



**第一部分 教材知识梳理**  
**八年级(下)Units 7-8**

教材词汇分层训练

重点  
单词  
默写

1. square *adj.*平方；正方形的；方的 *n.*正方形；  
广场
2. desert *n.*沙漠
3. population *n.*人口；人口数量
4. wall *n.*墙
5. ancient *adj.*古代的；古老的
6. thick *adj.*厚的；浓的

重  
点  
单  
词  
默  
写

7. condition *n.* 条件; 状况

8. challenge *v. & n.* 挑战; 考验

9. force *n.* 力; 力量

10. ocean *n.* 大海; 海洋

11. birth *n.* 出生; 诞生

12. adult *adj.* 成年的; 成人的 *n.* 成人; 成年动物

13. bamboo *n.* 竹子

重  
点  
单  
词  
默  
写

14. research *n. & v.* 研究; 调查

15. wild *adj.* 野生的

16. government *n.* 政府; 内阁

17. whale *n.* 鲸

18. oil *n.* 油; 食用油; 石油

19. huge *adj.* 巨大的; 极多的

20. treasure *n.* 珠宝; 财富 *v.* 珍视; 珍惜

21. island *n.* 岛

重  
点  
单  
词  
默  
写

22. page *n.* (书刊或纸张的)页, 面, 张

23. hurry *v.* 匆忙; 赶快; 催促

24. ship *n.* 船

25. tool *n.* 工具

26. gun *n.* 枪; 炮

27. sand *n.* 沙滩; 沙

28. towards *prep.* 朝; 向; 对着

- 重  
点  
单  
词  
默  
写
29. land *n.*陆地; 大地 *v.*着陆; 降落
30. technology *n.*科技; 工艺
31. band *n.*乐队
32. forever *adv.*永远
33. abroad *adv.*在国外; 到国外
34. fan *n.*迷; 狂热爱好者; 风扇

重  
点  
单  
词  
默  
写

35. modern *adj.*现代的; 当代的

36. belong *v.*属于; 归属

37. million *num.*一百万

38. record *n.*唱片; 记录 *v.*录制; 录(音)

39. line *n.*行; 排

重  
点  
单  
词  
拓  
展

1. deep *adj.* 深的; 纵深的 → deeply *adv.* 深刻地 →

depth *n.* 深度

2. Asia *n.* 亚洲 → Asian *adj.* 亚洲的; 亚洲人的 *n.* 亚洲人

3. tour *n. & v.* 旅行; 旅游 → tourist *n.* 旅行者; 观光者 → tourism *n.* 旅游业



重点  
单词  
拓展

4. **amazing** *adj.* 令人大为惊奇的; 令人惊喜(或惊叹)的

→ **amaze** *v.* 令人惊奇; 使惊奇 → **amazed** *adj.* 感到吃惊的; 感到惊奇的

5. **protect** *v.* 保护; 防护 → **protection** *n.* 保护; 保卫

6. **wide** *adj.* 宽的; 宽阔的 → **widely** *adv.* 广泛地; 普遍地 → **width** *n.* 宽度; 广度

重  
点  
单  
词  
拓  
展

7.achievement *n.*成就; 成绩→ achieve *v.*达到;  
完成; 成功

8.include *v.*包括; 包含→ including *prep.*包括(某  
人/某物)在内; 包含

9.freezing *adj.*极冷的; 冰冻的→ freeze *v.*冻结

重点  
单词  
拓展

10.succeed *v.* 实现目标；成功→ success *n.* 成功→

successful *adj.* 获得成功的；有成就的→

successfully *adv.* 成功地

11.weigh *v.* 重量是……；称……的重量→ weight *n.* 重量；分量

12.mark *n.* 迹象；记号；分数*v.* 做记号；打分→

marker *n.* 标识；记号笔

重  
点  
单  
词  
拓  
展

13. French *n.* 法语 *adj.* 法国的; 法国人的; 法语的 →

France *n.* 法国

14. actually *adv.* 真实地; 事实上 → actual *adj.* 真实的; 实际的

15. introduce *v.* 介绍; 引见 → introduction *n.* 介绍; 引言

重  
点  
短  
语  
积  
累

1. as far as I know 就我所知
2. in the face of 面对(问题、困难等)
3. full of 满是.....的; (有)大量的; (有)丰富的
4. hurry up 赶快; 急忙(做某事)
5. (可以)随便(做某事) feel free
6. 吸入 take in
7. 即使; 虽然 even though/if

