

2023-2024 学年度高一第一学期期末考试

英语试卷

注意事项:

- 1.答卷前,考生务必将自己的姓名,班级,准考证号码等信息填写在答题卡上。
- 2.作答时,务必将答案写在答题卡上,写在本试卷及草稿纸上无效。
- 3.考试结束后,将答题卡交回。

第一部分听力(20 小题,每小题 1 分,满分 20 分)

第一节听下面 4 段对话。每段对话后有一个小题,从题中所给的 A,B,C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。听完每段对话后,你都有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

1. What will the man do on Friday morning?
A. Give a lecture. B. Go on a business trip. C. Attend a parents' meeting.
2. What caused the woman to come home late?
A. Attending an interview. B. Seeing a doctor. C. Visiting Peter.
3. Where will the speakers go?
A. To the woman's house. B. To the man's company. C. To a restaurant.
4. What are the speakers talking about?
A. William's travel experiences.
B. The woman's views on traveling.
C. The importance of making travel plans.

第二节听下面 5 段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题,从所听到的内容中获取信息,回答相应小题。听每段对话或独白前,你将有时间阅读各个小题,每小题 5 秒钟;听完后,各小题将给出 5 秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

听第 5 段材料,回答第 5,6 题。

5. When did Jack begin reading?
A. At 4:40. B. At 5:00. C. At 5:30.
6. What does the woman want Jack to do?
A. Relax his eyes. B. Read more books. C. Go shopping with her.

听第 6 段材料,回答第 7 至 9 题。

7. What disaster struck the forest near the mountain town?
A. An earthquake. B. A flood. C. A wildfire.
8. What does David think of those motorcyclists?
A. Brave and responsible. B. Strong and successful. C. Smart and kindhearted.

9. What does the woman do?

A. A teacher. B. A reporter. C. A film-maker.

听第 7 段材料,回答第 10 至 12 题。

10. What will the man do in Miami?

A. Give a performance. B. Attend a music festival. C. Meet his cousin.

11. Why does the man choose to take a train?

A. It is fast. B. It is cheap. C. It is enjoyable

12. What does Daisy offer to do for the man?

A. Book a hotel room. B. Introduce a friend to him. C. Find a place to live.

听第 8 段材料,回答第 13 至 15 题。

13. Where did James get the news about the City Kitchen program?

A. From the Internet. B. From a friend. C. From his boss.

14. How often does James do volunteer work?

A. Three times a week. B. Five times a week. C. Seven times a week.

15. What is the probable relationship between James and Emma?

A. Teacher and student. B. Husband and wife. C. Colleagues.

听第 9 段材料,回答第 16 至 20 题。

Information table

Things I did last <u>16</u> holiday	spent some time doing some <u>17</u> every day
	caught up on <u>18</u>
	• took a(n) <u>19</u> • <u>20</u> a blog to write about the experience

第二部分单项选择(每小题 1 分,共 20 分)

