

河南省新乡市 2023-2024 学年高三下学期二模

英语试题

第一部分 听力 (共两节, 满分 30 分)

做题时, 先将【答案】标在试卷上。录音内容结束后, 你将有两分钟的时间将试卷上的【答案】转涂到答题卡上。

第一节 (共 5 小题; 每小题 1.5 分, 满分 7.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话。每段对话后有一个小题, 从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。听完每段对话后, 你都有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

例: How much is the shirt?

A. £19.15. B. £9.18. C. £9.15.

【答案】是 C。

1. What is the probable relationship between the speakers?

A. Mother and son.

B. Husband and wife.

C. Father and daughter.

【答案】B

【解析】W: Where is our daughter now Michael?

M: She must be playing somewhere in the garden behind the house.

2. What might the woman be good at?

A. Looking after kids.

B. Taking care of elderly people.

C. Teaching people how to find a job.

【答案】A

【解析】M: I am looking for someone who has taken care of elderly people before. Do you have any experience?

W: I'm sorry, my experience is with small children. I'm afraid I will not be suitable for the job.

3. Which country does the man want to go to?

A. England.

B. France.

C. Brazil.

〔答案〕 6. A 7. B

〔解析〕 M: I'm not sure if that project works. You know Kim, I think we should have a meeting about improving it.

W: Sure. Are you Free on Thursday?

M: Let me just check my diary. Sorry. I am busy on Thursday. Is Friday, okay?

W: Yes. How about 9 o'clock?

M: Yes, 9 o'clock is fine. Your office or mine?

W: Oh I'll come to your office, if you like.

M: See you on Friday at 9:00 in my office.

W: Ok, see you then.

听下面一段较长对话，回答以下小题。

8. Where does the woman live?

A. In Apartment 205.

B. In Apartment 305.

C. In Apartment 503.

9. Why does the woman call the man?

A. Her fridge doesn't work again.

B. Her air conditioner is out of order.

C. She doesn't know how to cook.

〔答案〕 8. B 9. B

〔解析〕 M: Hello.

W: Hello. mister Warner. This is Lucy Locke.

M: Ah miss Locke. in apartment 205?

W: No. in apartment 305.

M: Oh yes, what can I do for you? Does your fridge need fixing again?

W: No, it's the air conditioner this time.

M: Oh so what's wrong with it?

W: Well I think the temperature control needs to be checked. It doesn't cool down at all.

M: Really? Okay, I'll go to look at it right away.

W: Thanks a lot, Mr. Warner.

听下面一段较长对话，回答以下小题。

10. What was wrong with the woman's car?

A. It was on fire.

B. It gave out a terrible noise.

C. Its engine smoked.

11. Where is the woman?

A. In a car park.

B. In a garage.

C. On the road.

12. What does the man ask the woman to do?

A. Hire a car.

B. Drive a truck.

C. Ring her friend.

〔答案〕 10. C 11. B 12. C

〔解析〕 M: Can you tell me what happened?

W: Yeah, I was just driving home as usual, and my engine started smoking.

M: That sounds scary. What happened next?

W: Then my car stopped running. I just made it to the side of the road before it broke down.

M: Okay? well you'd better find a rescue truck to bring your car here. I'll take a look and see what's wrong with it.

W: That sounds good.

M: In the meaning time you can call your friend to pick you up.

W: Thanks for your help. I'm so glad you are on today.

听下面一段较长对话，回答以下小题。

13. What does the woman plan to work as this summer?

A. A volunteer.

B. A nurse.

C. A doctor.

14. Who had medical examinations from July 15 to July 31 last year?

A. The elderly over 55.

B. The adults over 30.

C. The children under 5.

15. What does the woman say about the work?

A. Everyone has to be always polite.

B. Everyone has to arrive early.

C. None has much time to rest.

16. What does the woman advise the man to wear?

A. Comfortable shoes.

B. Light clothes.

C. Loose trousers.

20. What does the Language Center Bonus Project provide?

A. Field trips.

B. Social activities.

C. Extra practice hours.

【答案】17. B 18. A 19. B 20. C

【解析】W: Good morning. Welcome to the language centre of our university. We aim at helping people improve their language ability in several languages. Now, I'll focus on one of our programs, the English training program, which I think you might be interested in. The program offers year round English. courses in eight levels. It offers courses for students, scholars, and professionals. Participants can prepare for study at an American university and improve their language, skills and knowledge of American culture. The strength to the program is its ability to offer courses. to meet any student's specific needs and goals. Most students in this program study full time, which consists of 20 hours a week. On the first day of the program. You take a test to determine your level at the end of each 7 week session your language skills are evaluated. And if you've made enough progress, you are promoted to the next level. In addition, you can enter the language center bonus project, which will allow you to have extra English. hours with a native speaker. For more practice, chances. There are also several social activities and field trips organized by the student center.