重点  
短语  
积累

8. 出生时 at birth

9. 到达(某数量、程度等);至多有; 不多于 up to

10. 走路时撞着 walk into

11. 绊倒 fall over

12. 大约 or so

13. 自从 ever since

14. 互相 one another

 核心词汇语境练

## I. 单词拼写

1. Many wild (野生的) animals still don't have a safe place to live.

2. [科技发展] To our great joy, the astronauts of the *Shenzhou-17* crew (乘组) landed (着落) safely back on earth as planned in April, 2024.

3.[环境保护]To protect (保护) the environment,supermarkets don't provide free plastic bags for shoppers.

4.Every year,Yangzhou offers a magical and special experience for its tourists/travel(l)ers (游客).

5.The things that you don't need anymore can actually (实际上) be put to good use.



## II.教材语篇回顾

Sarah, a girl from the US, 1. used to (过去) argue with her family when she was a teenager. But five years ago, while she was studying 2. abroad (在国外), a song about returning home reminded Sarah 3. of her family and friends. She 4. realized/realised (意识到) how much she actually missed all of them. Ever since then, she has become a 5. fan (狂热爱好者) of American country music.

Nashville, Tennessee is the home of country music. Today many songs are just about 6. modern (现代的) life in the US, such as the importance of money and 7. success (成功). But country music is different. It brings people back to the “good old days”.

It reminds people that the best things in life are free—laughter, friends, family, and the 8. beauty (beautiful) of nature. Sarah 9. dreams of (梦想) visiting Nashville, where she could go to the Country Music Hall of Fame Museum and attend concerts with famous 10. musicians (music) and singers like Garth Brooks. [八下Unit 8 Section B 2b]

熟词生义

1.thick

熟义: *adj.*厚的; 浓的

生义: A.*adj.*茂密的; 密集的

B.*adj.*充满; 挤满

(1)Long long ago,this area was covered with a thick forest.( A )

(2)Every summer the beach is thick with people.( B )

## 2.force

**熟义:** *n.*力; 力量

**生义:** A.*v.*强迫; 迫使    B.*v.*使发生    C.*n.*武力

(1) Many people were forced to stay at home because of the snowstorm last week. ( **A** )

(2) He was in a position where he had to force a decision. ( **B** )

### 3.mark

**熟义:** *n.*迹象; 记号; 分数 *v.*做记号; 打分

**生义:** *A.n.*污点; 斑点 *B.v.*表明; 标志 *C.v.*纪念

(1)The children left dirty marks all over the kitchen floor.( **A** )

(2)The agreement marks a new period in international relations.( **B** )

(3)We mark the festival by enjoying the full moon and eating mooncakes.( **C** )

## 4.line

熟义: *n.*行; 排

生义: A.*n.*线; 线条      B.*n.*电话线路

C.*n.*界线; 路线      D.*n.*台词; 歌词; 诗行

(1)The ball went over the line and he lost the game.( **C** )

(2)I can only remember the first two lines of that song.( **D** )

(3)The line is busy—I'll call him again later.( **B** )

