2025 高考英语读后续写的常用表达模板

一、情感/心理描写:

常用句型:

- 1. His heart was <u>pounding</u> with excitement/terror/fear. (他的心因兴奋/恐惧/害怕而<mark>剧烈跳</mark> 动。)
- 2. Tears of joy/pride/frustration welled up in her eyes. (喜悦/自豪/沮丧的泪水在她眼中涌出。)
- 3. She was overcome with/by joy. (她满心欢喜。)
- 4. His face lit up/brightened/glowed with pleasure. (他的脸上洋溢着喜悦。)
- 5. A wave of happiness/relief/sadness washed over her. (一阵幸福/宽慰/悲伤的情绪涌上她的心头。)

<mark>兴奋</mark>

- 1. Excitement <u>coursed</u> through her <u>veins</u>, making her heart race. (兴奋在她的血管中流淌,使 她心跳加速。)注: "course" 作名词时,常见释义有 "课程;进程;路线;一道菜";作动词时,意为 "奔流;快速地流动;跑过"。
- 2. He was so excited that he could hardly **contain** himself. (他兴奋得几乎无法**控制**自己。)
- 3. Her rosy cheeks **flushed** with excitement. (她玫瑰色的脸颊因兴奋而<mark>泛红</mark>。)注: "flush" 作动词时, 常见释义有 "发红; 冲洗; 使(脸)涨红; (用水)冲洗净"

喜悦

- 1. Joy filled his heart. (喜悦充盈着他的内心。)
- 3. A smile spread across his face, lighting up his features. (他脸上<mark>绽开</mark>了笑容,容光焕发。)注: "feature" 作名词时,常见释义为 "特色;特征;特点;容貌;特写"
- 4. Joy welled up inside her. (喜悦在她心中涌起。)注: "well" 作名词指 "井;源泉;楼梯井"。作动词有 "(液体)涌出;流出;涌上"的意思,所以 "well up" 常见释义为 "(眼泪等)涌出;(感情等)涌上心头"。
- 5. **His joy knew no bounds** when he saw the surprise. (当他看到这个惊喜时, 他高兴得无 法形容。)注: "bound" 作名词时, 常见释义有 "界限; 限制; 跳; 蹦"等。

宽慰/平静

- 1. A sense of relief washed over her, and she finally felt at ease. (一种解脱感**涌上她的心头**, 她终于感到安心了。)注: "wash over" 常见释义为 "(情感等)向... 袭来;淹没;冲刷"。
- 2. He let out a long sigh of relief, knowing that the danger had passed. (他长舒了一口气

- ,知道危险已经过去了,感到安心。)注:"let out"常见释义有"放出;发出(声音);出租;泄露"
- 3. He finally relaxed, letting out a long sigh. (他终于放松下来,长舒了一口气。)
- 4. He/She felt a wave of relief. (他 / 她感到一阵轻松。)注: "a wave of" 常见释义为 "一波; 一阵;一连串"。
- 5. A sense of calmness gradually replaced the initial panic. (一种平静的感觉<mark>逐渐取代</mark>了最初的恐慌。)
- 6. A flood of relief washed over him, and he couldn't help but let out a sigh. (一阵宽慰涌上他心头,他忍不住松了一口气。)注: "a flood of"常见释义为"大量的;大批的;滔滔不绝的"。

期待/盼望

- 1. **Anticipation** filled their hearts as they awaited the big event. (他们满心期待着这个重大事件。)注: "await" 作动词,常见释义为"等候;等待;期待",相当于"wait for"。
- 2. She was filled with **anticipation**, waiting for the big **moment**. (她满心**期待**,等待着那个重要时刻。)
- 3. He looked forward to the event with great eagerness. (他非常渴望地期待着这个活动。)
- 4. His eyes **sparkled with excitement**, full of anticipation. (他的眼睛<mark>因兴奋而闪闪发光</mark>, 充满期待。)注: "sparkle" 常见释义为"闪耀, 闪烁, 焕发, 活泼机智"。
- 5. She could hardly **contain** her excitement and **anticipation** for the journey ahead. (她几乎 无法**抑制**对未来旅程的兴奋和期待。)注: "contain" 作动词, 常见释义为 "包含; 容纳; 控制; 抑制"。