第二部分 阅读 (共两节, 满分 50 分)

第一节 (共 15 小题; 每小题 2.5 分, 满分 37.5 分)

阅读下列短文, 从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出最佳选项。

A

Events and festivals in Italy are some of the main draws to this historic country. The traditions, culture, and incredible art all come together to provide some of the biggest and best events in the world.

Carnival of Viareggio

In 2024, the Carnival of Viareggio will host six parades in February. What once started as a simple parade with carriages in 1873 has now turned into a large event, with thousands attending each year to catch a glimpse of the famous allegorical papier mâché floats that tower above the promenade.

细节理解题。根据第二段的“*In 2024, the Carnival of Viareggio will host six parades in February. What once started as a simple parade with carriages in 1873 has now turned into a large event.*(2024年,维亚雷焦狂欢节将在2月举办6场游行。1873年,游行开始时只是一个简单的马车游行,现在已经变成了一个大型活动。)”可知,从1873年到2024年,“*Carnival of Viareggio*(维亚雷焦狂欢节)”已经有150年的历史,游客可以在2月份参加这个有150年历史的活动。故选B。

【22题详析】

细节理解题。根据第三段的“*The 2024 Venice Carnival is bound to be one of the best yet. The theme is travel and discovery with a celebration of Marco Polo on the 700th anniversary of his death. Originating from Venice, the 2024 Venice Carnival is all about celebrating one of its most famed travellers.*(2024年的威尼斯狂欢节肯定是迄今为止最好的狂欢节之一。主题是旅行和发现,纪念马可波罗逝世700周年。起源于威尼斯,2024年的威尼斯狂欢节是为了庆祝威尼斯最著名的旅行家之一。)”可知,2024年威尼斯狂欢节的主题是为纪念著名的旅行家马可波罗。故选A。

【23题详析】

细节理解题。根据第四段的“*The Palio di Siena is a historic horse race where ten horses, each representing a different Siena neighbourhood race around Piazza del Campo.*(锡耶纳赛马是一场历史悠久的赛马比赛,在比赛中十匹马中的每匹代表锡耶纳不同的街区,围绕着坎波广场进行比赛。)”可知,Palio di Siena(锡耶纳赛马)适合那些想看赛马的人。故选C。

B

My family visited the coastal town of St. Pete Beach, Florida. With its pretty sandy beaches, deep blue waters and year-round sunshine, it's clear to see why St. Pete is a popular tourist destination among travelers from around the world.

Just a few feet from our apartment, we found ourselves walking on white sand towards the bright blue ocean. We were soon greeted by a man offering us the use of one of his luxury beach cabanas (小屋) for the day at a very reasonable price and settled into a full day of relaxation. The peaceful atmosphere was a true escape from the hustle and bustle (喧嚣) of the city. It was so easy to while away the days from morning until dusk, enjoying the warmth of the sun's rays and getting lost in a good book, before taking a quick swim in the calm waters to cool off.

Once the sun set, there was a various range of bars and restaurants to choose from just a few

推理判断题。根据第一段With its pretty sandy beaches, deep blue waters and year-round sunshine, it's clear to see why St. Pete is a popular tourist destination among travelers from around the world.(有着美丽的沙滩、深蓝的海水和全年的阳光,很清楚为什么圣彼得是世界各地游客的热门旅游目的地。)"可知,作者一家选择到 St.Pete Beach 度假是因为它拥有美丽的沙滩、深蓝的海水和终年的阳光。故选 D 项。

【25 题详析】

细节理解题。根据第二段'We were soon greeted by a man offering us the use of one of his luxury beach cabanas (小屋) for the day at a very reasonable price and settled into a full day of relaxation. (很快,迎接我们的是一位男士,他以非常合理的价格为我们提供了一天的豪华海滩小屋,让我们放松了一整天。)"可知,作者一家选择在沙滩小屋度过一天是因为小屋的主人给了一个经济实惠的报价。故选 B 项。

