

# 2024年江苏省连云港市东海县西部四校九年级（下）中考一模英语试 卷

一、单选题：本大题共 10 小题，共 10 分。

1. —Do you know \_\_\_\_\_ film *Hot and Spicy* 《热辣滚烫》 has the highest box office record this year? —Of course. I have never seen \_\_\_\_\_ more interesting film than this one.

A. the; a                      B. the; /                      C. a; the                      D. /; a

2. —A latest China Daily, please! —Only one copy left. Would you like to have \_\_\_\_\_?

A. one                      B. it                      C. this                      D. that

3. Senior High School Entrance Examination will start \_\_\_\_\_ June 14, 2024.

A. in                      B. at                      C. on                      D. with

4. Little Tom seems to know who \_\_\_\_\_ to get more pocket money.

A. can he talk to              B. he can talk              C. to talk to              D. to talk

5. —Look! Mr. Lee is standing under the tree. —It \_\_\_\_\_ him. He has gone to Canada for his holiday.

A. must be                      B. mustn' t be              C. can be                      D. can' t be

6. The project they are working on \_\_\_\_\_ many teenager problems that they care about.

A. covering                      B. covers                      C. include                      D. including

7. —Mr Li, when shall I hand in my report? —As soon as it \_\_\_\_\_ tomorrow.

A. is finished                      B. will finish  
C. finishes                      D. will be finished

8. The thief \_\_\_\_\_ a house through the window but was caught at last.

A. broke into                      B. broke in                      C. broke down                      D. broke out

9. Andy has made \_\_\_\_\_ this term that his parents will award him a new laptop.

A. such a great progress                      B. so great a progress  
C. such great progress                      D. so a great progress

10. —What did our teacher say just now? —He asked \_\_\_\_\_.

A. whether we had any questions  
B. if we needed any help of not  
C. which question we can't understand  
D. that we could finish homework on time

二、完形填空：本大题共 15 小题，共 22.5 分。

I got on the bus, dirty, tired and hot after a day's hard working. I \_\_\_\_\_11\_\_\_\_\_ that place every day, looking like a coal mine(煤矿) worker. \_\_\_\_\_12\_\_\_\_\_ I still felt a bit proud of myself for holding this tiring job for 3 months.

Taking my seat on the bus, I decided my hard life would not lower my spirits today.

I was dreaming about a better and new life when I was stopped by our new passenger, a middle-aged woman with worn-out clothes and messy hair. She \_\_\_\_\_13\_\_\_\_\_ pushed her way into a front seat, and then turned her anger on whoever dared to look her way.

All I could feel for this woman was \_\_\_\_\_14\_\_\_\_\_ and the familiar sense of being faceless and nameless. Suddenly, she loudly yelled to me, "Why are you so \_\_\_\_\_15\_\_\_\_\_, man?"

With a smile I said, "I just returned from \_\_\_\_\_16\_\_\_\_\_." She then asked me if I came from a coal mine and broke out into laughter, so I also laughed with her and told her that I knew I really looked funny. Then I asked for her name as I \_\_\_\_\_17\_\_\_\_\_ why I was so dirty. Her name was Karen.

In front of all nice passengers on the bus that day, the power of \_\_\_\_\_18\_\_\_\_\_ showed its beauty. In front of all of us this woman changed. Her language, her posture, and her voice, even the wave she tilted (倾斜) her head when I spoke to her as a \_\_\_\_\_19\_\_\_\_\_ changed.

As Karen was getting off the bus, she touched me \_\_\_\_\_20\_\_\_\_\_ on the arm. With tear-filled eyes, she asked whether I'd be riding the bus the next day. I \_\_\_\_\_21\_\_\_\_\_ I would. We waved to each other and then I got what my life had needed all along: affirmation(认可).

An old woman on the bus spoke to me, "Sir, you just changed that woman with your heart. She will never forget how you \_\_\_\_\_22\_\_\_\_\_ her. You are great." Other passengers gave me thumbs-up signs showing their \_\_\_\_\_23\_\_\_\_\_.

That day was the first time when I realized I was \_\_\_\_\_24\_\_\_\_\_. People say I gave Karen something that day, but actually I \_\_\_\_\_25\_\_\_\_\_ even much more.

