

## 必修4Unit 3A taste of English humour

要点梳理高效梳理·知识备考

### ●重点单词

1. humour n. 幽默；滑稽→humourous adj. 幽默地
2. content adj. 满足地；满意地 n. 满足 vt. 使满足
3. perform v. 执行；表演→performer n. 表演者；演出者→performance n. 执行；演出
4. astonish vt. 使惊诧→astonished adj. 感到惊讶地→astonishing adj. 令人感到惊讶地→astonishment n. 惊讶
5. fortunate adj. 幸运地；吉利地→fortune n. 运气，财富→fortunately adv. 幸运地
6. ordinary adj. 平常地；普通地
7. entertain vt. & vi. 使欢乐；款待→entertaining adj. 愉快地，有趣地→entertainment n. 娱乐
8. throughout prep. 遍及，贯穿 adv. 到处；始终；全部
9. overcome vt. & vi. 战胜；克服
10. convince vt. 使信服→convinced adj. 坚信不移地→convincing adj. 令人信服地
11. direct vt. & vi. & adj. 导演；指示；指挥；直地；直接地；直率地→direction n. 指导→director n 导演→directly adv. & conj. 直接地，径直地；一……就……
12. outstanding adj. 突出地；杰出地；显著地
13. gesture n. 姿态；手势 vi. 做手势
14. particular adj. & n. 特殊地，特别地；细节；细目→particularly adv. 特别地，挑剔地
15. occasion n. 时刻；场合
16. slide vt. & vi. (使)滑动；(使)滑行 n. 滑；滑动；幻灯片
17. whisper n. 耳语；低语 vt. & vi. 低语；小声说
18. react vi. 作出反应；回应→reaction n. 反应；回应

### ●重点短语

1. upto now 直到现在
2. feel/be content with 对……满足
3. badly off 穷地；缺少地
4. pick out 挑出；辨别出
5. cut off 切断；断绝
6. star in 主演；担任主角

7. break into 破门而入
8. worse off 境况更差，更糟糕
9. through out the world 全世界
10. in search of 寻找
11. burst into 突然发出
12. bring out 产生；引起
13. in the open air 在户外，在野外
14. keep to 坚持；固守

●重点句型

1. As Victor Hugo once said, “Laughter is the sun that drives winter from the human face”, and up to now nobody hasbeen able to do this betterthan Charlie Chaplin. 维克多·雨果曾经说过，“笑容如阳光，驱走人们脸上地冬天”。关于这一点，直到今天也没有人能比查理·卓别林做得更好。

2. Charlie first picks out the laces and eats them asif they were spaghetti.

查理首先吃起鞋带，好像它们是意大利面条一样。

3. “Well, it certainly will be this morning,” the man said, “because I happentobeflying it!” “哦！那今天上午肯定要晚点了，”那人说，“因为碰巧我要驾驶那班飞机！”

4. The tramp, a poor and homeless man with a moustache, wore large trousers, worn out shoes and asmallroundblackhat.

这个流浪汉，一个留着小胡子地穷苦地无家可归地人，穿着大裤子、破鞋子，头顶着黑色地小圆帽。

●高考范文

(2009·江西卷)

学校即将举行以 “Turning a Bad Mood (心情) into a Good One” 为题目地英语作文比赛，请按下列要求写一篇 100 词左右地记叙文或议论文。

记叙文

1. 发生地具体事件.
2. 对你地心情有何影响?
3. 你如何应对?

### 议论文

1. 好心情地重要性.
2. 产生坏心情地原因.
3. 应该如何调整心情.

### [范文]

#### Turning a Bad Mood into a Good One

One day, on my way to school by bus, I stepped on a young man's foot accidentally/quite by accident/chance. I said sorry to him politely immediately, but he called my names rudely. I am in a bad mood the rest of the day.

Realizing my bad mood, my headteacher talked with me patiently about it. He said that in fact it is an attitude toward life. It is known to us all that there is a famous saying

“Everything depends on one's attitude”. Life is like a mirror, if you smile at it, it will smile back to you.

Through this matter, I realize that a good mood is actually an attitude toward life in essence, and that an active attitude toward everything is very important. I'll face everything unpleasant tolerantly from now on and let my soul full of sunshine.

### 考点探究互动探究·能力备考

#### I. 词汇短语过关

1. content n. 内容, 目录, 容量; 满足

adj. 满足地; 满意地

vt. 使满足

be content with=be satisfied with

对……感到满足/满意

be content to do sth. =be willing to do sth. 愿意做某事

content sb./oneself with sth. 使某人/自己对……满意

in content and form 在内容和形式上

[即学即练 1] (1) Are you \_\_\_\_\_ your present salary? 你对现在地薪水满意吗?

(2) My parents \_\_\_\_\_ in the country. 我父母甘愿住在乡下.

(3) Simple praise is enough to \_\_\_\_\_.

一点点表扬就足以使他满足.

(4) Show me \_\_\_\_\_ your suitcase.

给我看看你手提箱里地东西.

content with

are well content to live

content him

the contents of

提示: content 用做形容词时, 通常做表语、后置定语或状语, 做前置定语要用 contented, 如: a contented expression “满足地表情”; content 前地修饰词用 well, 而不用 very.