【26 题详析】

细节理解题。根据第三段The only hardship was trying to decide where to dine each evening with so many tasty options!(唯一的困难是决定每天晚上在哪里吃饭,有这么多美味的选择!)"可知,因为有太多美味的食物可选择,所以他们很难决定去哪里吃饭。故选 C 项。

【27 题详析】

细节理解题。根据最后一段"On our return journey, we were excited to discover we were being followed by over a dozen dolphins, who were taking turns to leap out of the water playfully in the wake of our boat.(在我们的回程中,我们很兴奋地发现身后跟着十几只海豚,它们在我们的船后面轮流顽皮地跳出水面。)"可知,在回程中,作者一家兴奋地发现十几只海豚跟在他们船后轮番跳出水面嬉戏。故选 B 项。

C

Climate change is causing more areas to turn into deserts. This issue is affecting the lives of 250 million people as land that used to be good for farming becomes dry and unproductive.

Around one-third of the world's land is impacted, including regions in Africa, southern Europe, Asia and America.

Sand to Green is a Moroccan company that can transform a patch of desert into a sustainable (可持续的) and profitable plantation in five years, according to Wissal Ben Moussa, its co-founder and chief agricultural officer. The solution is using agroforestry (农林业) to create a new kind of agriculture that is sustainable and that can be resilient (有适应力的) in front of

climate change.

The system can be set up close to any source of salty water, which Sand to Green cleans using energy from the sun. It then grows different types of fruit trees and plants together in the same area—a method called mixed planting—and waters the plants’ roots directly with the cleaned water, to reduce water loss to the air. The soil is regenerated using what Sand to Green calls “green manure”, a mixture that includes compost, biochar(生物炭)and microorganisms that help the soil “wake up”. Biochar is a form of charcoal that can help dry soil hold on to water.

In a five-hectare trial in southern Morocco that’s been running since 2017, Sand to Green has tried out a variety of plants in search of the best performers. Among the intercropping herbs (草本植物) that have been successfully trialed are rosemary, geranium, vetiver and citronella, which Ben Moussa describes as “very low-maintenance and very high-profit”.

Sand to Green is now working to scale up to a 20-hectare commercial site, also in southern Morocco. It says a site of that size would cost around \$475,000 to set up and would start bringing financial returns in about five years.

According to Ben Moussa, with this system they create biodiversity, which means better soil, healthier crops and a bigger yield. The plantation can generate 1.5 times more yield, thus making more money than a farm that grows only one type of crop in the same space.

28. What phenomenon does the author describe in paragraph 1?

- A. Deforestation.
- B. Desertification.
- C. Global warming.
- D. Urbanization.

29. Why did Sand to Green use agroforestry?

- A. To preserve the crop’s survival rate.
- B. To protect water from pollution.
- C. To make a new type of soil.
- D. To help people adapt to climate change.

30. What can we learn about Sand to Green?

- A. It aims to plant more trees.
- B. It earns a good reputation.
- C. It develops new plants.
- D. It produces good results.

31. What does the underlined phrase “scale up” mean in paragraph 5?

- A. Expand. B. Object. C. Refer. D. Prefer.

【语篇解读】这是一篇说明文。主要介绍了气候变化导致越来越多的地区变成沙漠。这一问题正在影响 2.5 亿人的生活，因为过去适合耕种的土地变得干旱和贫瘠。摩洛哥的一家公司可以在五年内将一片沙漠变成一个可持续的、有利可图的种植园。

【答案】28. B 29. A 30. D 31. A

【28 题详析】

细节理解题。根据第一段“Climate change is causing more areas to turn into deserts. This issue is affecting the lives of 250 million people as land that used to be good for farming becomes dry and unproductive. Around one-third of the world’s land is impacted, including regions in Africa, southern Europe, Asia and America.”（气候变化导致越来越多的地区变成沙漠。这一问题正在影响 2.5 亿人的生活，因为过去适合耕种的土地变得干旱和贫瘠。全球约三分之一的土地受到影响，包括非洲、南欧、亚洲和美洲地区。）可知，作者在第一段描述了沙漠化的现象。故选 B 项。

【29 题详析】

细节理解题。根据第二段中“The solution is using agroforestry(农林业)to create a new kind of agriculture that is sustainable and that can be resilient(有适应力的)in front of climate change.”

