

Unit3 Teenage problems

【A 卷（基础专练）】

一、根据首字母提示填写单词（10分）

1. I read the book named *Jane Eyre*. I think it is worth r_____ a second time.
2. To his surprise and relief, his teammates all nodded in a_____.
3. My friends were m_____ at me for waking them up so early.
4. Mr. Feng is helpful, he gave us many s_____ on how to learn English well.
5. I could h_____ hear his speech because of all the noise.
6. To break the s_____, the teacher told a joke and the students all laughed happily.
7. Someone broke into the house. Luckily, nothing v_____ was stolen.
8. It's necessary for us to learn how to d_____ with the stress in our daily life.
9. There is no d_____ that to study abroad gives you a good opportunity to learn things.
10. It doesn't sound like a wise c_____. You had better think it over before making a decision.

二、用所给单词适当形式填空（10分）

11. There may be good reasons why it is worth _____ (develop) AI technology, but I haven't thought of any so far.
 12. They haven't found the way to _____ the maths problem yet. (solution)
 13. The most important thing is to reach an _____ (agree) and to avoid a trade war.
 14. He said this movie was worth _____ (watch) twice.
 15. When I feel bored or _____ (happy), I often go to ask her for help. She will talk to me and tell me interesting things.
 16. How many cities are _____ (mention) in this paragraph?
 17. His leg hurt. The wound kept him _____ (wake) for the night.
 18. It's worth _____ (try) to use new technology in education.
 19. Li Hua is so clever and he can answer all the questions _____ (correct).
 20. — You seemed busy when I walked past. Have you got a minute now, sir?
— Sure. I _____ (reply) to an important e-mail. It's done. So, what's up?
- 三、单项选择（10分）
21. — We're doing a lot to protect our environment, but it's not enough!
— So we should try _____ to protect it.

A. hard B. hardly C. hardest D. harder

22. Everyone grows old, _____ not everyone grows up.

A. and B. or C. but D. so

23. Which do you want, Mary? You can't have all of them. You have to make a _____.

A. wish B. choice C. survey D. call

24. —These problems are too hard to _____. Will you give me some suggestions?

—OK. I think the most important thing is to have a careful plan.

A. work out B. cut up C. put away

25. —I have different opinions with my friends. What should I do?

—You can express your opinions _____ instead of arguing with them.

A. correctly B. warmly C. quickly D. actively

26. —What volunteer work would you like to do?

—I'd like to _____ sick people in the hospital.

A. turn up B. stay up C. look up D. cheer up

27. —I really don't know how to _____ my clothes. I have no place to hold them.

—Why not give them to the homeless people.

A. connect with B. do with C. deal with D. share with

28. —I'd like to know more about the history of Suqian City.

—Why not search for _____ on the Internet?

A. suggestions B. information C. advice D. documentaries

29. I don't think parents should be too strict _____ teenagers.

A. at B. in C. with D. for

30. — Why do you have time to care for the homeless cats?

— _____ the “double reduction” policy (双减政策), I have more free time.

A. As for B. Thanks to C. Thanks for D. According to

四、完形填空（10分）

通读下面短文，掌握其大意，然后从所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出最佳选项。

When I was a teenager growing up in France, I wanted to leave school and have ____ 31 ____ own life. The only way I could do this was to work in the local paper factory in my town or get married. I was very nervous when I told my ____ 32 ____ I wanted to leave school. I thought he would say, “No! You are going to college.” I was very ____ 33 ____ when he said, “OK. Let's go to the paper factory.”

Two days later, he took me to the factory. I imagined everyone to be friends, _____ 34 _____ together and having fun. I even imagined there would be music and singing. I _____ 35 _____, I had watched too many movies as a teenager.

When we arrived at the factory gate, my father spoke to the guard and one minute later we were inside. I walked around the factory looking at the building, the workers and listening to the noise. It was terrible. I _____ 36 _____ from the building and hurried towards to my father and said, "I want to go home."

He asked me, "What do you think of the factory?"

"Too bad," I answered.

"And marriage is even _____ 37 _____!" he said.