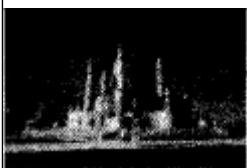
- |                 |                 |               |              |
|-----------------|-----------------|---------------|--------------|
| 11. A. left     | B. found        | C. visited    | D. reached   |
| 12. A. Besides  | B. However      | C. Therefore  | D. Otherwise |
| 13. A. gently   | B. quietly      | C. slowly     | D. rudely    |
| 14. A. pity     | B. satisfaction | C. excitement | D. amazement |
| 15. A. sad      | B. dirty        | C. nervous    | D. crazy     |
| 16. A. studying | B. traveling    | C. shopping   | D. working   |

- |                 |               |               |                |
|-----------------|---------------|---------------|----------------|
| 17. A. examined | B. asked      | C. explained  | D. regretted   |
| 18. A. teamwork | B. patience   | C. humor      | D. kindness    |
| 19. A. family   | B. stranger   | C. friend     | D. teacher     |
| 20. A. softly   | B. hopelessly | C. patiently  | D. unwillingly |
| 21. A. checked  | B. promised   | C. refused    | D. suggested   |
| 22. A. missed   | B. understood | C. treated    | D. remembered  |
| 23. A. surprise | B. praise     | C. confidence | D. politeness  |
| 24. A. helped   | B. invited    | C. admired    | D. recommended |
| 25. A. offered  | B. paid       | C. borrowed   | D. got         |

三、阅读理解：本大题共 15 小题，共 30 分。

**A**

### Harbin Ice and Snow World



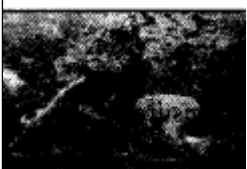
Harbin Ice and Snow World has been known as the most popular winter attraction. Here you can see all kinds of ice and snow objects. Experiencing the cold is so exciting.

Open time: 3: 00 p.m.—11: 00 p.m. on weekdays

10: 00 a.m.—11: 00 p.m. at weekends

Adult: 130 *yuan* Children under 1.2 meters are free of charge (免费).

### Qingdao Polar Ocean World



There are 36 exhibition halls in Qingdao Polar Ocean World. People can enjoy all kinds of animals' shows and get to know more sea animals.

You can call 0532-85909999 to book tickets one day ahead.

Adult: 210 *yuan* Children: 160 *yuan*

Police, firefighter and the old above 60 are free of charge.

### Beijing Wildlife Park



There are over 10,000 wild animals of over 200 species for people to visit and for kids to learn more about wildlife. Many animals in the zoo live outside cages (笼子) in nature. Tourists can take a caged car to see these animals close-up and even feed them, which can be a lot of fun.

Never put your body out of the caged car. It is very dangerous.

Adult: 160 *yuan* Children under 1.2 meters are free of charge.

26. If you want to visit the Harbin Ice and Snow World, what time had you better get in?

- A. At 10: 00 a.m. on Friday                      B. At 8: 00 a.m. on Monday  
C. At 5: 00 a.m. on Sunday                      D. At 11: 30 a.m. on weekends

27. Mr. Wang is a firefighter. He would like to visit Qingdao Polar Ocean World with his wife and four-year-old son. How much does he need to pay for the family's tickets?

- A. 580yuan.                      B. 420yuan.                      C. 480yuan.                      D. 370yuan.

28. When visiting Beijing Wildlife Park, why can't tourists get out of the caged car?

- A. Because there are over 10,000 wild animals.  
B. Because tourists have lots of fun staying in the car.  
C. Because tourists can have a look at animals safely in the car.  
D. Because the caged cars are much too fast.

## B

Is there intelligent (有智力的) life on other planets? For years, scientists said “no” or “we don't know” . But today this is changing. Seth Shostak and Alexandra Barnett are astronomers (天文学家). They believe intelligent life exists (存在) somewhere in the universe. They also think we will soon contact these beings(人; 生物).

Why do Shostak and Barnett think intelligent life exists on other planets? The first reason is time. Scientists believe the universe is about 12 billion years old. “This is long enough for other planets to have intelligent life,” say Shostak and Barnett. The second reason is size—the universe is huge. “Tools like the Hubble Telescope (哈勃望远镜) have shown that there are at least 100 billion galaxies,” says Shostak. “And our galaxy, the Milky Way, has at least 100 billion stars. Some planets going around these stars might be similar to Earth.”

In the past, it was hard to look for signs of intelligent life in the universe. But now, powerful telescopes(高倍望远镜) allow scientists to discover smaller planets. These planets might have intelligent life.