乐观/希望

- 1. **A wave of optimism swept through him, filling him with newfound energy**. (一股乐观的情绪席卷了他,让他充满了新的能量。)注: "sweep through" 常见释义为 "席卷; 横扫; 迅速传播(或蔓延)"
- 2. Hope blossomed in his heart like a flower in spring. (希望在他心中<mark>绽放</mark>,如同春天里的花朵。)注: "blossom" 作名词时,意为 "花; 开花期; 兴旺期"; 作动词时,意为 "开花; 兴旺; 发展成长"。
- 3. Hope flared up inside her like a flame. (希望像火焰一样在她心中燃起。)注: "flare" 作动词时,常见释义为 "突然烧旺;闪耀;突发;加剧";作名词时,有 "闪光;照明弹;突然爆发;喇叭裤"的意思。

<mark>感激/感动</mark>

- 1. Her heart **overflowed with gratitude** as she received the unexpected help. (当她得到意想不到的帮助时,她心中充满了感激。注: "overflow" 作动词,常见释义为 "溢出;挤满;充满;泛滥";作名词时,意为 "溢出;溢流;漫出"。
- 2. Tears of **gratitude** streamed down her face as she expressed her thanks. (她表达**感谢**时, 感激的泪水顺着脸颊流下。)注: "stream" 作名词时,常见释义为 "溪流;流动;一连串";作动词时,意为 "流动;流出;飘扬;涌出"。

3.	He was overwhelmed with gratitude, unable to find words to convey his feelings.					

- (他充满了感激之情,无法用言语表达自己的感受。)注: "be overwhelmed with" 常见释义为"被……淹没;被……压倒;充满……(情感)"
- 4. He expressed his deep gratitude with tears in his eyes. (他含着泪表达了深深的感激之情。)
- 5. Tears welled up in her eyes and trickled down her cheeks. (泪水在她眼中涌出,顺着脸颊滑落。)注: "trickle" 作动词时,常见释义为"滴;淌;使...... 缓慢流动";作名词时,意为"滴;细流;涓涓细流"。
- 6. Tears of gratitude welled up in her eyes. (感激的泪水在她眼中涌出。)
- 7. His heart was touched by the kindness. (他的心被这份善意所触动。)

自豪

- 1. He swelled with pride as he received the award. (当他领奖时,心中充满了自豪。)注: "swell" 作动词时,常见释义为"膨胀;肿胀;增强;增多";作名词时,意为"隆起;膨胀;波浪起伏"。
- 2. She held her head high, filled with a sense of pride. (她昂着头,充满了**自豪感**。)
- 3. She <u>beamed</u> with pride as she received the award. (她领奖时满脸自豪。)注: "beam" 作名词时,常见释义为 "梁;光线;波束;笑容";作动词时,意为 "发送;照射;堆满笑容;眉开眼笑"。"beam with" 常见释义为 "满脸(笑容);洋溢着(喜悦、自豪等)"
- **4.** A sense of pride **welled up inside him** as he **accomplished** the task. (当他完成任务时,一种自豪感**在他心中涌起**。)

惊讶/惊喜

- 1. The surprise left her **speechless** for a moment. (这个惊喜让她一时**说不出话来**。)
- 2. He jumped up **in astonishment**, unable to believe his eyes. (他**惊讶地**跳了起来,不敢相信自己的眼睛。)
- 3. Her eyes widened in astonishment as she witnessed the scene. (当她目睹这一幕时,她惊讶地睁大了眼睛。)注: "witness" 作动词,常见释义为"目击;见证;为...作证";作名词,意为"目击者;证人"。
- 4. Her eyes <u>widened</u> in surprise as she opened the gift. (当她打开礼物时,她惊讶地睁大了眼睛。)注: "widen" 作动词,常见释义为 "(使)变宽;拓宽;加宽;扩大(范围等)"
- 5. He was taken aback by the unexpected news. (他被这意外的消息吓了一跳。)"take aback"常见释义为"使吃惊;使震惊;使困惑"