I went back to school the next day thinking about studying hard _____ 38 _____ I could get into a good college. I enjoyed studying English so I decided to major in(主修) languages at college. Thanks to my father taking me to the paper factory and helping me to deal with my trouble _____ 39 _____, I now work at the United Nations and my father _____ 40 _____ me. I married a very good man and my life is much better than it would have been working in the factory!

31. A. his B. my C. her D. our
32. A. teacher B. friend C. father D. husband
33. A. useful B. wounded C. nervous D. surprised
34. A. working B. studying C. singing D. farming
35. A. guessed B. meant C. hoped D. discussed
36. A. took away B. put away C. threw away D. ran away
37. A. better B. harder C. worse D. easier
38. A. as if B. so that C. even though D. in order
39. A. carelessly B. simply C. properly D. suddenly
40. A. takes pride in B. takes part in C. takes time D. takes the place of

五、阅读理解 (20分)

A

Math is considered as a very difficult and boring subject by some students. They don't know how to learn it well. Here are some of the best math websites for students. If you have trouble learning math, they might be helpful to you.

Buzzmath

Buzzmath focuses on helping middle schoolers practice their math skills. It has high-quality questions, gives

immediate and detailed feedback (反馈), and lets students' progress at their own speed. Teachers of the online courses (课程) also receive detailed results that help them guide their students.

Grades: 6 to 9

Kahoot!

It is a popular website. Why not use it to teach math? Let your students make use of this game-based classroom-response system that can be used by the whole class in real time. Multiple-choice questions are shown on the screen, and then students answer them with their smartphones or computers.

Grades: K to 12

Math Central

Run by the University of Regina in Canada, this website offers free resources (资源) to math teachers and their students. Users can search for answers to math questions. They have a Human Face page including information about the possible jobs in math as well as the introduction of mathematicians.

Grades: K to 12

Numberock

Teachers know that one of the best ways of learning is through songs. Numberock features (以.....为特色) ad-free music videos of songs about math topics, like fractions, money, and integers, produced by an Emmy Award-winning studio. Numberock also has anchor charts, worksheets, comics, games and more.

Grades: K to 5

41. Who of the following will be most likely to visit Buzzmath?

- A. Teachers who are searching for free online resources.
- B. Students who like using smartphones or computers.
- C. Teachers who want to improve their ability to teach English.
- D. Middle school students who have difficulty in learning math.

42. What is the feature of "Kahoot!"?

- A. It is specially designed for home use.
- B. It only allows the top students to play math games.
- C. It allows the whole class to use it at the same time.
- D. It mainly offers difficult questions to university students.

43. Which website is helpful for people who want to find careers in math?

- A. "Kahoot!"
- B. Buzzmath.
- C. Math Central.
- D. Numberock.

44. What do we learn about Numberock?

- A. It usually costs users a little money.
- B. It provides fun ways for students to learn math.
- C. It focuses on students' ability to develop hobbies.
- D. It encourages students to create songs about math.

45. What is the purpose of the passage?

- A. To give tips on math learning.
- B. To compare four math websites.
- C. To advertise some free math websites.
- D. To introduce some useful math websites.

B

The *epidemic* (疫情) has changed our lives. It not only forces us to stay at home, but also changes the way we work, study and even go shopping. In many countries, the Novel Corona Virus Disease 2019 (COVID-19) has also changed the way people greet each other. To help stop the spread of the disease, people give up their usual greeting styles and invent safe ways. Let's take a look.

Lean forward, touch *cheeks* (脸颊) and make a kissing sounds. This is French people's favorite way of greeting. It's very romantic. But when facing the virus, kisses are not good. *Etiquette expert* (礼仪专家) Philippe Lichtfus gives people a suggestion: simply looking into a person's eyes can be a greeting. It's not so romantic but it's safe.

Like the French, Italians are also romantic people. When they meet, they always hug or kiss each other. Recently, an Italian grandma made a video to help everyone fight against the disease. She says that if you meet, you can close one of your eyes and give them a wink. Isn't it cute?

It's a very Australian thing to shake hands. But if you do this, the virus can jump from one person to another. Now a health official in Australia *says a pat* (轻拍) on the back would be better. But it also had some problems. For example, it's a bit rude if you do this to your teachers.

