

新疆乌鲁木齐市天山区 2023-2024 学年九年级上学期期末英语试卷

七,完形填空 (本题共 15 小题,每题 1 分,共计 15 分)

13. (15 分) When my daughter was in primary school, she brought home four small twigs (嫩枝) one day. Her school gave these twigs to the students to (1) _____. None of the twigs looked very strong, but in the hope that they would grow (2) _____ trees, we planted them in our garden.

Over the years, (3) _____ of them died. Only one was alive. It was crooked (弯曲的) and grew very (4) _____ and it never got very tall. In fact, it looked more like a short and fat bush (灌木) than a (5) _____. A few months ago, I noticed that it was (6) _____. The lower branches (树枝) had no leaves. Only the top of the tree was still green. I did my best to save it by (7) _____ it a lot of fertilizer (肥料), but it didn't work.

Later one morning, I went out and looked at it again. I was thinking whether it would be better to (8) _____ the tree, so there would be more space for the flowers in the garden. As I walked over to take a closer look at it, I noticed (9) _____ moving within the leaves. It was a small (10) _____. It was patiently building its home in the top branches. I smiled when I looked at it. I thought maybe this dying tree was still (11) _____. It was still giving a bird a home, (12) _____ it might not be healthy or pretty.

This tree lets me realize that all of our lives have (13) _____. It doesn't matter if we are young and (14) _____ or old and weak. Until the last day of our lives, we have things to do, love to give, and joy to (15) _____. We can help to make this world a better and more beautiful place.

- | | | | | |
|-----|-------------|---------------|-------------|--------------|
| (1) | A. sell | B. plant | C. play | D. cut |
| (2) | A. into | B. up | C. for | D. by |
| (3) | A. one | B. two | C. three | D. four |
| (4) | A. quickly | B. gradually | C. normally | D. slowly |
| (5) | A. tree | B. flower | C. bamboo | D. grass |
| (6) | A. going | B. living | C. dying | D. missing |
| (7) | A. feeding | B. buying | C. showing | D. sending |
| (8) | A. turn off | B. cut down | C. put away | D. pick up |
| (9) | A. nothing | B. everything | C. anything | D. something |

- (10) A. dog B. cat C. bird D. duck
- (11) A. sick B. useful C. sleepy D. ugly
- (12) A. after B. until C. although D. since
- (13) A. shapes B. signs C. opinions D. purposes
- (14) A. cute B. kind C. rich D. strong
- (15) A. share B. spend C. collect D. celebrate

八、阅读理解（本题共分两节，共 3 小题，共计 30 分）阅读并从所给选项中选出最佳选项（3 篇阅读，共 10 小题，每小题 2 分）

14.（6 分） Do you want to make our city a better place? Join us and volunteer together.



Planting trees

Planting trees is a great way to make the air fresher and make our city greener. If you're over 12 years old, come and help us to plant more trees in West Lake Park. Let's meet at the east gate of the park at 8:30 a.m. this Saturday. You'd better wear sports shoes.



Repainting walls

The buildings covered with graffiti (涂鸦) are terrible. This Sunday, we are going to repaint the walls of Xinhua Road and make them clean again. Anyone who is over ten can join us. Please arrive at No. 18, Xinhua Road at 9:30 a.m. You needn't bring any tools. Just remember to wear old clothes!



Collecting rubbish

You can hang out with your friends in the park and clean up our city parks at the same time! We are going to collect rubbish at South

Mountain from 9: 00 a.m.to 11: 30 a.m.next
Saturday.No matter how old you are,come and
join us!Anyone who collects the most rubbish
can get a gift for fun.

(1) Volunteers need to _____ if they plan to repaint walls according to the passage.

- A.bring painting tools
- B.wear old clothes
- C.wear sports shoes
- D.bring a gift

(2) How long will volunteers spend collecting rubbish? _____

- A.2 hours.
- B.2.5 hours.
- C.3 hours.
- D.3.5 hours.

(3) What can we know from the passage? _____

- A.The thirteen - year - olds can plant trees to improve the environment.
- B.We can make buildings cool and interesting with graffiti.
- C.Anyone can get a gift if he or she helps to collect rubbish.
- D.We should bring tools to repaint walls.

15. (6分) During the Jin Dynasty (265 - 420), there was a child named Che Yin. He was smart and loved to read. He grew up in a poor family and couldn't afford lamp oil to study at night.

One night, he saw fireflies (萤火虫) outside his house and came up with an idea. He caught some fireflies in a cloth bag and hung the bag up as a lamp. It was said that he spent all of his summer nights reading like this.