（解决方案是利用农林业来创造一种可持续的新型农业，这种农业可以在气候变化面前具有弹性。）以及第三段中“The soil is regenerated using what Sand to Green calls “green manure”, a mixture that includes compost, biochar(生物炭)and microorganisms that help the soil “wake up”.”

（土壤的再生使用“从沙到绿”所谓的“绿肥”，这是一种混合物，包括堆肥、生物炭和微生物，可以帮助土壤“苏醒”。）可知，沙改绿采用农林业是因为可以保持作物的存活率。故选 A 项。

【30 题详析】

推理判断题。根据第四段中“Among the intercropping herbs(草本植物)that have been successfully trialed are rosemary, geranium, vetiver and citronella, which Ben Moussa describes as “very low-maintenance and very high-profit”.”（在已成功试验的间作草药中，有迷迭香、天竺葵、香根草和香茅，本·穆萨称这些草药“维护成本低，利润高”。）可推知，从沙到绿，我们能了解到它产生了良好的效果。故选 D 项。

【31 题详析】

词义猜测题。根据第五段中“It says a site of that size would cost around \$475,000 to set up and

would start bringing financial returns in about five years.”（该公司表示，这种规模的网站将花费约 47.5 万美元来建立，并将在大约五年内开始带来经济回报。）由此可知，此处为“从沙到绿”目前正在努力扩大到 20 公顷的商业用地。故可猜测划线短语 scale up 为“扩大”的意思，结合选项 A 项 Expand“扩大”意思一致。故选 A 项。

D

A sugar replacement called erythritol (赤藓糖醇) has been linked to blood clotting (血液凝固), stroke, heart attack and death, according to a new study.

“The degree of risk was not modest,” said lead study author Dr. Stanley Hazen. People with existing risk factors for heart disease will be twice as likely to experience the risk if they have the highest levels of erythritol in their blood. Erythritol appears to be causing blood platelets (血小板) to clot more readily. Clots can break off and travel to the heart or the brain, causing a heart attack or a stroke.

Erythritol is a sugar alcohol, a carb found naturally in many fruits and vegetables. However, artificially manufactured in massive quantities, erythritol has become an extremely popular additive to low-carb products.

The discovery of the connection between erythritol and cardiovascular issues was purely accidental. Hazen’s research had a simple goal: find unknown chemicals or compounds in a person’s blood. To do so, the team analyzed 1,157 blood samples. “We found this substance that seemed to play a big role, but we didn’t know it was erythritol, a sweetener until later,” said Hazen. To confirm the findings, the team tested another two batches of blood samples and found that higher levels of erythritol were connected to a greater risk of heart attack, stroke or death within three years.

“This certainly sounds an alarm,” said Dr. Andrew Freeman, director of a hospital in Denver. “Science needs to take a deeper dive into erythritol and in a hurry, because this substance is widely available right now. If it’s harmful, we should know about it.”

Hazen agreed, “I normally don’t get up on a pedestal (崇高地位) and sound the alarm, but this is something that I think we need to be looking at carefully.”

32. About the risk, what does Hazen’s word in paragraph 2 mean?

- A. It is not worth considering.
- B. It is removed by erythritol.

vegetables. However, artificially manufactured in massive quantities, erythritol has become an extremely popular additive to low-carb products.”（赤藓糖醇是一种糖醇，是一种存在于许多水果和蔬菜中的天然碳水化合物。然而，大量人工制造的赤藓糖醇已经成为一种非常受欢迎的低碳水化合物产品添加剂。）可知，赤藓糖醇它被广泛应用于食品中。故选 B 项。

【34 题详 析】

推理判断题。根据倒数第二段““This certainly sounds an alarm,” said Dr. Andrew Freeman, director of a hospital in Denver. “Science needs to take a deeper dive into erythritol and in a hurry, because this substance is widely available right now. If it’s harmful, we should know about it.””