A video shows that an interesting greeting way is now popular in Iran. In the video, three Iranians meet and tap their feet against each other. They wear masks with their hands in their pockets. It looks like they are playing a fun game. If we can't shake hands, why not try to "shake" feet?

根据材料内容选择最佳答案。

46. Why do people give up their usual greeting styles nowadays?

- A. To make life more interesting.
- B. To change their study way.
- C. To protect themselves from the disease.
- D. To invent some new things.

47. What does the French people's favorite greeting way include?

①Touch cheeks. ②Hug each other. ③Make a kissing sound.

④Shaking feet ⑤Give a tap on the back.

⑥Lean forward. ⑦Look into a person's eyes.

A. ①②⑥

B. ③④⑤

C. ①③⑥

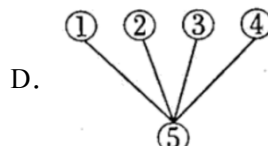
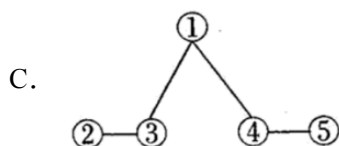
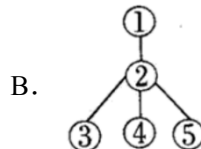
D. ②④⑦

48. What's the Italian grandma's suggestion to greet others?



49. The structure (结构) of the passage is _____.

(①=para. 1 ②=para. 2 ③=para. 3 ④=para. 4 ⑤=para. 5)



50. Where can we probably read this passage?

A. In a story book. B. In a science book. C. In a novel.

D. In a newspaper.

六、阅读填表 (10分)

根据短文内容, 完成下列表格。每空一词

Think I Can: How to Push Yourself to Success

"Because I can" is magic. It pushes us past our comfort zones(舒适区域). It gives us a reason to do the things that we think we can't. Here are a few ways to use this positive thinking in your own life.

Be More Active

Whether it is to go home or go to work, climb the stairs(楼梯) instead of taking the lift. Whether it is to go shopping or watch a film, ride a bike instead of driving a car. Break the "I'm tired" or "It is too hard" or "It is too far" cycle. Increasing your activity level will be good for you.

Try Something New

It is easy for us to make excuses for why we shouldn't try something new. Maybe you think it is out of your comfort zone. Maybe it seems too difficult. Or maybe, it is just inconvenient. Remember that you can try something new. It will help you to move past something bad and discover something new about yourself and

possible new interests.

Increase Your Willpower(意志力)

Saying “No” to our favorites can be challenging: However, developing strong willpower, whether it is in response(反应) to our favorite chocolate cake or to over shopping, is something that we can all benefit from. Next time you want to do something you might regret, you have the willpower to say “No”.

Speak Up

Often, we meet something that troubles us or makes us unhappy. We have a voice “because I can” in our minds. Talking with your loved ones, such as your parents and friends about how you feel, what you need and what you are thinking about can help you get on well with them and form deeper relationships.

Title: How to Push Yourself to ____ 51 ____ ____ 52 ____ Rushing out of Comfort Zone	
Be More Active	Increasing your activity level will be good for you, such as ____ 53 ____ the stairs or ____ 54 ____ a bike.
Try Something New	It is easy for you to make an excuse for ____ 55 ____ you shouldn't try new ____ 56 _____. Maybe you think it isn't convenient.
Increase Your Willpower	You have to ____ 57 ____ the willpower to challenge your own favorites. Next time you want to do ____ 58 ____ you might regret, remember you can say “No”.
Speak Up	Say “because I can” ____ 59 ____ your loved ones, such as your parents and ____ 60 _____.

七、短文首字母填空 (10 分)

阅读下面短文，根据短文内容及首字母提示，在空白处填入一个适当的单词。

Everyone knows that second-hand smoke is as dangerous as first-hand smoke. But have you h ____ 61 of “third-hand” smoke?

Third-hand smoke means the pollution left on the surfaces(表面) of things around, 1 ____ 62 ____ furniture or clothes. When someone smokes in a room, poisonous particles(粒子) in tobacco(烟草) smoke land on the surfaces of the furniture or his clothes, even after the cigarette(香烟) has been put out. This can c ____ 63 ____ a great danger to your family, especially younger children.