Have beings from space already visited Earth? “Probably not,” says Shostak. However, intelligent beings may contact us in other way, such as radio signals (信号). In fact, they may be trying to communicate with us now, but we don't have the right tools to receive their messages. However, this is changing. By 2025, we could make contact with other **life forms** in our universe and we might help each other.

29. Seth Shostak and Alexandra Barnett are \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. astronomers                      B. farmers                      C. singers                      D. drivers

30. Why was it hard to look for signs of intelligent life in the universe in the past?

- A. There were not any smaller planets.
- B. The Milky Way didn't exist at that time.
- C. The astronomers were not interested in them.
- D. There were not any powerful telescopes.

31. What does the underlined phrase life forms in the last paragraph mean?

- A. messages
- B. tools
- C. intelligent beings
- D. radio signals

32. What is the best title for Paragraph 2?

- A. The Age and Size of Earth
- B. Why Intelligent Life Might Exist
- C. Our Galaxy: The Milky Way
- D. Earth: The Only Planet with Intelligent Life

## C

Reading can open a world of joy for students, and one North Carolina principal wants to spread that moment of happiness to them on their birthday.

Glenn Cook, principal of Pleasant Ridge Elementary School in Gastonia, North Carolina, came up with an idea to give each student a book on their birthday. With about 900 students attending Pleasant Ridge, it is not an easy task, but Cook says he's ready to “go big or go home”. He is going to include every student in this project.

“I didn't have a lot of kids' books,” said Cook. So I put the idea online, and I wanted to see if any of my trends needed to clean off their bookshelves at home. I was hoping to get maybe 50 books for the first round of birthdays. The number of books Cook received was surprising. “We're probably getting maybe 500 books,” said Cook. There are so many books taking up space all over his office.

The idea started when Cook attended a professional development event. He asked another principal for advice. This principal told him that at her school, she gave her students a pencil on their birthday.

He wanted to take this idea to the next level, so he began reading himself. He came up with the idea that a principal should share his excitement and love for reading. The goal of giving these books to students is to find a book that's right for each one, so they can experience the happiness of reading.

Local businesses have joined the project to donate books. Michelle Clear, a parent at Pleasant Ridge, decided to support Cook's project and offer her store as a book donation center. "Reading just opens up so many ways in kids' lives," Clear noted. Hopefully, this will get across the nation to call on more people to donate books.

33. What can we learn from "go big or go home" in Paragraph 2?

- A. Cook wants to collect many great books.
- B. Cook has made up his mind to run this project.
- C. Cook will visit each student's home.
- D. Cook will face a lot of problems.

34. Why did Cook carry out the project?

- A. To encourage students to read.
- B. To advertise his school online.
- C. To celebrate students' birthdays.
- D. To help friends clean the bookshelves.

35. What is the biggest problem when carrying out the project?

- A. Not enough money.
- B. Not enough kids' books.
- C. No support from parents.
- D. Not enough space to put so many books.

36. What does the passage mainly talk about?

- A. A principal is carrying out a big project.
- B. Reading makes students and principal close.
- C. A principal gives students a special birthday gift.
- D. Reading brings students happiness and excitement.
- D. Reading brings students happiness and excitement.

## D

Smartphones are getting boring. The new models are either a bit faster or have better cameras, but they are basically no different from the ones already in our pockets. This is why scientists are hoping, and working for something new, something that will change our lives just as greatly as smartphones do. At the moment, the next invention might be smart glasses.

Just imagine. Instead of having to pick up your phone and look at the screen, all of the information you need simply appears just in front of you, in your glasses. Satellite navigation(导航) directions would appear right there on the road. And your smart glasses could guide you to the right shelf in the supermarket!

Smart glasses could also be used in industry. They could show engineers the instructions they need to fix things more quickly. A doctor could carry out a difficult operation, guide in real time by someone on the other side of the world. This may sound impossible. But most of the technologies to invent them are already there. For example, one key technology is named AR, which can make digital 3-D objects appears as if they are part of the real world. We've used it a lot on our video calls. Similarly, huge progress has been made in spatial audio. This is when a sound made to give it a sense of place, like what you hear in an empty room. Some high-end earphones can already do that. Future glasses will of course need to recognize(识别) your voice to do tasks. This technology has been used in our daily life.