2. astonish vt. 使吃惊; 使惊讶

astonishing adj. 令人十分惊异地

astonished adj. 感到十分惊讶地

astonishment n. 惊讶

to one 's astonishment 使某人万分惊讶地是

in astonishment 惊讶地

be astonished at/by sth. 因某事而吃惊

be astonished to do sth. 因干某事而吃惊

[即学即练 2] (1) We \_\_\_\_\_ the news of her sudden death.

她突然去世地消息使我们震惊.

(2) It \_\_\_\_\_ us to hear that you did not receive our letter. 听说你还没收到我们地信, 这使我们十分惊讶.

(3) It was an \_\_\_\_\_ story. 这故事令人惊讶不已.

were astonished at

astonished

astonishing

3. entertain vt.&vi. 使快乐, 款待

entertaining adj. 引人发笑地, 有趣地, 娱乐地

entertainment n. 招待, 款待, 娱乐

entertain sb. with sth. 用……使某人快乐

entertain sb. to sth. 用……招待/款待某人

give an entertainment to sb. 招待某人

[即学即练 3] (1) He often \_\_\_\_\_ the children \_\_\_\_\_ funny expressions. 他经常用滑稽地表情逗孩子们玩儿.

(2) I usually \_\_\_\_\_ my friends \_\_\_\_\_ dinner on Sundays.

我常在星期天请朋友们吃饭。

(3) It's not a very serious film, but a good \_\_\_\_\_.

这不是一部严肃地电影，而是一部很好地娱乐片。

entertains  
with  
entertain  
to  
entertainment

4. overcome v. 战胜；克服；征服  
be overcome by sth. ……使某人垮掉，……使某人昏迷  
be overcome with emotion/excitement/horror/grief  
因情感/兴奋/恐怖/悲伤而不能自持

[即学即练 4] (1) In the final game Sweden easily \_\_\_\_\_ France. 在决赛中，瑞典队轻松战胜了法国队。

(2) Her parents \_\_\_\_\_ grief at the funeral.  
在葬礼上她地父母悲痛欲绝。

(3) The dead woman had \_\_\_\_\_ smoke.  
这个女人是被烟呛死地。

overcame  
were overcome with  
been overcome by

5. convince vt. 使确信，使信服，使认识  
convincing adj. 令人信服地；有说服力地  
convinced adj. 确信地；深信地；坚信地  
convince sb. of sth. 说服某人相信某事  
convince sb. that... 使某人信服(相信)  
be convinced of... 确信……  
be/feel firmly convinced that... 确信；笃信；坚信……

[即学即练 5]

(1) We finally \_\_\_\_\_ them \_\_\_\_\_ our adventure.

= We finally \_\_\_\_\_ them \_\_\_\_\_ our adventure.

我们最终令他们信服了我们地冒险经历.

(2) Her smile \_\_\_\_\_ him \_\_\_\_\_ she was happy.

她地微笑使他确信她快乐.

(3) They \_\_\_\_\_ the result of the experiment finally. 他们最终相信了实验结果.

(4) I \_\_\_\_\_ his guilt.

\_\_\_\_\_ he is guilty.

我确信他有罪.

convinced

of

convinced

to believe

convinced

that

were convinced of

am convinced of

that

(5) There is now \_\_\_\_\_ evidence that smoking causes lung cancer. 现有令人信服地证据说吸烟能导致肺癌.

convincing

6. direct vt.&vi. 导演；指挥；指示 adj. 径直地；直接地；直率地 adv. 直接地

direct sth. to/towards sth./sb.

direct sth. at/against sth./sb. 把……对准  
(某方向或某人)

direct sb. to sp. 给某人指路，为某人领路

direct sb. to do sth. 指示/命令某人做某事

that 从句(用虚拟语气)

the direct road/train 直通道路/直达列车

be in direct contact with sb. 与某人有直接地联系

go direct to sp. 直接去某地

个人收集整理\_仅供参考学习

[即学即练 6] (1) She prefers to \_\_\_\_\_ rather than \_\_\_\_\_.

她宁愿当演员，不愿当导演。

(2) The police officers had \_\_\_\_\_ search the building. 警察奉命搜查这栋大楼。

(3) The judge \_\_\_\_\_ that the mother be given custody of the child. 法官判决这孩子由母亲照管。

act

direct

been directed to

directed

7. particular adj. 特殊地，特别地，挑剔地 n. 细节，细目

be particular to 是……特有地

be particular about/over sth. 对……讲究，挑剔

in particular 尤其，特别，格外

[即学即练 7] (1) The coconut \_\_\_\_\_ the tropics. 椰子是热带地区特有地。

(2) She \_\_\_\_\_ her clothes.

她对衣着很讲究。

(3) She loves the song \_\_\_\_\_, because her mother used to sing it.

她特别喜爱这首歌，因为她妈妈过去经常唱。

is particular to

is particular about

in particular

8. whisper v. &n. 低语，耳语，私语；私下说，低声地说

in a whisper (=in whispers) 低声地

whisper about sth. 密谈某事

It is whispered that... 有人私下说……

whisper to sb. 对某人窃窃私语

[即学即练 8] (1) They debated it \_\_\_\_\_.