B ____ 64 ____ are more likely to be harmed by third-hand smoke. This is because they are often close to surfaces of things, such as floors, walls and furniture where tobacco particles remain. When they t ____ 65 these surfaces, they get their hands polluted.

So, it is necessary and important to r66 third-hand smoke. To achieve this, strict r67 for forbidding(禁止) smoking inside homes should be carried out. If one of your family members smokes, please make sure he smokes outside the h68. Get him a special jacket and hat, so once he f69 smoking, he will take them off before getting inside the house.

Moreover, make sure that a smoker washes his hands and face, and changes his clothes before picking up the baby. Many times, you cannot see the smoke doing harm to your child, but it doesn't mean he or she is s70. Give up smoking, or if that is not possible, make sure that your loved ones, far away from third-hand smoke.

八、书面表达（20分）

现在，很多中学生在家不做家务，针对此现象，你们学校就“中学生是否应该做家务”对部分家长和老师进行了调查，如表是调查的结果。请你根据以下内容写一篇短文并阐述你的观点和理由。

内容如下：

观点	理由
部分家长的观点：不必做家务	(1)只要学习好，不做家务也没关系； (2)年纪小，不会做家务。
老师的观点：应该做家务	(1)培养独立生活能力； (2)更好地了解父母。
你的观点和理由.....	

注意：

- (1)词数 80 词左右。开头已经写好，不计入总词数；
- (2)内容必须包括上表中的要点，可适当发挥；
- (3)文中不得出现真实的地点、校名和人名等信息。

Nowadays, many middle school students hardly do any housework. Some parents and teachers have different opinions about it.

Unit3 Teenage problems

【A 卷（基础专练）】

一、根据首字母提示填写单词（10分）

1. I read the book named *Jane Eyre*. I think it is worth r_____ a second time.

【答案】(r)eading

【详解】句意：我读过《简·爱》这本书。我认为这本书值得再读一遍。根据“I read the book”可知是指这本书值得再读一遍，read“阅读”，be worth doing sth“值得做某事”，故填(r)eading。

2. To his surprise and relief, his teammates all nodded in a_____.

【答案】(a)greement

【详解】句意：令他吃惊和宽慰的是，他的队友都点头同意。根据前文“nodded”可知，此处是指同意，由于横线前是介词，所以横线上是名词，由于首字母 a，所以是 agreement“同意”。故填(a)greement。

3. My friends were m_____ at me for waking them up so early.

【答案】(m)ad

【详解】句意：我的朋友们很生我的气，因为我这么早就把他们叫醒了。根据首字母及“for waking them up so early”可知，因为把朋友很早叫醒，所以朋友生“我”气。mad“生气的”，be mad at“对……生气”。故填(m)ad。

4. Mr. Feng is helpful, he gave us many s_____ on how to learn English well.

【答案】(s)uggestions

【详解】句意：冯老师很有帮助，他给了我们许多关于如何学好英语的建议。根据“Mr. Feng is helpful, he gave us many s...on how to learn English well.”可知，老师给了我们一些建议，suggestion“建议”，many 修饰可数名词复数，故填(s)uggestions。

5. I could h_____ hear his speech because of all the noise.

【答案】(h)ardly

【详解】句意：由于噪音太大，我几乎听不见他的讲话。根据“because of all the noise.”可知，此处指因为噪音大，所以几乎听不见他的讲话，根据句子结构，空处应填副词hardly“几乎不”修饰动词hear”。故填(h)ardly。

6. To break the s_____, the teacher told a joke and the students all laughed happily.

【答案】(s)ilence

【详解】句意：为了打破沉默，老师讲了一个笑话，学生们马上就笑了。根据“the teacher told a joke and the students all laughed happily”可知老师讲笑话是为了打破沉默，break the silence“打破沉默”。故填(s)ilence。

7. Someone broke into the house. Luckily, nothing v_____ was stolen.

【答案】(v)aluable

【详解】句意：有人闯进了房子，但幸运地是没有贵重物品被偷。形容词修饰不定代词“nothing”，放在不定代词之后，“valuable”，意为“有价值的”。故填(v)aluable。