1. Not only I but also Tom and Mary _____ fond of watching television.

A. are B. am C. is D. be

2. No sooner _____ down than the phone rang.

A. he sat B. had he sat C. sat he D. he had sat

3. This is the first time that I _____ such an interesting movie.

A. had seen B. seen C. saw D. have seen

4. There should be someone _____ you can turn for help.

A. from whom B. whom C. to whom D. who

5. Either John or his friends _____ to blame for the bad results.

A. are B. is C. be D. am

6. In the dark forest _____, some large enough to hold several English towns.
- A. are lying many lakes B. lie many lakes
C. many lakes lie D. lies many lakes
7. —Shall we go hiking this weekend?
—With all this work _____, I don't know if I'll have time to go out.
- A. doing B. to do C. done D. to be done
8. This is the factory _____ he used to work.
- A. that B. which C. where D. when
9. The professor was very disappointed because many a student _____ not interested in his class.
- A. were B. are C. was D. is
10. Out _____, with a stick in his hand.
- A. did John rush B. John rushed
C. rushed John D. John did rush
11. Tom wrote many children's books, nearly half _____ were about campus culture.
- A. of whom B. which C. of which D. of that
12. _____ on a true story, the film gets popular around the country.
- A. Basing B. Being based C. Based D. Bases
13. This is an old building _____ back to the 14th century.
- A. dating B. dated C. dates D. being dated
14. (2017·天津) Nowadays, cycling, along with jogging and swimming, _____ as one of the best all-round forms of exercise.
- A. regard B. is regarded
C. are regarded D. regards
15. Only when _____ hard _____ make your dream come true.
- A. do you work; you can B. you work; you can
C. do you work; can you D. you work; can you
16. China is the only country _____ wild pandas can be found.
- A. that B. which C. what D. where
17. Early to bed and early to rise _____ a good habit.
- A. are B. am C. is D. be
18. My own problems seem insignificant _____ with other people's.
- A. compared B. comparing C. being compared D. compare
19. In the past few years, great changes _____ in my hometown.

23. What is the purpose of the text?

- A. To sell posters.
- B. To report a bullying survey.
- C. To fight against bullying.
- D. To reveal a rise in bullying.

B

Pleasanton Partnerships in Education Foundation (PPIE) was started in 1987 to raise money by organizing running events for local schools. Based in Pleasanton, California, a suburb of San Francisco, the non-profit organization recently hosted a family-focused fitness event for the community. “Our event helps to bring the community together,” said Mindy Louie, events and outreach manager for PPIE. “We have more than 3,000 participants, hard-working volunteers and viewers.”

This year’s fitness event took place on April 30 at the Alameda County Fairgrounds. It featured races of two miles, five kilometers and ten kilometers. A new Kids Challenge consisted of a quarter-mile run to encourage younger children to participate. When asked to describe the run, 11-year-old Jeremy Louie said, “Fun, exciting and enjoyable.” Jeremy added that he was happy to help support his school.

PPIE supports all 15 schools in the Pleasanton Unified School District, which include more than 14, 500 students and 800 teachers and staff. The nonprofit organization tries to fund programs affected by budget cuts, while encouraging fitness and athleticism. To date, the PPIE has raised over \$1 million for the school district.

A local runners’ group called the BURN Youth Development (B. Y. D.) participated in the fundraising. The B.Y.D. has since grown to more than 100 youth members, 30 of whom ran in April’s PPIE event. Jerry Wu, the group’s founder and lead coach, explained that the B.Y.D. was born to keep kids running. “Watching them running strongly and happily makes me smile every time,” Jerry said.

Jerry encourages teamwork and teaches the students valuable running techniques. As a B.Y.D. member, Ollie Gu, an eighth grader, was one of the top finishers in the ten-kilometer run. He completed the race in 40 minutes and 46 seconds and won first place in the 12-to-15 year-old age group. “The race was extremely rewarding,” Ollie said. “I’m looking forward to it next year.”

24. Which race was recently created?

- A. A ten-kilometer run.
- B. A quarter-mile run.
- C. A five-kilometer run.
- D. A two-mile run.

25. Why does the author list some numbers in paragraph 3?

- A. To stress the great influence of PPIE.
- B. To show a small budget for education.
- C. To introduce the school district in brief.
- D. To advertise the organization’s programs.

26. What did both Jerry and Ollie want to convey?

- A. Their duties as athletes. B. Their feelings as coaches.
C. Their recognition of the B.Y.D. D. Their anticipation of the next run.
27. What is the text mainly about?
- A. Sports volunteers. B. Young sportsmen.
C. Running with teachers. D. Racing for education.

C

The Aviation Industry Corporation of China (AVIC), China's leading aircraft maker, created the country's first fully solar-powered drone (无人机). The large drone, Qimingxing 50, took off at 5:50 pm on September 3rd, 2022, from an airport in Yulin of Shaanxi Province and stayed in the air for 26 minutes before landing on the same runway. AVIC said that all systems of the unmanned plane functioned well on its first flight.

Powered by six electric motors with solar batteries, the drone is designed to conduct long-time operations in near space. Near space is that part of Earth's atmosphere at altitudes of 20 to 100 kilometers. It is above the top altitudes of commercial airliners but below orbiting satellites.