## 5.nature

**熟义:** *n.* 自然界; 大自然

**生义:** *A.n.* 天性; 本性      *B.n.* 本质; 性质

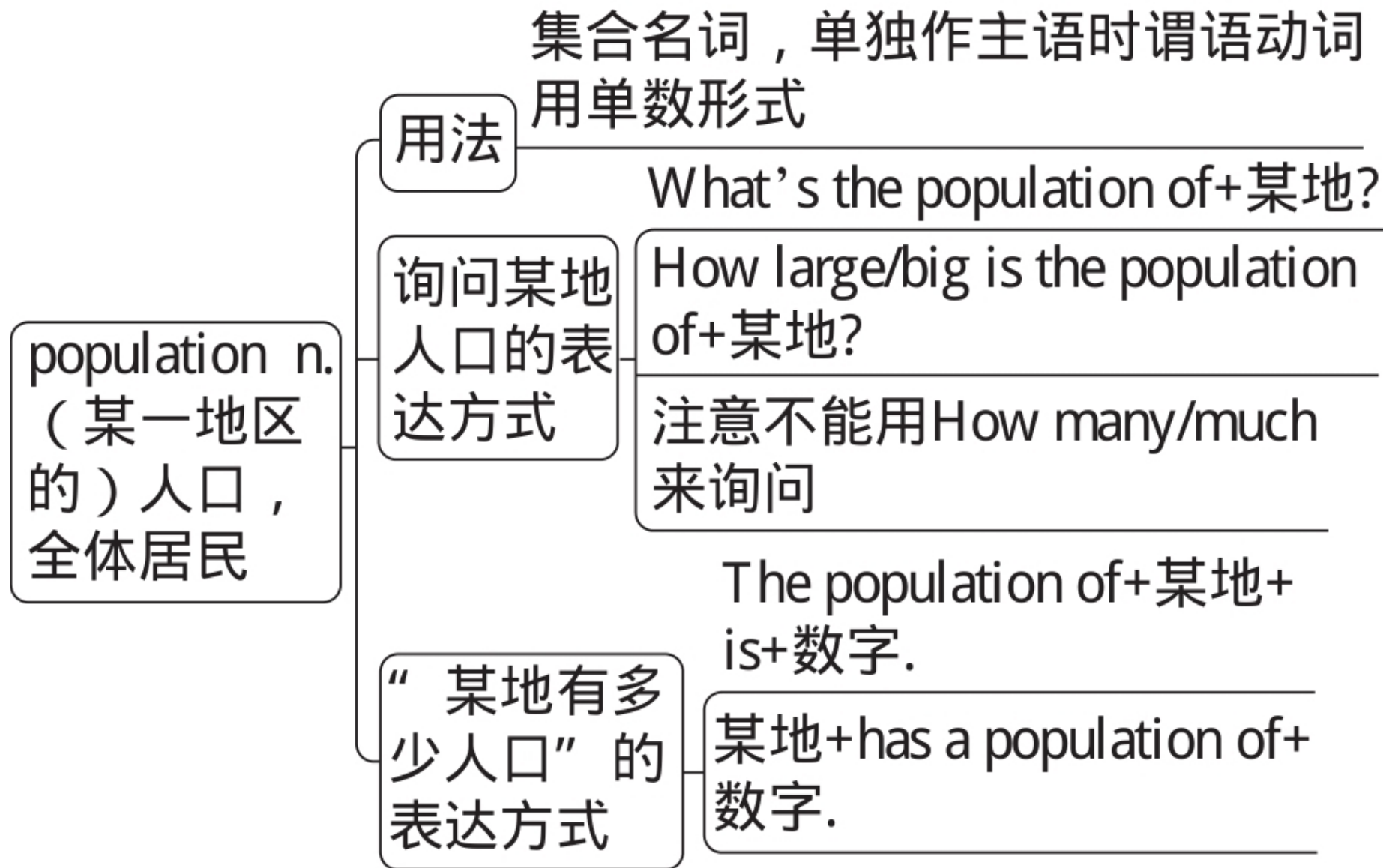
(1) To solve a problem, you must know the nature of it first. ( **B** )

(2) Indeed, it was just a small thing, but showing the kindness of human nature. ( **A** )



## 考点1 population的用法

**It's a lot bigger than the population of the US. 这比美国的人口要多得多。(P50)**



例如:

**In the past 50 years, the population of my hometown has more than doubled. 在过去的50年里, 我家乡的人口增加了一倍多。**

**About twenty percent of the population in my city are farmers. 我市大约有百分之二十的人口是农民。**

## 活学活用

1.—What is the population   **C**   this small village?

—About 200.

**A.on**

**B.in**

**C.of**

**D.at**

以上内容仅为本文档的试下载部分，为可阅读页数的一半内容。如要下载或阅读全文，请访问：  
<https://d.book118.com/416004021242011005>