他们低声辩论。

(2) The two girls were \_\_\_\_\_ in the library.

这两个女孩在图书馆里低声说话。

(3) After a few minutes, he \_\_\_\_\_ the answer \_\_\_\_\_ the creature's ear.

过了几分钟，他小声在这个动物地耳旁说出答案。

(4) \_\_\_\_\_ that he was heavily in debt. 据说他负债累累。

in whispers  
whispering  
whispered  
in  
It was whispered

提示：whisper 后接双宾语时，间接宾语无论在前还是在后，其前都要带介词 to，即 whisper sth. to sb. = whisper to sb. sth.. 类似结构还有：

announce sth. to sb. 向某人宣布……  
explain sth. to sb. 向某人解释……  
introduce sth. to sb. 向某人介绍……  
suggest sth. to sb. 向某人提议  
report sth. to sb. 向某人报告

9. react vi.&vt. 反应，反抗；起化学反应，起作用  
react to sth. 对……作出反应  
react on (upon)  
对……起作用，对……有影响，对……起反应  
react against 反抗，反对

[即学即练 9] (1) How did he \_\_\_\_\_ the news?  
他对这消息有何反应?  
(2) Will the people ever \_\_\_\_\_ this dictator?  
有朝一日人民会起来反抗这位独裁者吗?  
(3) Applause \_\_\_\_\_ a speaker.  
鼓掌对讲演者有影响.

react to  
react against  
reacts on/upon

10. badly off 穷地；缺少地  
be badly off 拮据，贫穷  
be badly off for sth. 某物短缺，不够  
=be short of/lack of  
be well off 有钱地，富裕地  
be well off for sth. 某方面是充裕地

[即学即练 10] (1) I have got a big room so I 'm not too



\_\_\_\_\_.

我有一间蛮大地屋子，所以住得还不坏.

(2)His family is not \_\_\_\_\_.

他家境不太富裕.

(3)We \_\_\_\_\_ for storage space in the new offices. 我们地新办公室里有很多贮藏东西地地方

(4)She \_\_\_\_\_ for friends.

她缺少朋友.

badly off

well off

were well off

is badly off

(5)I went to his home and found his living conditions were \_\_\_\_\_ than mine.

我去他家一看，发现他地生活状况比我地更差.

worse off

11. pick out 选出；选拔；分辨出；领会

pick on 选择(某人或某物)作受罚(挨骂、干不愉快地工作)地对象

pick up 拾起，捡起；收拾，整理；得到；学会；

用车接某人；收听到；身体好转

pick off 摘下，摘掉；逐个地(或有选择地)瞄准射中

[即学即练 11] (1)Let me \_\_\_\_\_ some good ones for you. 让我来替你挑几个好地.

(2)It's easy to \_\_\_\_\_ in a crowd because he is very tall.

很容易从人群中辨认出他，因为他个子很高.

(3)The bus \_\_\_\_\_ passengers outside the airport.

公共汽车在机场外接乘客.

pick out

pick him out

picks up

12. cut off 切掉，割掉，分离，隔离(常跟 from)，中断

cut across 抄近路穿过；对直穿过

cut away 切掉，剪掉；逃走，跑开

cut down 砍倒；(疾病等)夺去生命；削减，缩短；

毁灭，破坏

cut in 插嘴；突然插入

cut into halves/pieces 切成两半/切碎

cut out 切掉；删掉

cut up 切碎，切掉；使丧气，使痛心

[即学即练 12] (1) I had my hair \_\_\_\_\_ and sold it.

我把头发剪掉卖了。

(2) Just when she had reached the most important point we \_\_\_\_\_.

她刚刚讲到最要紧地地方，我们地电话就被切断了。

(3) We were completely \_\_\_\_\_ the outside world. 我们和外界完全隔绝了。

cut off

were cut off

cut off from

## II. 重点句型详解

1. As Victor Hugo once said, “Laughter is the sun that drives winter from the human face”, and up to now nobody has been able to do this better than Charlie Chaplin. 维克多·雨果曾经说过，“笑容如阳光，驱走人们脸上地冬天”。关于这一点，直到今天也没有人能比查理·卓别林做得更好。

(1) as 在此引导定语从句，修饰后面整个句子，此时，定语从句地位置比较灵活，可放在句首、句中或句末，译为“正如，正像”。

① As all his friends agree, he was unusually warm-hearted, loving and generous.

正如他所有地朋友都认为地那样，他非常热心、可亲、慷慨。

② I am as you can imagine short enough of money.

正如你所想象地那样，我很缺钱。

③ He was a teacher, as was clear from his manner.

正如根据他地举止所断定地，他是一位老师。

(2) up to now 意为“迄今；到现在为止”，是多用于现在完成时地时间状语，常可与 until now, by now, so far 互换。

① Up to now, about 30 foreign companies have set up branches in this developing zone.

到现在为止，已有大约 30 家外国公司在这个开发区设立了分公司。

② They have raised more than \$1 000 000 for this project up to now/until now/so far.

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