Qimingxing 50, also called "quasi-satellite", features high operational efficiency and eco-friendliness and will be tasked with high-altitude reconnaissance (侦察), forestry fire monitoring, atmospheric environmental inspection, aerial mapping, communication signal relay and other operations.

"Thanks to its capability to conduct very long endurance flights in near space, the drone can essentially become a substitute for satellites," a Chinese aerospace expert said. Satellite services are not always available due to the limited number of satellites and relatively fixed schedules of overhead passes. In time-sensitive missions, near-space drones can offset these disadvantages, the expert said, noting that satellite services could also be damaged in wartime, so near-space drones could replace them in this occasion.

The successful first flight of the Qimingxing-50 lays a solid foundation for the development of key technologies in the country's new energy field, the composite (复合的) material field, which will enhance China's ability to perform tasks in near space and over far oceans. AVIC will seize the opportunity to increase investment and speed up the development of large solar-powered unmanned aircraft.

28. What do we know about AVIC?
- A. It produced the world's largest unmanned plane.
B. It started the trend of using solar batteries in aircraft.
C. It developed China's first fully solar-powered drone.
D. It greatly improved the speed of commercial airliners.
29. What does paragraph 3 mainly tell us about Qimingxing 50?
- A. Its design features. B. Its diverse functions.

C. Its operating procedures. D. Its environmental benefits

30. What does the underlined word “offset” in paragraph 4 probably mean?

A. Detect. B. Expose. C. Analyze. D. Remove.

31. What will AVIC do in the future?

- A. Increase investment in the new energy industry.
- B. Accelerate the development of large solar drones.
- C. Create a new composite material to manufacture aircraft.
- D. Make Qimingxing-50 conduct long-time tasks over far seas.

D

A lunar crystal (水晶) was found in lunar basalt particles (玄武岩颗粒) collected from the moon in 2020 when the Chinese moon mission landed in Oceanus Procellarum, returning with more than 1.7 kg of lunar samples delivered safely to the Earth.

The crystal found on the near side of the moon is giving scientists hope of providing limitless power for the world forever. It is made of material previously unknown to the scientific community and contains a key ingredient for the nuclear fusion (核聚变) process, a form of power generation that uses the same forces that fuel the sun and other stars. It is transparent and roughly the width of a single human hair, and it formed in a region of the moon where volcanoes were active around 1.2 billion years ago.

One of the primary ingredients found in this crystal is helium-3 (氦-3), which scientists believe may provide a stable fuel source for nuclear fusion reactors. The element is incredibly rare on the Earth, but it seems to be fairly common on the moon. China’s next moon mission is expected to be carried out by Chang’e 6 in 2024, which will attempt to collect the first samples from the far side of the moon, which never faces the Earth.

Although it is too early for scientists to have made financial estimates on such a fuel source, it will undoubtedly be extremely costly. There is, of course, the matter of bringing the crystals back from the moon, especially in large amounts that are needed to fuel fusion reactors.

Helium-3 produces significantly less radiation and nuclear waste than other elements. The current nuclear fusion process has raised serious safety concerns, and as a result, scientists have been searching for a way to create nuclear power from nuclear fusion. During the fusion process, radioactive waste is not produced, potentially making a securer and more efficient fuel source.

Around 25 tons of helium-3 could power the US for a year. Multiple private companies and countries with space agencies have signaled their intentions to mine the moon for helium-3, and this latest discovery could kick start the race.

32. What can we learn about the crystal?

- A. It is 1.7 centimeters wide.
- B. It is expected to power the Earth.

- A. Use those to improve your explanation
- B. To do so, take a critical look at your explanation
- C. Make sure that your explanation is interest-based
- D. Your explanations need to be short and to the point
- E. The Feynman Technique works best with a repeat
- F. It's important that you clearly know the topics you're trying to learn
- G. Explaining the topic simply enough to be understood by a sixth-grade student

第四部分完形填空(每小题 1 分,共 15 分)

阅读下面短文,从短文后各题所给的 A,B,C 和 D 四个选项中,选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

It is getting hot. It's time to put on 41 clothes and open up the windows.