Another child named Sun Kang who lived during the same time period also loved reading. One night during winter, Sun used up all of his lamp oil and couldn't study at night. When he suddenly woke up at midnight, he saw the thick snow reflecting the moonlight outside his house. His first thought was "Oh, I can use the reflected light to read!" He took out his books and read, even though he was freezing cold.

Both of these kids later became successful government officials. People were touched by their hardworking spirit and their stories inspired (启发) the Chinese idiom nangyingyingxue (囊萤映雪) or "to read by the light of bagged fireflies or the reflected light of snow".

In the past,people had a much harder time studying than we do.They might have had to copy books by hand because books were rare back then.For poor families,paper and writing brushes were often too expensive to afford.Students even had to travel over mountains and rivers in order to find a good teacher.However,these tough conditions did not stop young minds from pursuing (追求) knowledge.

Xie Cun,a PhD in Literature from Peking University said,"All of these stories inspire people to study hard in spite of difficulties.We can also learn from these stories.Although some may sound a little exaggerated (夸张的) and romanticized,they are just like the dim light of fireflies that light up the road to knowledge."

(1) What did Sun Kang use to read outside? _____

- A.A lamp.
- B.A campfire.
- C.A bag of fireflies.
- D.Light that reflected off the snow.

(2) What do we know about the two children? _____

- A.They wasted their time during the day.
- B.They were smart and worked hard.
- C.They invented a Chinese idiom.
- D.They helped each other read.

(3) What might Xie Cun agree with? _____

- A.These stories are not real.
- B.These stories are encouraging.
- C.People used to read more books.
- D.Having a good teacher is important.

16. (8分) Different countries celebrate the New Year in different ways.Many countries still follow the lunar calendar (阴历),meaning that their new year often starts in late January or in February.New Year celebrations for some countries (like China,Vietnam,and Korea) last not one day,but up to two weeks!

In the US,many people attend New Year parties.They drink,dance,and cheer at midnight.

In the southern US,many people eat black - eyed peas for good luck in the new year.

In Mexico and Venezuela,many people wear red or yellow for good luck.

In Brazil,people wear white clothes for good luck,and in China,they wear red clothes and give children red envelopes with money in them.

In Iran,people wear brand - new clothes on the first day of the New Year.

In Scotland,people open the front door at midnight to let in the New Year,and open the back door to let out the old year.

In Switzerland,people kiss each other three times at midnight.

In Japan,they ring a bell 108 times to get rid of (除掉) the 108 bad desires.

In Korea they ring a bell 33 times for 33 old soldiers (士兵) .

(1) New Year celebrations last up to two weeks in some countries except _____.

- A.Korea
- B.Brazil
- C.Vietnam
- D.China

(2) People in _____ wear red for good luck.

- A.Brazil and China
- B.Brazil and Venezuela
- C.Mexico and China
- D.Iran and Venezuela

(3) People in Scotland _____ at midnight of New Year.

- A.eat black - eyed peas
- B.ring a bell many times
- C.wear white clothes for good luck
- D.open the front and back door

(4) What is the main idea of the passage? _____

- A.There are many different countries in the world.
- B.People like to do different things at midnight of New Year.
- C.Different countries celebrate the New Year in different ways.
- D.People like to wear different clothes to celebrate New Year.

九,阅读并按照要求完成选择 (10 分)

17. (10 分) Does this situation seem familiar (熟悉) to you? You're making great progress with your English.The grammar is familiar. (1) _____ But listening is still a problem.What should you do?

First of all,remember that you are not alone. (2) _____ So,the most important thing is to listen as often as

possible.

(3) _____ The Internet is really a useful tool for English study such as RealMedia.com. It allows you to use the Internet like a radio station. Once you have begun to listen often, you might still be unhappy because of limited (有限的) understanding. Here is some advice.

(4) _____ Keep your cool when you have problems understanding, even if you can't understand something for a long time.

Listen for the main idea of the conversation. Don't pay attention to details (细节) until you have understood the main idea.

Don't translate (翻译). (5) _____ Translating leads to a kind of block (阻碍) in your brain which sometimes doesn't allow you to understand anything at all!

Allow yourself not to understand and not to translate while listening, and your brain is free to pay attention to the most important thing: understanding English in English.

- A. The next step is to find listening resources (资源).
- B. Accept the fact that you are not going to understand everything.
- C. The reading understanding and communication can't trouble you.
- D. This way is not only slow, but also easy to cause misunderstanding.
- E. Listening is probably the most difficult for almost all English learners.

十, 补全对话 (共计 6 分)

18. (6 分) A: You look worried, Peter.

B: I am Ms. Manson. (1) _____

A: You said you liked English. What's the problem?

