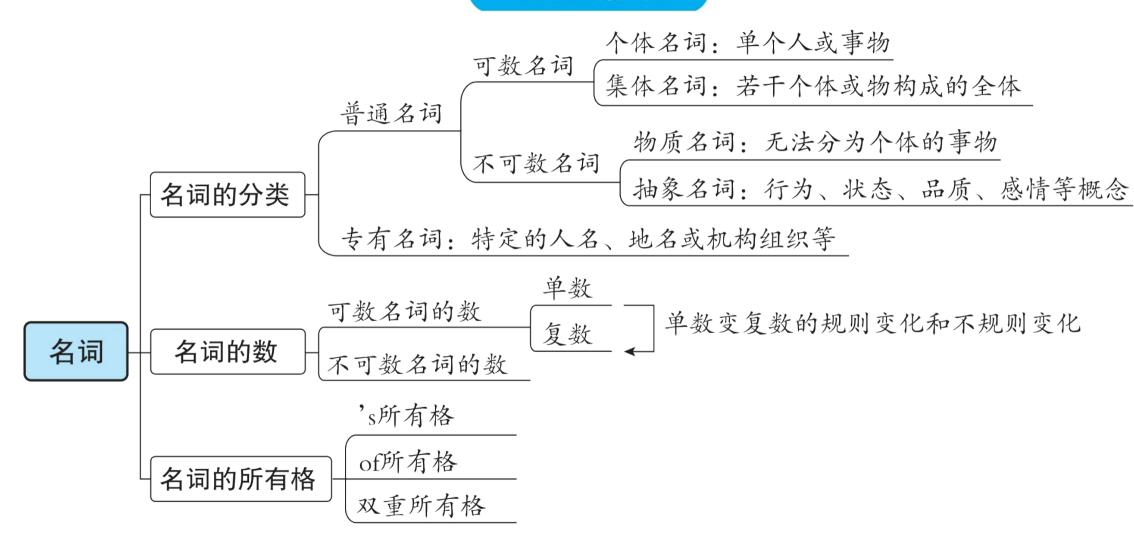
2025 河南中招核心语法系统复习

专项 名词

- ⑥ 考点精讲
- ⑥ 高分分层提优练

考点精讲



一、名词的数

1.可数名词

	类型	例词
规则变化	一般情况下名词后直接加-s	map→maps地图, doctor→doctors医生
	-s,-x,-ch,-sh结尾的名词 后一般加-es	bus→buses公共汽车,box→boxes盒子
	辅音字母加-y结尾的名词,变-y为-i加-es;	baby →babies婴儿,study →studies书房

续表

	类型	例词	
	元音字母加-y结尾的名词,直接加-s	boy →boys男孩,day→ days天,key→ keys钥匙	
规则 变化	以-f或-fe结尾的名词, 变-f或-fe为-v,再加-es	leaf →leaves叶子,knife→ knives刀	
	以o结尾的名词,有些加	tomato→ tomatoes番茄,potato →potatoes土	
	-es,有些加-s	豆,hero → heroes英雄,photo → photos照片	

返回目录

续表

	类型	例词
不规则变化	单复同形	sheep羊,fish鱼,Chinese 中国人,Japanese 日本
		人
	woman→ women女人,foot →feet脚,man— 单复不同形 men男人,mouse→mice老鼠,tooth→ teeth牙 齿,child →children孩子	woman→ women女人,foot →feet脚,man→
		men男人,mouse→mice老鼠,tooth→ teeth牙
		齿,child →children孩子

2.不可数名词

主要是物质名词和抽象名词,这类名词没有复数形式,也不可以和不定冠词连用。不可数名词的表达形式:

具体 的量	数词+表数量的名词+of+不可数名词	a piece of bread—片面包, ten kilos of bamboo十千克竹子
大概的量	表示量的限定词 (some , much , little , a little , a lot of等) +不可数名词	some fruit—些水果, a lot of food 许多食物

3.部分名词既可作可数名词又可作不可数名词,但意义有所不同。

名词	可数	不可数	名词	可数	不可数
chicken	小鸡	鸡肉	paper	报纸;文件	纸
fish	<u>鱼</u>	鱼肉	experience	经历	经验
orange	橙子	橙汁	room	房间	空间
fruit	水果(种类)	水果(总称)	time	次数;倍数	时间
glass	玻璃杯	玻璃	life	生命	生活
light	电灯	光	work	作品	工作

二、名词所有格

形式	用法	构成	示例
	示时间、	直接加's	Mike's basketball 迈克的篮球, yesterday's newspaper昨天的报纸
's所 有格		以s结尾的 复数名词 只加'	Teachers' Day 教师节, twenty minutes' walk 步行二十分钟
		并列名词 所有格	Tom and John's room 汤姆和约翰的房间 (共同拥有), Tom's and John's rooms汤姆的房间 和约翰的房间(各自拥有)

返回目录

形式	用法	构成	示例
of所有格	主要用于无生命的名词	A of B	the name of the book 书名, the middle of the park 公园中间
双重	表示部分或其中之一	A of B's	a classmate of Mary's 玛丽的一个同学, some friends of my brother's 我哥哥的一些朋友

高分分层提优练

> 句境专练语法点

I.用所给词的适当形式填空。

- 1. (2024河南改编) Many of the stories about Bao Zheng were made into some movies (movie), novels, operas and so on.
- 2. Three fifths of the teachers in our school are <u>men</u> (man) teachers.
- 3. The three <u>rooms</u> (room) upstairs are too small to have enough <u>room</u> (room) for a double bed.

- 4.The <u>coaches</u> (coach) of this team are trying their best to help the athletes be better themselves.
- 5. How time flies! It's two **months** (month) since we last met.
- 6. Yueyang is one of the top 10 most beautiful <u>cities</u> (city) in China this year.
- 7. The new dictionary isn't mine. It's someone <u>else's</u> (else).
- 8. We offered to look after our <u>neighbor's</u> (neighbor) dog when she was away.
- 9. After school we stayed in **Tom and Sam's** (Tom and Sam) house to finish our homework.
- 10. Lily's and Alice's (Lily and Alice) mothers can't go to the meeting, because they have gone to New York on business.

- 11. My parents took me to the amusement park on <u>Children's</u> (child) Day. There were so many exciting things to do there.
- 12.—How far is it from Wuhan to Shijiazhuang?
- —It's about three hours' (hour) ride by high-speed train.
- 13.To our surprise (surprise), local villagers are successful in planting strawberries without soil in Hainan.
- 14.So far there are no wolves or bears in **Britain's** (Britain) forests—but soon there might be!



Ⅱ.用方框中所给词的适当形式填空。

father hero radio mouse tooth water German sheep thief leaf

- 15. When spring comes, flowers and <u>leaves</u> begin to show their beauty to nature.
- 16. "Stop them! They are <u>thieves</u>. They have stolen my wallet!" an old man shouted.
- 17. The three astronauts of Shenzhou-14 completed many tasks in 2022. They are our heroes.
- 18.It's a good idea for students to learn English by listening to <u>radios</u>.
- 19.Look! There are some sheep eating grass on the hill.

- 20.At that time, people made tea in a simple way. They just put fresh tea leaves into hot water.
- 21. More and more Germans want to learn about Chinese culture.
- 22.Lucy was surprised to see some <u>mice</u> running inside her room at night.
- 23. Eating too many candies is harmful to your <u>teeth</u> (tooth) . It can also lead to some serious disease.
- 24.Mr. Green is a friend of my father's.

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