Yesterday brought a(n) 42 visit to the kitchen during the brief time we were out. Two daring sparrows had 43 into a dangerous territory—our kitchen.

When you come across such sudden callers, you are 44 to sense it as an action of intruding (入侵) into your comfort zone, or you might 45 it as a lovely shining moment of life. We 46—the second option, with no hesitation. After all, we've never stopped feeling urgent to strengthen the relationship with our sparrows more and more each day.

We can't stop 47 and celebrating their dance from our window. We fed them with the 48 on our tablecloth after every meal. And we have 49 them with every kind of bases and stands on our terrace (露台).

50, they feel at ease in our backyard. And that has led them to 51 courage to slip into our house. Perhaps because they have the feeling that we don't consider them 52, but friendly neighbors, who only leave some wastes from time to time.

The presence of our dear sparrow holds magical consistency with real life. And we've been having lovely sparrows coming over lately, whose presence 53 us out of our dull daily routines and shows us the hidden beauty and charm.

Like different human beings, these sparrows often take different forms. We've met sparrows like those, of all shapes and colors. And they're everywhere. Perhaps all of them are willing to call our 54 making us know they are there. They only ask from us not to be afraid of them or feel uneasy to their 55.

- | | | | |
|--------------------|------------------|---------------|---------------|
| 41. A. tighter | B. lighter | C. bigger | D. cleaner |
| 42. A. unstoppable | B. uncomfortable | C. unforeseen | D. unwelcomed |
| 43. A. slipped | B. walked | C. advanced | D. spread |
| 44. A. proud | B. safe | C. afraid | D. likely |
| 45. A. keep | B. watch | C. receive | D. collect |
| 46. A. chose | B. hit | C. bit | D. rose |

47. A. designing B. observing C. managing D. preparing
48. A. vegetables B. fruits C. goods D. leftovers
49. A. provided B. equipped C. comforted D. satisfied
50. A. Repeatedly B. Surprisingly C. Undoubtedly D. Traditionally
51. A. lose B. seek C. give D. gather
52. A. intruders B. strangers C. instructors D. breakers
53. A. forces B. draws C. cuts D. drives
54. A. agreement B. attention C. acceptance D. expression
55. A. impression B. expression C. existence D. difference

第五部分语法填空(每小题 1.5 分,共 15 分)

阅读下面短文,在空白处填入 1 个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

Paper cutting is one of the most popular decorative Chinese handicrafts. It is popular for its low cost and artistry. Rural women often make paper cuttings in their spare time when farming is not busy. As a 56 (reflect) of its philosophical origins, paper cutting is comprehensive and attractive. Moreover, folk paper cutting conveys (表达) the content and nature of traditional culture with 57 (it) own particular language.

The history of paper cutting 58 (date) back to around the 6th century. From the 7th to 13th century, paper cutting became popular 59 (especial) during Chinese festivals. The art spread to the rest of the world in the 14th century.

These days, with a pair of scissors 60 a piece of red paper, Fu Zhao'e from the Ningxia Hui autonomous region cut out an image of Argentina football star Lionel Messi within a couple of minutes.

Since the Qatar World Cup 61 (start), Fu, 63, has been creating works of football superstars, 62 are favored by a lot of her friends. "I can cut out anything that I can picture in my mind, people, animals and scenery 63 (include)," said Fu, 64 (add) that people say the cuttings were lifelike.

Fu is a national-level inheritor (继承人) of paper-cutting. Her works show the customs of northwestern China and have strong ethnic characteristics. She was recognized as 65 Chinese folk craft artist by UNESCO.

第六部分基础知识(每小题 0.5 分,共 10 分)

66. The band has gone on tour to p_____ (促销,推销) their new album.(根据中英文提示填空)
67. Her ankle caught on a root, and she almost lost her b_____ (平衡).(根据中英文提示填空)
68. We need to e_____ (建立) a legal framework for the protection of the environment. (根据中英文提示填空)
69. At the current rate of decline, many of the rain forest animals could go e_____ (灭绝) in less than 10 years. (根据中英文提示填空)

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