（丹佛一家医院的院长安德鲁·弗里曼博士说：“这无疑敲响了警钟。”“科学需要对赤藓糖醇进行更深入的研究，而且要抓紧时间，因为这种物质现在已经广泛存在。如果它有害，我们应该知道它。”）可推知，科学应该对赤藓糖醇进行进一步的研究。故选 D 项。

【35 题详 析】

主旨大意题。根据文章大意以及第一段 A sugar replacement called erythritol (赤藓糖醇) has been linked to blood clotting (血液凝固), stroke, heart attack and death, according to a new study.”（一项新的研究表明，一种名为赤藓糖醇的糖替代品与血液凝固、中风、心脏病发作和死亡有关。）可知，文章主要讲的是研究表明，一种名为赤藓糖醇的糖替代品与血液凝固、中风、心脏病发作和死亡有关。故文章最好的标题是“发现赤藓糖醇的潜在健康风险”。故选 B 项。

第二节 (共 5 小题; 每小题 2.5 分, 满分 12.5 分)

阅读下面短文, 从短文后的选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

We watch our salt and fat intake to protect our hearts. We exercise and take calcium to protect our bones. We use sunscreen to protect our skin. 36 A lot. We asked experts what lifestyle steps people should be taking to protect their vision and eye health.

Invest in quality sunglasses. Protecting the eyes from ultraviolet rays (紫外线) is very important. 37 To shield your eyes, wear sunglasses certified to block out 99 to 100 per cent of UVA and UVB rays.

38 You don’t have to be doing construction work or factory work to need protective eyewear. Gardening, yardwork, home repairs and sports all pose the risk of trauma (损伤) to the eyes. It’s estimated that up to 90 per cent of sports-related eye injuries are actually preventable with proper eye protection. Experts recommend wearing sports or safety glasses with

poly-carbonate lenses, which are a type of plastic that will not easily shatter or break.

Take a break from screens. 39 But staring at a screen can leave eyes fatigued (疲惫的) and may blur vision. Experts suggest following the 20-20-20 rule: Every 20 minutes, take a break and look at something about 20 feet away for 20 seconds.

Get your eyes checked regularly. That means having your eyes tested by an optometrist or health care provider every one to two years. Don't forget to see an eye specialist for a checkup regularly, if possible. 40

- A. Stay away from dangerous work.
- B. Wear safety glasses when needed.
- C. But how can we protect our eyes from screen?
- D. But what can we do to protect our eyes all year round?
- E. Not all eye problems are noticeable, and all are best treated when found early.
- F. It's one of the biggest things in our environment to have an impact on the eyes.
- G. There's no scientific evidence that the light from electronic screens damages eyes.

【语篇解读】这是一篇说明文。文章给出了保护眼睛和视力的建议。

【答案】36. D 37. F 38. B 39. G 40. E

【36题详析】

根据上文“*We watch our salt and fat intake to protect our hearts. We exercise and take calcium to protect our bones. We use sunscreen to protect our skin.*(我们注意盐和脂肪的摄入量以保护我们的心脏。我们通过锻炼和补充钙来保护骨骼。我们使用防晒霜来保护皮肤。)”和下文“*A lot. We asked experts what lifestyle steps people should be taking to protect their vision and eye health.*(很多。我们向专家询问了人们应该采取哪些生活方式来保护他们的视力和眼睛健康。)”可知，上文是关于如何保护心脏、骨骼和皮肤的，而下文都是关于如何保护眼睛，空处应该询问保护眼睛的方法。D项：*But what can we do to protect our eyes all year round?*(但是我们能做些什么来全年保护我们的眼睛呢?)由前文内容过渡到保护眼睛，符合语境。故选D。

【37题详析】

根据上文“*Protecting the eyes from ultraviolet rays (紫外线) is very important.*(保护眼睛免受紫外线照射是非常重要的。)”和下文“*To shield your eyes, wear sunglasses certified to block out 99 to 100 per cent of UVA and UVB rays.*(为了保护你的眼睛，戴上经过认证的能阻挡99%到100%

UVA 和 UVB 射线的太阳镜。)可知, 本段提出的建议是戴上太阳镜来保护眼睛免受紫外线照射, F 项: It's one of the biggest things in our environment to have an impact on the eyes.(这是我们生活环境中对眼睛影响最大的因素之一。)中的“it”指代上文中的“ultraviolet ray”, 符合语境。故选 F。

【38 题详 析】

空处为段落主旨句。根据下文“It's estimated that up to 90 per cent of sports-related eye injuries are actually preventable with proper eye protection. Experts recommend wearing sports or safety glasses with poly-carbonate lenses, which are a type of plastic that will not easily shatter or break.(据估计, 高达 90%的与运动有关的眼部伤害实际上是通过适当的眼睛保护来预防的。专家建议戴有聚碳酸酯镜片的运动眼镜或安全眼镜, 聚碳酸酯镜片是一种不易破碎的塑料。)”可知, 本段建议在必要的时候都需要戴上安全眼镜。B 项: Wear safety glasses when needed.(必要时戴上安全眼镜。)符合语境。故选 B。