满足/满意

- 1. **A sense of contentment** filled her heart as she looked at her achievements. (当她看着自己的成就时,心中充满了**满足感**。)
- 2. He sighed with satisfaction, feeling that all his efforts had been worth it. (他满意地叹了口气,觉得自己所有的努力都是**值得的**。)
- 3. A smile played on his lips, <u>revealing</u> his inner satisfaction. (他嘴角上扬, <u>露出</u>内心的满足。)

- 1. Curiosity got the better of her, and she couldn't resist exploring further. (好奇心占了上风, 她忍不住进一步探索。)注: "get the better of" 常见释义为"战胜; 打败; 克服; 占上风"
- 2. His eyes **sparkled with curiosity**, eager to uncover the mystery. (他的眼睛**闪烁着好奇的** 光芒,渴望揭开这个谜团。)

紧张

- 1. She bit her lip nervously, her hands **trembling** slightly. (她紧张地咬着嘴唇,双手微微**颤** 抖。注: "bit" 是 "bite" 的过去式,常见释义为 "咬;叮;蜇;刺痛; (风等)刺骨"。
- 2. Her heart was filled with a mixture of excitement and nervousness. (她的内心充满了兴奋与紧张交织的复杂情绪。)
- 3. Her heart **pounded**/thumped wildly in her chest. (她的心在胸口<mark>狂跳</mark>。)注: "pound" 作动词时,有"连续重击;捣碎;猛烈袭击;(心脏)狂跳;脚步沉重地走"等意思。
- 4. Nervousness gripped him as he stepped onto the stage. (当他走上舞台时,紧张感<mark>紧紧抓住了他。)</mark> "grip" 作动词时,常见释义为"紧握;抓紧;吸引住(注意力、兴趣等);理解;掌握";作名词时,意为"紧握;掌握;支配;手柄"。
- 5. It was the most **intense** moment, and their hearts were **pounding** with anticipation. (这是最**紧张的**时刻,他们的心因期待而**怦怦直跳**。)"intense" 常见释义为"强烈的; 剧烈的; 紧张的; 热情的"。

焦虑/困惑

- 1. A mixture of confusion and anxiety filled his mind. (困惑和焦虑交织在他的脑海中。)
- 2. **Her face clouded over with worry**. (她的脸上**布满了**忧虑。) "cloud over with"与"cloud with"意思相同,释义为"(天空)布满乌云;(表情、心情等)变得阴沉"
- 3. Anxiety **gnawed at** her as the deadline approached. (随着截止日期的临近,焦虑**折磨**着 她。)"gnaw at" 常见释义为"啃, 咬; 折磨; 侵蚀"
- 4. He was consumed by anxiety, pacing back and forth. (他被焦虑所吞噬,来回踱步。) "consume" 作动词,常见释义为 "消耗;消费;吃;喝;毁灭;烧毁"。"be consumed with" 常见释义为 "充满(强烈的感情,如愤怒、嫉妒、忧虑等);被...... 吞噬"
- 5. Doubt started to **creep** into her heart. (怀疑开始在她心中**蔓延**。)
- 6. Doubts **crowded her mind** as she **wondered** <u>if</u> she had made the right decision. (疑虑**充斥 着她的脑海**,她不知道自己是否做了正确的决定。)"if" 作连词,常见释义为"如果; 假如; 是否; 即使"。
- 7. Confusion etched on his forehead. (他的额头上刻着困惑。) "etch" 作动词,常见释义为"蚀刻;铭刻;鲜明地描述"
- 8. Confusion clouded her mind, making it impossible to think clearly. (困惑**笼罩着她的头脑**, 使她无法清晰地思考。)注: "cloud" 作名词时,常见释义为 "云;云朵;云状物;阴影;忧郁;焦虑"。作动词时,意为 "使难以理解;使模糊;使蒙上阴影;显得阴沉;(云、烟等)笼罩"。
- 9. Confusion **clouded** his mind, making it difficult for him to make a decision. (困惑**笼罩着** 他的头脑,使他难以做出决定。)
- 10. His **hollow** cheeks showed signs of fatigue. (他凹陷的脸颊显示出疲劳的迹象。)注: "hollow" 作形容词时,常见释义为 "空的;中空的;凹陷的;虚伪的";