So, why aren't we all wearing smart glasses yet? So far, no one has invented a good way to send images(映像) of our world onto glasses. However, with the rapid development of technology, smart glasses could arrive much sooner than we think.

37. Why does the writer mention smartphones in Paragraph 1?

- A. To start a story.
- B. To explain an idea.
- C. To introduce a topic.
- D. To discuss a problem.

38. What are Paragraph 2 and Paragraph 3 mainly about?

- A. When smart glasses might be made.
- B. Where smart glasses could be used.
- C. How smart glasses would give directions.
- D. Why smart glasses should be changed.

39. Which of the following technologies needs to be improved to invent smart glasses?

- A. Making spatial audio.
- B. Recognizing voices.
- C. Creating digital 3-D objects.
- D. Sending images onto glasses.

40. How might the writer feel about the future of smart glasses?

- A. Bored.
- B. Confident.
- C. Satisfied.
- D. Unsure.

四、任务型阅读-简答：本大题共 1 小题，共 10 分。

41. 阅读短文，根据短文内容回答问题，每个题目的答案不超过 5 个单词。



As a child, Alain Robert was afraid of heights. One day, when he was 12, he returned home from school. At the front door of his building, he looked for his keys. He didn't have them. It was 3:30 p.m and his parents worked until 6:00 p.m.

Alain looked at his flat on the eighth floor.

He saw an open window. He closed his eyes and imagined himself climbing the building. When he opened his eyes, he told himself, "I can do it." Fifteen minutes later, he was in his house and his fear of heights was gone.

Today, Alain still climbs buildings. In 2003, he climbed a building in London dressed as Spiderman to advertise the movie. In 2004, he climbed Taipei 101 (one of the tallest buildings in the world). To reach the top of a building, Alain uses only his hands and special shoes. Alain climbs as a hobby. He also does it to make money for charity—for children and the homeless.

When he climbs, he wants to send a message to people. If you have a dream—something you really want to do—it can become real. But you must be brave and keep trying. If something bad happens, don't give up. Close your eyes and tell yourself, "I can do it" .

(1) What was Alain Robert afraid of when he was a child? \_\_\_\_\_

(2) Which floor did Alain live? \_\_\_\_\_

(3) Why did Alain climb a building in London dressed as Spiderman? \_\_\_\_\_

(4) How does Alain reach the top of Taipei 101? \_\_\_\_\_

(5) What do you think of Alain Robert? \_\_\_\_\_

#### 五、信息匹配：本大题共 5 小题，共 10 分。

Courage is often thought to be one of the important spirits everyone needs. Then what is courage?   1   One isn't necessarily born with courage, but one is born with potential(潜力). Kids build courage as they are growing up.

Many people talk about connections between courage and fear.   2   If there is no fear, there is no need for courage. That's to say, courage is the ability to do what makes you feel afraid. Courage doesn't only mean great actions such as saving one's life or taking a big risk.   3   For example, we show courage when we raise our hand to answer a hard question during class or try a new sport.

Courage is in everyday choices we make. Can you be kind to the new kid in class?   4   Or can you stand up for someone in need? Often, these things don't come with praise, but they need courage.

5 When we become brave enough to face failure, we'll be more willing to try new things and try again after we fail. Courage doesn't always shout. Sometimes courage is the little voice at the end of the day that says, "I'll try again tomorrow."

- A. Too much fear will lead to failure.
- B. You should learn to speak in public.
- C. It is the ability to do something difficult.
- D. Courage always stands side by side with fear.
- E. Can you listen to the new person in your group?
- F. Learning to fail is another important part of courage.
- G. Courage also means the smaller actions of our everyday lives.

42. A. A            B. B            C. C            D. D            E. E            F. F

G. G

43. A. A            B. B            C. C            D. D            E. E            F. F

G. G

44. A. A            B. B            C. C            D. D            E. E            F. F

G. G

45. A. A            B. B            C. C            D. D            E. E            F. F

G. G

46. A. A            B. B            C. C            D. D            E. E            F. F

G. G

六、选词填空-句子：本大题共 1 小题，共 5 分。

47.

send text messages to; art form; come true; visit; chat with; be crazy about; take up; hand out; push for; get along with

(1) Pingshu is my grandma's favourite. It's one of the most popular \_\_\_\_\_ in China.

(2) —Where is my cousin Cindy? —She with her classmates \_\_\_\_\_ the leaflets in the street

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