【39 题详 析】

根据下文“But staring at a screen can leave eyes fatigued (疲惫的) and may blur vision.(但是盯着屏幕会让眼睛疲劳, 可能会模糊视力。)”可知, 空处和下文形成转折关系, 说明电子屏幕发出的光不一定会损害眼睛。G 项: There's no scientific evidence that the light from electronic screens damages eyes.(没有科学证据表明电子屏幕发出的光会损害眼睛。)符合语境。故选 G。

【40 题详 析】

根据上文“Get your eyes checked regularly. That means having your eyes tested by an optometrist or health care provider every one to two years. Don't forget to see an eye specialist for a checkup regularly, if possible.(定期检查眼睛。这意味着每一到两年让验光师或医疗保健提供者检查你的眼睛。如果可能的话, 不要忘记定期去看眼科专家检查。)”可知, 本段主要建议定期检查眼睛, 空处承接上文, 说明定期检查眼睛的好处就是及早发现问题并进行治疗。E 项: Not all eye problems are noticeable, and all are best treated when found early.(并非所有的眼部问题都是显而易见的, 而且及早发现最好治疗。)符合语境。故选 E。

第三部分 语言运用 (共两节, 满分 30 分)

第一节 (共 15 小题; 每小题 1 分, 满分 15 分)

阅读下面短文, 从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

I'm a teacher at a local high school. One day, I found myself 41 a brilliant moment in

the cafeteria. During lunch, I noticed one of my 42 Jason holding up his tray (托盘) with a confused expression. 43, he was having trouble deciding where to sit in the 44 cafeteria. After some hesitation, he approached a table where a few students were absorbed in their own 45 and asked if he could join them. They welcomed him, and he 46, looking content.

Moments later, another student approached the table and asked if he could join them. Jason seized the 47 to introduce an element of fun and challenge. He asked the boy if he could answer a riddle before joining them. Interested, the boy 48, and Jason presented him with the riddle: “What has 49 but can’t open locks?” After a moment of thought, the boy admitted he didn’t know the answer. With a mischievous grin, Jason pointed to the piano in the corner of the cafeteria and 50 that the answer was “a piano”. The other students 51. The table soon became known as the “riddle table”, attracting students who were 52 to solve riddles for the chance to join.

As a teacher, I couldn’t help but appreciate the 53 and friendship unfolded during the lunch period. It turns out that sometimes, a little intellectual challenge can 54 a random cafeteria table into the hottest spot in school. Definitely a 55 move by Jason.

- | | | | |
|--------------------|----------------|------------------|---------------|
| 41. A. witnessing | B. bringing | C. providing | D. exploring |
| 42. A. teachers | B. customers | C. students | D. colleagues |
| 43. A. Ideally | B. Obviously | C. Modestly | D. Literally |
| 44. A. fashionable | B. splendid | C. beautiful | D. crowded |
| 45. A. professions | B. territories | C. conversations | D. situations |
| 46. A. ran away | B. settled in | C. stepped out | D. looked up |
| 47. A. opportunity | B. emphasis | C. advocate | D. absence |
| 48. A. resisted | B. calmed | C. hesitated | D. agreed |
| 49. A. doors | B. arms | C. keys | D. legs |
| 50. A. insisted | B. revealed | C. suggested | D. thought |
| 51. A. laughed | B. exploded | C. shouted | D. apologized |
| 52. A. clever | B. tired | C. eager | D. afraid |
| 53. A. creativity | B. kindness | C. mission | D. relation |
| 54. A. load | B. inject | C. feed | D. turn |

55. A. curious B. genius C. suitable D. powerful

【语篇解读】这是一篇记叙文。文章讲述了作者在学校食堂看到的一个令人印象深刻的时刻。

【答案】41. A 42. C 43. B 44. D 45. C 46. B 47. A 48. D 49. C 50. B 51. A 52. C 53. A 54. D 55. B

【41 题详 析】

考查动词词义辨析。句意：有一天，我发现自己在自助餐厅见证了一个辉煌的时刻。A. witnessing 目击；B. bringing 带来；C. providing 提供；D. exploring 探索。根据“a brilliant moment in the cafeteria.”可知，作者见证了一个辉煌的时刻。故选 A。