B: I can't get the pronunciation right.

A: (2) _____ Why don't you listen to English songs on the radio?

B: That's a good idea. But what about all the new words? (3) _____

A: You can always write the new words in your notebook and review them from time to time.

B: (4) _____

A: Can you understand when people talk to you?

B: Well, not always. (5) _____ Another problem is that I don't get much writing practice.

A: (6) _____

B: That sounds like a fun way to practice writing.Thanks,Ms.Manson.

A.That might really help!

B.Well,listening can help.

C.I forget a lot of the new words.

D.Maybe you should find a pen pal.

E.Sometimes I just don't understand what people are saying.

F.I'm having trouble learning English.

十二,读写题(本题共分两节,共计7分) 阅读短文,根据语篇内容,在方框内的缩写文章中,填入与短文意思最符合的单词,每空一词,每词1分。(3分)

19.(7分) Most people have heard of the Great Wall of China.However,not many people outside of China know about the Grand Canal,which is known in China as Da Yunhe.It is the longest and oldest waterway in the world.This waterway is 3,200 kilometers long with a history of more than 2,500 years.

The Grand Canal was built in 468 BC,and it has been rebuilt three times in history,which were in the Spring and Autumn Period,the Sui Dynasty(朝代) and Yuan Dynasty.In the past,the Grand Canal was used for moving food and water from south to north.In this way,the rich land in south of China could feed capital cities in north.

The Grand Canal is still an important part of the transportation in China today,which connects Hangzhou with Beijing.Thousands of boats use it every day.Now the Chinese government is doing new work on the Grand Canal,it is making the waterway deeper,so bigger ships can pass through.

Running through eight provinces in China.The Grand Canal is one example of our great works.And it will continue to link the south to north for centuries to come.

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The Grand Canal still (3) _____ an important role in the transportation in China today.Thousands of boats use it every day.Now the Chinese government is doing new

work on the Grand Canal,it is making the waterway deeper,so bigger ships can pass through.

阅读短文,根据语篇内容,回答以下 2 个问题。

(4) How long is the Grand Canal?

(5) What is the Chinese government doing on the Grand Canal now?



九、阅读填空题（本题共分两节,共计 12 分）语法填空题（共 6 小题,每小题 1 分,共计 6 分）阅读下面短文,按照句子结构的语法情况和上下文连贯的要求,在空白处填入一个适当的词,或填入括号中所给单词的正确形式填空。每空不超过两词。

20. (6 分) I walked into the gym for my basketball class.This was my (1) _____ (three) time to have the class.

The coach said the custom was to let us choose our own teams,but we were not going to do that.Then we were divided into several teams and I was in the one with another five girls I didn't know.I wanted to join another team where my friend was on.But the coach asked me (2) _____ (have) a try.He said maybe I could make some new friends.I followed his advice.

When the game started,I played well.Suddenly,I fell down.My teammates ran over to me at once and asked (3) _____ I needed help.I was moved (4) _____ (deep) by them!They encouraged me and talked with me for a while.After taking a quick break,I went back to the game.Finally,we worked hard together and (5) _____ (win) the game.

It was very (6) _____ (luck) for me to have these new friends.And I realized the meaning of team.Team is not the thing for just one person or someone to do the best,but it needs every person on the team to

try their best to do it.

十,阅读短文,从方框中选择适当的词并用其正确形式填空,使短文通顺,意思完整。每空限填一次,每词限用一次(共计6分)

21. (6分)

admire,tradition,what,top,parent ,celebrate,the

The Chong Yang Festival is (1) _____ on the ninth day of ninth month of the lunar calendar.According to the (2) _____ theory of "Yin" and "Yang",both the 9th month and 9th day of the month belong to "Yang" and "Chong" means double,so it is called "Chong Yang".Now,it is a day for elderly.On that day,the young often go back to their homes and buy warm clothes,delicious food or other things for their (3) _____.You know,it is also an old custom to climb the mountains.On the (4) _____ of the mountains,we can enjoy beautiful natural scenes and breathe fresh air.Besides,people can also (5) _____ the golden chrysanthemums (菊花) ,drink chrysanthemums wine (酒) ,and eat double - ninth cakes. (6) _____ a great festival it is!

十一,书面表达 (满分 10分)

22. (10分) 俗话说: "没有规矩不成方圆。"为了创建和谐的,融洽的学习和生活氛围,使青少年身心健康,顺利成长,学校和家庭都会立很多规矩。请你根据下面要点和要求,以"A Rule I Agree with"为题选择一条规矩,发表你的观点和看法。

要点: 1.Which rule do you agree with?

2.Why do you agree with the rule?