嫉妒/羡慕

- 1. **Green with envy**, he watched as his friend received the award. (他**嫉妒得脸色发青**,看着他的朋友获奖。)
- 2. Jealousy burned in her heart when she saw them together. (当她看到他们在一起时,心中燃起了嫉妒之火。)
- 3. She couldn't hide the envy in her eyes when she saw her friend's new possession. (当她看到朋友的新东西时,眼中无法掩饰羡慕之情。
- 4. Envy filled his heart as he watched others succeed. (当他看着别人成功时,心中充满了羡慕。)

愤怒

- 5. Anger boiled inside her, burning like a wildfire. (愤怒在她内心沸腾,像野火般燃烧。)
- 6. Anger boiled up inside her, and she could hardly contain herself. (愤怒在她心中沸腾,她几乎无法控制自己。)注: "contain" 作动词,常见释义为"包含;容纳;控制;抑制"。
- 7. She was **fuming with rage**. (她气得**怒火中烧**。)
- 8. Anger flared up in his eyes. (他眼中燃起怒火。) "flare up" 常见释义为 "突然爆发; 突然发怒; 突然燃烧; (疾病) 突然加剧"

内疚/羞愧

- Guilt washed over him as he realized his mistake. (当他意识到自己的错误时,愧疚感流上心头。)
- 2. He was consumed by self-blame for his mistakes. (他为自己的错误而自责不已。)
- 3. She hung her head in shame, feeling guilty. (她羞愧地低下头,感到内疚。)
- 4. Blushes of shame **spread across** his face. (羞愧的红晕**布满**了他的脸。)
- 5. She **hung her head in shame**, unable to meet anyone's eyes. (她**羞愧地低下头**,不敢正视 任何人的眼睛。)
- 6. His anger **melted away**, replaced by a feeling of **remorse**. (他的愤怒**消失**了,取而代之的是一种悔恨的感觉。)注: "melt away" 常见释义为 "融化;消散;逐渐消失"

失望/绝望

- 1. Disappointment **etched on** his face as he failed the exam. (考试不及格,失望**刻在**了他的脸上。)
- 2. She felt a deep sense of disappointment, her heart sinking. (她感到深深的失望,心沉了下去。)
- 3. Despair overwhelmed him, and he felt like giving up. (绝望淹没了他,他觉得想放弃。)注: "overwhelm" 作动词,常见释义为"(情感、感觉等)充溢,难以承受;压倒;击败;征服;使应接不暇" She sank to her knees, **consumed** by utter despair. (她跪倒在地,被彻底的绝望所

吞噬。)

- 4. Her heart sank like a stone, and her hopes were shattered. (她的心像石头一样沉了下去,她的希望破灭了。)注: "sank"是 "sink"的过去式,作动词,常见释义为 "下沉;沉没;下陷;降低、减弱"。
- 5. His face was <u>ashen</u>, his eyes <u>reflecting a deep sense of loss</u>. (他脸色苍白, 眼睛里<u>流露出深深的失落感</u>。)注: "ash" 主要用作名词指 "灰; 灰烬", "ashen"则是形容词,侧重于形容人的脸色呈现出 "苍白的; 灰白的" 状态,常用来描述一种外观特征。

恐惧/害怕

- 1. The fear in his eyes was a dark cloud **that wouldn't disperse**. (他眼中的恐惧犹如一团**挥** 之不去的阴云。)
- 2. <u>Panic</u> seized her, <u>paralyzing</u> her thoughts and actions. (恐慌笼罩着她, 使她的思想和行动都瘫痪了。)注: "seize" 作动词, 常见释义为 "抓住; 夺取; 占领; 没收; 理解; 把握(机会等)"; "paralyze" 作动词, 常见释义为 "使瘫痪; 使麻痹; 使丧失活动能力; 使不能正常运作"
- 3. Fear **gripped** her heart. (恐惧抓住了她的心。)
- 4. She was shaking/trembling with fear. (她因恐惧而颤抖。)
- 5. A chill of fear ran down his spine. (一阵恐惧的寒意顺着他的脊背流下。)注: "a chill of" 常见释义为 "一阵寒意; 一阵冷战"