【42 题详 析】

考查名词词义辨析。句意：午餐时，我注意到我的一个学生杰森带着一种困惑的表情拿着他的盘子。A. teachers 老师；B. customers 顾客；C. students 学生；D. colleagues 同事。根据“I’m a teacher at a local high school.”和“he approached a table where a few students”可知，Jason 是作者的学生。故选 C。

【43 题详 析】

考查副词词义辨析。句意：显然，他在拥挤的自助餐厅里找不到座位。A. Ideally 理想地，理论上；B. Obviously 明显地；C. Modestly 谦虚地；D. Literally 字面上。根据“he was having trouble deciding where to sit”和“After some hesitation”可知，显然，他找不到座位。故选 B。

【44 题详 析】

考查形容词词义辨析。句意同上。A. fashionable 时尚的；B. splendid 壮观的；C. beautiful 美丽的；D. crowded 拥挤的。根据“Moments later, another student approached the table and asked if he could join them.”可知，食堂很拥挤，没有很多空余的座位。故选 D。

【45 题详 析】

考查名词词义辨析。句意：犹豫了一阵之后，他走近一张桌子，那里有几个学生正在全神贯注地交谈，他问他是否可以加入他们。A. professions 职业；B. territories 领土；C. conversations 谈话；D. situations 情况。根据“asked if he could join them”可知，那几个学生正在交谈。故选 C。

【46 题详 析】

考查动词短语辨析。句意：他们欢迎他，他安顿下来，看起来很满足。A. ran away 逃跑；B. settled in 定居，安顿下来；C. stepped out 离开，退出；D. looked up 查阅，向上看。根据“They welcomed him”可知，他找到座位安顿下来。故选 B。

【47 题详 析】

考查名词词义辨析。句意：Jason 抓住机会引入了有趣和挑战的元素。A. opportunity 机会；B. emphasis 强调，重点；C. advocate 拥护者，支持者；D. absence 缺席。根据“He asked the boy if he could answer a riddle before joining them.”可知，Jason 让那个男孩猜谜语，因此是抓住机会引入有趣和挑战的元素。故选 A。

【48 题详 析】

考查动词词义辨析。句意：男孩很感兴趣，同意了，杰森给他出了一个谜语：“什么东西有钥匙却打不开锁？”A. resisted 抵制；B. calmed 使平静下来；C. hesitated 犹豫；D. agreed 同意。根据“Jason presented him with the riddle”可知，男孩同意了 Jason 的提议。故选 D。

【49 题详 析】

考查名词词义辨析。句意同上。A. doors 门；B. arms 手臂；C. keys 琴键，钥匙；D. legs 腿。根据下文“that the answer was “a piano”.”可知，此处的谜语是“什么东西有钥匙却打不开锁？”，key 也有琴键的意思。故选 C。

【50 题详 析】

考查动词词义辨析。句意：杰森调皮地笑了笑，指着餐厅角落里的钢琴，说〔答案〕是“钢琴”。A. insisted 坚持；B. revealed 揭露；C. suggested 建议；D. thought 认为。根据“After a moment of thought, the boy admitted he didn't know the answer.”可知，Jason 揭开谜底。故选 B。

【51 题详 析】

考查动词词义辨析。句意：其他学生都笑了。A. laughed 笑；B. exploded 爆炸；C. shouted 喊叫；D. apologized 道歉。根据“The table soon became known as the “riddle table”, attracting students”可知，猜谜语的游戏吸引了很多学生，因此其他学生觉得有趣，笑了。故选 A。

【52 题详 析】

考查形容词词义辨析。句意：这张桌子很快就被称为“谜语桌”，吸引了渴望猜谜的学生加入。A. clever 聪明的；B. tired 劳累的；C. eager 渴望的；D. afraid 害怕的。根据“to solve riddles for the chance to join”可知，此处表示猜谜语游戏吸引了很多渴望参加的学生。故选 C。

【53 题详 析】

考查名词词义辨析。句意：作为一名教师，我不禁欣赏午餐期间展现的创造力和友谊。A. creativity 创造力；B. kindness 善良；C. mission 使命，任务；D. relation 关系。根据“It turns out that sometimes, a little intellectual challenge can _____ a random cafeteria table into the hottest spot in school.”