3.What do you expect?

要求: 1.要点齐全,语境通顺,语法正确.

2.可适当增加细节,以使行文连贯.

3.词数不少于 80 词。

_____ .

七,完形填空(本题共 15 小题,每题 1 分,共计 15 分)

13. (15 分) When my daughter was in primary school, she brought home four small twigs (嫩枝) one day. Her school gave these twigs to the students to (1) B. None of the twigs looked very strong, but in the hope that they would grow (2) A trees, we planted them in our garden.

Over the years, (3) C of them died. Only one was alive. It was crooked (弯曲的) and grew very (4) D and it never got very tall. In fact, it looked more like a short and fat bush (灌木) than a (5) A. A few months ago, I noticed that it was (6) C. The lower branches (树枝) had no leaves. Only the top of the tree was still green. I did my best to save it by (7) A it a lot of fertilizer (肥料), but it didn't work.

Later one morning, I went out and looked at it again. I was thinking whether it would be better to (8) B the tree, so there would be more space for the flowers in the garden. As I walked over to take a closer look at it, I noticed (9) D moving within the leaves. It was a small (10) C. It was patiently building its home in the top branches. I smiled when I looked at it. I thought maybe this dying tree was still (11) B. It was still giving a bird a home, (12) C it might not be healthy or pretty.

This tree lets me realize that all of our lives have (13) D. It doesn't matter if we are young and (14) D or old and weak. Until the last day of our lives, we have things to do, love to give, and joy to (15) A. We can help to make this world a better and more beautiful place.

- | | | | | |
|-----|-------------|---------------|-------------|--------------|
| (1) | A. sell | B. plant | C. play | D. cut |
| (2) | A. into | B. up | C. for | D. by |
| (3) | A. one | B. two | C. three | D. four |
| (4) | A. quickly | B. gradually | C. normally | D. slowly |
| (5) | A. tree | B. flower | C. bamboo | D. grass |
| (6) | A. going | B. living | C. dying | D. missing |
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- (10) A. dog B. cat C. bird D. duck
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【分析】文章讲述了女儿小学时带回来四棵嫩枝,种在花园里后只有一棵存活且长得不好像灌木。这棵快死的树却给小鸟提供了家,从而让作者意识到无论生命处于何种状态都有其意义。

【解答】(1) 考查动词。句意: 她的学校把这些嫩枝给学生带回家种起来。sell 卖,plant 种植,play 玩,cut 切。根据"we planted them in our garden" (我们把它们种在了花园里),可以推断出学校把嫩枝分给学生是为了让他们种植,所以这里应选 plant。故选: B。

(2) 考查介词。句意: 这些小嫩枝没有一个看起来强壮,但怀着它们能够长成大树希望,我们把它们种在了花园里。into 成为,up 向上,for 为了,by 通过。根据"None of the twigs looked very strong,but in the hope that they would grow ...trees,we planted them in our garden."可知,是怀着小嫩芽长成大树希望,"grow into"是固定搭配,表示"长成",这里是说希望嫩枝长成树。故选: A。

(3) 考查基数词。句意: 多年来,它们当中的三棵死了。one 一个,two 两个,three 三个,four 四个。根据"she brought home four small twigs" (她带回家四根小树枝)和"Only one was alive" (只有一根还活着)可知,死了的树枝数量是 $4 - 1 = 3$ 根。故选: C。

(4) 考查副词。句意: 它是弯曲的,而且长得非常慢,而且从来没有长得很高。quickly 快地,gradually 逐渐地,normally 正常地,slowly 缓慢地。根据"It was crooked (弯曲的) and grew very..." (它是弯曲的,而且长得非常...)以及后面"it never got very tall" (它从来没有长得很高),可以知道这棵树长得很慢。故选: D。

(5) 考查名词。句意: 事实上,它比一棵树看起来更像一个又矮又胖的灌木。tree 树,flower 花,bamboo 竹子,grass 草。根据"Only the top of the tree was still green." (仅仅树的顶部仍旧是绿色的。)可知它是棵树,只不过现在看起来更像灌木。故选: A。

(6) 考查动词。句意: 几个月前,我注意到它快死了。going 去,living 居住,dying 死,missing 思念。根据"The lower branches (树枝) had no leaves.Only the top of the tree was still green.I did my best to save it ..." (下面的树枝没有叶子,只有树顶还是绿的,我尽力去拯救它。),可以判断出这棵树快死了,作者在尽力拯救这棵小树。故选: C。

以上内容仅为本文档的试下载部分，为可阅读页数的一半内容。如要下载或阅读全文，请访问：<https://d.book118.com/415304322034012011>