孤单/孤独

- 1. A sense of loneliness enveloped him like a thick fog, making him feel isolated. (一种孤独感像浓雾一样笼罩着他,使他感到孤立无援。)注: "envelope" 作名词,常见释义为 "信封; 封皮; 外壳",作动词时,意思是 "包住; 裹住; 围绕"。
- 2. She sat alone in the corner, **overcome by** a profound sense of loneliness. (她独自坐在角落里,被深深的孤独感**所征服**。)注: "overcome" 作动词,常见释义为 "克服;战胜;解决;征服;压倒", "be overcome by" 常见释义为 "被......战胜;被...... 在服;被...... 克服;被...... 压倒"

悲伤/伤害

- 1. His words were like a dagger, piercing her heart. (他的话像一把匕首,刺痛了她的心。)
- 2. His heart **ached** with sadness. (他的心因悲伤而**疼痛**。)
- 3. A wave of sadness swept over him. (一阵悲伤向他袭来。)注 "sweep over" 常见释义为 "席卷; 横扫; 突然袭来; 掠过"

二、人物描写

外形描写

- 1. She had long, flowing hair that **cascaded down** her back. (她有着一头**垂在**背上的飘逸长发。)注: "cascade" 作名词时,常见释义为 "小瀑布;瀑布状物;串联";作动词时,意为 "像瀑布般落下;串联; (使)连续传递"
- 2. Her long, flowing hair **framed a face** as **delicate** as a porcelain doll. (她那长长的飘逸的头发勾勒出一张像瓷娃娃一样精致的脸。)
- 3. He was tall and muscular, with **broad** shoulders. (他高大健壮,肩膀**宽阔**。)
- 4. He was of medium height and had a slender <u>build</u>. (他中等身材,身形苗条。)注: "slender" 作形容词,常见释义为"苗条的;纤细的;细长的;微薄的";"build"作名词时,常见释义为"体格;身材;体形"
- 5. She was short and **plump**, with a round face. (她个子矮矮的,**胖乎乎的**,有一张圆脸。) 注: "plump" 作形容词意为 "丰满的; 胖乎乎的",
- 6. His **broad shoulders and muscular arms** suggested strength and confidence. (他**宽阔的肩膀和肌肉发达的手臂**显示出力量和自信。)注: "suggest" 作动词,常见释义为"建议;提议;暗示;表明"
- 7. His strong back was straight and confident. (他强壮的后背笔直且自信。)
- 8. She hunched her back, looking defeated. (她弓着背,看起来很沮丧。)注: "hunch" 作名词,常见释义为"预感;直觉; hunched 作形容词,意为"弯腰驼背的"; hunch 作动词,意为"弓起背部;耸肩"
- 9. She was dressed in a beautiful flowing **gown**. (她穿着一件漂亮的飘逸**长袍**。)
- 10. He wore a simple T-shirt and jeans, looking **casual** and comfortable. (他穿着一件简单的 T 恤和牛仔裤,看起来<mark>随意</mark>又舒适。)

五官/皮肤

- 1. Her eyes were as bright as stars, shining with intelligence. (她的眼睛像星星一样明亮,闪烁着智慧的光芒。)
- 2. His eyes **sparkled with** mischief/intelligence. (他的眼睛**闪烁着**顽皮/智慧**的光芒**。)

- 注: "mischief" 作名词, 常见释义为 "恶作剧; 淘气; 捣蛋; 损害; 危害"
- 3. Her skin was as smooth as porcelain, **flawless** and fair. (她的皮肤像瓷器一样光滑,**完美无瑕**且白皙。)
- 4. His tanned skin **suggested** hours spent outdoors under the sun. (他黝黑的皮肤<mark>表明</mark>他在户外阳光下度过了很多时间。)
- 5. His teeth were white and even, flashing when he smiled. (他的牙齿洁白整齐, 笑起来时闪闪发光。)注: "even" 作形容词时, 常见释义为 "平坦的; 均匀的; 偶数的; 相等的"。"flashing" 作形容词, 意为 "闪光的; 闪烁的"。