可知，一个小小的智力挑战可以把一张随机的食堂桌子变成学校里最热门的地方，这是富有创造力的事。故选 A。

【54 题详 析】

考查动词词义辨析。句意：事实证明，有时候，一个小小的智力挑战可以把一张随机的食堂桌子变成学校里最热门的地方。A. load 承载，装载；B. inject 给……注射；C. feed 喂养；D. turn 转变，转向。根据“a random cafeteria table into the hottest spot in school.”可知，把一张随机的食堂桌子变成学校里最热门的地方，turn...into...为固定搭配，意为“把……转变成……”。故选 D。

【55 题详 析】

考查名词和形容词词义辨析。句意：绝对是杰森的天才之举。A. curious 好奇的；B. genius 天才般的；C. suitable 合适的；D. powerful 强大的，有影响力的。根据“a little intellectual challenge can _____ a random cafeteria table into the hottest spot in school.”可知，作者认为这一切都是 Jason 的天才之举。故选 B。

第二节 (共 10 小题; 每小题 1.5 分, 满分 15 分)

阅读下面短文, 在空白处填入 1 个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

On Thursday morning, Jason Sean joined a long line of people 56 (eager) waiting to buy a commemorative Year of the Dragon stamp 57 (issue) by the US Postal Service. He was among the 58 (participant) who waited at the International District/Chinatown Community Center in Seattle, Washington, for the first day of the issue ceremony for the stamp. Sean said 59 (purchase) stamps to celebrate the Lunar New Year is a tradition in his family.

For many Asian Americans, the Lunar New Year offers the chance 60 (leave) behind the troubles of the past year and invite prosperity and good luck moving forward. This Year of the Dragon stamp ceremony 61 (recognize) the importance of the diversity and cultural significance Asian Americans bring to the United States and provides Seattle with 62 opportunity to promote the significance of the Lunar New Year.

63 more than three decades, the Postal Service has issued stamps highlighting the Lunar New Year, and it has been some of the most successful stamp releases in the long history of the Postal Service, 64 has various workplaces in the United States, and its customer base is as 65 (diversity) as the country itself. This stamp is a great example that reflects the

nation's rich, multicultural heritage and traditions.

【语篇解读】这是一篇说明文。文章通过杰森·肖恩(Jason Sean)排队购买美国邮政发行的龙年纪念邮票，反映了这个国家丰富的多元文化遗产和传统。

【答案】56. eagerly 57. issued 58. participants 59. purchasing 60. to leave
61. recognizes 62. an 63. For 64. which 65. diverse

【56题详析】

考查副词。句意：周四早上，杰森·肖恩(Jason Sean)加入了排队购买美国邮政发行的龙年纪念邮票的队伍。修饰动词 waiting，需用副词 eagerly，作状语。故填 eagerly。

【57题详析】

考查非谓语动词。句意同上。空处修饰 a commemorative Year of the Dragon stamp，作后置定语，二者为逻辑动宾关系，需用过去分词形式 issued。故填 issued。

【58题详析】

考查名词。句意：他是在华盛顿州西雅图的国际区/唐人街社区中心等待邮票发行仪式第一天的参与者之一。空处需填名词，作表语，结合 among 可知，此处为名词复数形式。故填 participants。

【59题详析】

考查非谓语动词。句意：肖恩说，买邮票庆祝农历新年是他们家的传统。said 后面为省略了 that 的宾语从句，空处需填动名词 purchasing，作主语。故填 purchasing。

【60题详析】

考查非谓语动词。句意：对许多亚裔美国人来说，农历新年提供了一个机会，让他们放下过去一年的烦恼，迎接繁荣和好运的到来。空处修饰名词 chance，需用动词不定式作后置定语。故填 to have。

【61题详析】

考查动词时态和主谓一致。句意：今年的龙年邮票发行仪式认识到亚裔美国人给美国带来的多样性和文化意义的重要性，并为西雅图提供了一个推广农历新年重要性的机会。根据 This year 可知，陈述客观事实，使用一般现在时，主语为 This Year of the Dragon stamp ceremony，谓语动词使用第三人称单数形式。故填 recognizes。

【62题详析】

考查冠词。句意同上。opportunity 为可数名词，此处表示泛指，且 opportunity 发音以元音音素开头，需用不定冠词 an 修饰。故填 an。

【63题详析】

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