan for the future

Welcome to join us!



Dear Sir/Madam,

I'm Li Hua, a middle school student.

\_\_\_\_\_

Yours,

Li Hua

## 答案和解析

【答案】A

【解析】a/an 一个，不定冠词，表泛指，表示数量，a 用在以辅音音素开头的单词前；an 用在以元音音素开头的单词前；the 这个/这些，定冠词，表特指。分析句子可知，第一空泛指，一张身份证，且 ID 是以元音音素开头的单词，其前应使用不定冠词 an 修饰；第二空使用定冠词 the 表特指，此处特指上文提到的那张身份证。

故选：A。

这是一张身份证。我在桌子上找到了这张身份证。

熟练掌握冠词的用法，结合语境，认真分析，得出答案。

2. 【答案】D

【解析】fit 健康的；warm 温暖的；dry 干燥的；quiet 安静的。根据后句阅览室里不允许有任何噪音。可知，应是要求保持安静。

故选：D。

大家请保持安静。阅览室里不允许有任何噪音。

正确辨析几个选项的汉语意思，然后结合题干句意分析作答。

3. 【答案】D

【解析】答案：文化 食物 天气 交通 根据答语 Awful. There are always long lines of cars on roads 糟糕透了，路上车辆经常排起了长队，可知对话中讨论的是交通，故选 D -广州的交通怎么样？-糟糕透了，路上车辆经常排起长队。

主要考查名词，做此类题目时，首先要掌握句意，再根据词汇的具体用法，判断出所需词汇

4. 【答案】C

【解析】than 前面要用比较级，explain 解释，动词，要用副词来修饰。clearly 副词，clear 形容词。

故选：C。

教授比他的助手更清楚地解释了这个问题。

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