性格描写

- 1. He was known for his kindness and **generosity**. (他以善良和**慷慨**著称。)
- 2. She had a **stubborn** streak but was also very determined. (她性格有点<mark>固执</mark>,但也很坚定。)
- 3. Her smile was **as bright as** the sun on a summer day. (她的笑容**像**夏日的阳光**一样灿烂**。)
- 4. She had a smile that could light up the darkest room. (她的微笑能<mark>照亮</mark>最黑暗的房间。)
- 5. His smile was like **a ray of sunshine**, warming everyone around him. (他的笑容像一缕阳光,温暖着周围的每一个人。)
- 6. She had a **mischievous** smile that **hinted at** her playful nature. (她有一个调皮的微笑,暗示着她顽皮的天性。)注: "mischievous" 是形容词,常见释义为 "调皮的;淘气的;恶作剧的"。"hint at" 常见释义为 "暗示;示意;略微提及"。

三、动作描写:

常用句型:

- 1. Without hesitation, he/she... (毫不犹豫地, 他/她.....)
- 1. He murmured/whispered/shouted/exclaimed... (他低声说 / 耳语 / 大喊 / 惊叫.....)
- 2. She **stammered**/stuttered/uttered... (她**结结巴巴地说** / 口吃地说 / 说出......)
- 3. With a determined look on his face, he lifted/raised/picked up... (他脸上带着坚定的神情, 举起/抬起/捡起.....)
- 4. He stared/glanced/glimpsed/peered at... (他盯着 / 瞥了一眼 / **瞥见** / 窥视.....)
- 5. Her eyes fell on... (她的目光落在.....)
- 6. He **rushed**/ran/jogged **towards**... (他**冲向**/跑向/慢跑向......)
- 7. He **strolled**/wandered along the street. (他在街上**漫步** / 徘徊。)

走/跑/冲/出发

- 1. **In a flash**, he dashed out of the room. (**一瞬间**,他冲出了房间。)
- 2. They rushed out of the house, hands waving <u>frantically</u>. (他们冲出房子,手<u>疯狂地</u>挥动着。)"frantically" 是副词,意思是"疯狂地;狂乱地;拼命地"。
- 3. He <u>dashed</u>/ran/<u>sprinted/rushed off</u> like an arrow. (他像箭一样冲了出去。)注: "dash"作动词时,常见释义为 "猛冲;急奔;使破灭;使沮丧";作名词时,意为 "短跑;猛冲;破折号"。"sprint"作动词,意为 "冲刺;短跑";作名词,指 "短跑;冲刺"。"rush off" 常见释义为 "匆忙离开;仓促离去"。
- 4. She fled/ran away as fast as her legs could carry her. (她以最快的速度跑开了。)
- 5. He began to run as fast as he could. (他开始尽可能快地跑。)
- 6. Without a moment's delay, she grabbed her bag and ran. (她毫不犹豫地抓起包就跑。)
- 7. Swiftly, they **set off** on their journey. (他们迅速**出发**踏上旅程。)
- 8. He jumped for joy when he heard the news. (听到这个消息,他<mark>高兴得跳了起来</mark>。)

<mark>小心翼翼</mark>

- 1. She tiptoed quietly, as if not wanting to be noticed. (她踮着脚尖悄悄地走着,好像不想被人注意到。)
- 2. She **tiptoed gingerly**, as if afraid to disturb the silence. (她**小心翼翼**地踮着脚尖,仿佛害怕打破寂静。)注: "gingerly" 作副词, 意为 "小心翼翼地; 谨慎地; 轻手轻脚地"。
- 3. She **tiptoed** quietly towards the door, her heart **pounding** in her chest. (她<mark>踮着脚</mark>悄悄地朝门走去,心在胸口**怦怦直跳**。)注: "chest" 常见释义为 "胸部;胸膛;箱子;柜子"。
- 4. She reached out her hand timidly, fingers **trembling**. (她怯生生地伸出手,手指**颤抖**着。)
- 5. She tiptoed/crept/success into the room. (她踮着脚/悄悄/偷偷走进房间。)注: "creep"作动词,常见释义为"悄悄地缓慢行进;不知不觉地产生;渐渐出现;爬行;谄媚";"sneak"作动词,常见释义为"偷偷地走;偷带;偷拿;告密";

<mark>大步前行</mark>

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