8. It's necessary for us to learn how to d_____ with the stress in our daily life.

【答案】(d)deal

【详解】句意：我们有必要学习如何应对日常生活中的压力。deal with 表示“处理”，固定词组，空前是“how to...”，因此此处用动词原形。故填(d)deal。

9. There is no d_____ that to study abroad gives you a good opportunity to learn things.

【答案】(d)oubt

【详解】句意：毫无疑问在国外留学给了你一个好机会去学习东西。There is no doubt that...“毫无疑问”，doubt“疑问”，名词。故填(d)oubt。

10. It doesn't sound like a wise c_____. You had better think it over before making a decision.

【答案】(c)hoice

【详解】句意：这听起来不是一个明智的选择。在做决定之前，你最好考虑一下。根据“You had better think it over before making a decision.”及所给的首字母提示可知，这听起来不是一个明智的选择，choice 意为“选择”，可数名词，此处用单数形式。故填(c)hoice。

二、用所给单词适当形式填空（10分）

11. There may be good reasons why it is worth _____ (develop) AI technology, but I haven't thought of any so far.

【答案】developing

【详解】句意：开发人工智能技术可能有很好的理由，但到目前为止我还没有想到任何理由。be worth doing“值得做某事”，故填 developing。

12. They haven't found the way to _____ the maths problem yet. (solution)

【答案】solve

【详解】句意：他们还没有找到解这道数学题的方法。solution“解决方案”，是名词，此处位于动词不定式符号后，应用动词原形 solve“解决”。故填 solve。

13. The most important thing is to reach an _____ (agree) and to avoid a trade war.

【答案】agreement

【详解】句意：最重要的是达成协议，避免贸易战。根据 an 可知，此空应填名词，reach an agreement“达成协议”，故填 agreement。

14. He said this movie was worth _____ (watch) twice.

【答案】 watching

【详解】句意：他说这个电影值得看两次。be worth doing sth.“值得做某事”，是固定搭配，故填 watching。

15. When I feel bored or _____ (happy), I often go to ask her for help. She will talk to me and tell me interesting things.

【答案】 unhappy

【详解】句意：当我感到无聊或不开心时，我经常去找她帮忙。她会和我说话，告诉我有趣的事情。根据“I often go to ask her for help”及“bored”可推出此处是消极情绪，用 happy 的反义词 unhappy 表示“不开心的”。故填 unhappy。

16. How many cities are _____ (mention) in this paragraph?

【答案】 mentioned

【详解】句意：在这段多少个城市被提及？根据语境可知句子时态为一般现在时，而主语 cities 和谓语动词 mention 之间为逻辑上的动宾关系，应用被动语态，其谓语结构为“be+done”，故填 mentioned。

17. His leg hurt. The wound kept him _____ (wake) for the night.

【答案】 awake

【详解】句意：他的腿疼。伤口使他一夜没睡。根据“kept him”可知，此处需填形容词作补足语。wake“醒来”的形容词为 awake“醒着的”。故填 awake。

18. It's worth _____ (try) to use new technology in education.

【答案】 trying

【详解】句意：在教育中使用新技术是值得尝试的。be worth doing sth.“值得做某事”，动名词作宾语。故填 trying。

19. Li Hua is so clever and he can answer all the questions _____ (correct).

【答案】 correctly

【详解】句意：李华非常聪明，他能准确地回答所有的问题。根据“he can answer all the questions”可知空处应填副词，correct 形容词，“正确的，准确的”，副词为 correctly，故填 correctly。

20. — You seemed busy when I walked past. Have you got a minute now, sir?

—Sure. I _____ (reply) to an important e-mail. It's done. So, what's up?

【答案】 was replying

【详解】句意：——我走过的时候你好像很忙。先生，您现在有空吗？——当然。我当时在回复一封重要的邮件。已经完成了。所以，有什么事吗？根据“when I walked past”和“I ... to an important e-mail.”可知，此处指你路过时我正在回复邮件，表示过去某一刻正在做某事，要用过去进行时，结构为 was/were doing；主语为“I”，应用 was。故填 was replying。

以上内容仅为本文档的试下载部分，为可阅读页数的一半内容。如要下载或阅读全文，请访问：<https://d.book118.com/388031076072007007>