

中考英语被动语态专项练习题

第一篇：中考英语被动语态专项练习题

被动语态专项练习

- 一 专题 选择题 1 () 1 The People's Republic of China ___ on October 1, 1949. A. found B. was founded C. is founded D. was found () 2 English ___ in Canada. A. speaks B. are spoken C. is speaking D. is spoken () 3 This English song ___ by the girls after class. A. often sings B. often sang C. is often sang D. is often sung () 4 This kind of car ___ in Japan. A. makes B. made C. is making D. is made () 5 New computers ___ all over the world. A. is used B. are using C. are used D. have used 2 () 1 Our room must ___ clean. A. keep B. be kept C. to be kept D. to keep () 2 -I'd like to buy that coat. -I'm sorry. ___. A. it sold B. it's selling C. It's been sold D. it had been sold () 3 A new house ___ at the corner of the road. A. is building B. is being built C. been built D. be building () 4 The key ___ on the table when I leave. A. was left B. will be left C. is left D. has been () 5 Doctors ___ in every part of the world. A. need B. are needing C. are needed D. will need () 6 His new book ___ next month. A. will be published B. is publishing C. is being published D. has been published 3 () 1 Japanese ___ in every country. A. is not spoken B. are spoken C. is speaking D. is not speaking () 2 These papers ___ yet. A. have not written B. have not been written C. has not written D. has not been written () 3 The sports meet ___ be held until next week. A. didn't B. won't C. isn't D. doesn't () 4 1-My shoes are

worn out. - _____. A. Can't they be mended?

B. Let me have a look at it. C. How much do they cost? D. Can't they mended? () 2 ____ the watch been repaired yet? I badly need

it. A. Does B. Has C. Is D. Are () 3 ____ these desks be needed? A. Will

B. Are C. Has D. Do 5 () 1 Why ____ to talk about it yesterday?

A. didn't a meeting hold B. wasn't a meeting held

C. wasn't held a meeting D. a meeting wasn't held () 2 Who was the book ____? A. write B. wrote C. written D. written by () 3 Where

____ these boxes made?

A. was B. were C. is D. am 6 () 1 The flowers ____ often. A. must be water

B. must be watered

C. must watered

D. must water () 2 The books may ____ for two weeks. A. be kept B. be borrowed C. keep D. borrow () 3 The broken bike ____

here by Mr Smith. A. can mend

B. can mended

C. can be mend

D. can be mended 7 () 1 The old bridge in my hometown ____ next month. A. is going to be rebuilt B. will rebuilt

C. are going to be rebuilt D. are going to rebuild () 2 The play ____ at the theatre next Sunday. A. is going to be shown B. will shown

C. will show D. is shown () 3 The old stone bridge ____ next week. A. is going to be rebuilt

B. will be rebuild

C. are going to be rebuilt

D. will rebuild 8 () 1 Now these magazines ____ in the library for a long time. A. have kept

B. are keeping

C. have been keeping

D. have been kept () 2 The pot ___ for ___ hot water. A. used;keeping

B. was used;keeping

C. is used;to keep

D. are used;keep () 3 Tea ___ in the south of China. A. grows
B. isgrown C. were grown D. willgrow () 4 The bridges___ two
years ago. A. is built B. built C. were built D. was built

() 5 Wet clothes are often___up near a fire in rainy
weather. A. hang B. hanged C. hanging D. hung 9 () 1 The river
smells terrible. People must ___ dirty things into it. A. be stopped to
throw B. be stopped from throwing C. stop to throw D. stop from
throwing () 2 The teapot ___ water. A. is filled with

B. filled of

C. fulling of

D. filled () 3 Old people must be looked after well and ___
politely. A. speak to B. spoken C. speak D. spoken to () 4 Old
people must ____. A. look after well

B. be looked well after C. looked well after

D. be looked after well 10 () 1 Newly-born babies___in
hospital. A. are taken good care B. are taken good care of C. take
good care of

D. take good care () 2 They were___ at the sudden
noise. A. frightening B. frightened C. frighten D. frightens () 3
These walls___stones. A. are made of B. made of C. are made into
D. made into 11 () 1 Jane ___ to sing us an American song last
Saturday. A. called B. was asked C. told D. was said () 2 The papers

___ to them. A. were shown B. show C. shown / D. have shown () 3
The coat___her sister. A. made to B. were made for C. was made for
D. was made to 12 () 1 I ___ fiveminutes to decide whether I

should go or not. A. gave B. was giving C. had given D. was given ()

2 Good care____such things. A. should take of B. should be taken C. should be taking D. should be taken of () 3 She will____good care____. A. take;of B. be taken;of C. take;for you D. be taken;of you 13 () 1 The teacher made him____ his homework. A. to do B. do C. did D. done () 2 The boy____ streets without pay in the old days. A. was made to clean B. made clean C. made to clean

D. was made clean () 3 These children____dance. A. were seen to B. were seen for C. were seen D. saw to 14 () 1 These stones____well. A. are fitted B. fit C. fits D. is () 2 The bike ____ 500 yuan. A. was cost B. costed C. cost D. is costed () 3 The important meeting ____ on a cold morning last year. A. was had B. was held C. held D. had 15 () 1 Great changes____ in the past ten years in China. A. took place

B. have taken place C. were taking place

D. had taken place () 2 You can't use the computer, it____. A. was broken down B. is wrong C. is bad D. has broken down

() 3 Great changes____in our country during the past 20 years. A. have happened

B. happened

C. have been happened

D. were happened () 4 The watch has often ____ down. A. sat B. lain C. broken D. fell 16 () 1 Please pass me another cup. This one____. A. is broken B. is breaking C. broke D. broken () 2 The story books____ by the writer in the 1960s. A. are written B. were written C. are writing D. were writing () 3 What time ____ the door ____ every day? A. does;closed B. does;close C. is;closed D. /;close () 17

() 1 Can he____ himself? A. get dress B. get dressed C. gets dressed D. instead of () 2 He fell from his bike and _____. A. is hurt B. gets hurt C. got hurt D. hurt () 3 Look out, please keep away from the

fire, or your trousers will ___. A. burnt B. burn C. burning D. get burnt

18 () 1 The apple ___ very sweet. A. is tasted B. taste C. tastes D. are tasting () 2 You ___ more beautiful in the light blue shirt. A. see B. watch C. look D. look at () 3 What you said ___ like a good idea. A. heard B. listened C. sound D. sounded

19 () 1—What do you think of the TV play?—Wonderful. It is worth ___ a second time. A. watching B. watched C. seen D. seeing () 2 How dirty the tables are! They need ___. A. to clean B. clean C. cleaning D. cleaned () 3 The book is worth ___. A. seeing B. reading C. seen D. read

填空(完成被动语态填空)

1. They often clean their classroom after school. (改为被动语态)
 Their classroom _____ often _____ by them after school.

2. Li Lei gave Tom a new pen last week. (同上)
 A new pen _____ _____ Tom last week.

3. A lot of people in China can speak English now. (同上)
 English _____ _____ by a lot of people in China now.

4. I have learned English for about two years. (同上)
 English _____ _____ for about two years.

5. They will publish these story-books next month. (同上)
 These story-books _____ _____ next month.

综合选择题

() 1.—Do you often clean your classroom?
 —Yes. Our classroom ___ every day. A. clean B. cleans C. is cleaned D. is cleaning

() 2. A talk on developments in science and technology ___ in the school hall next week. A. given B. will be given C. has been given D. give

() 3. His new book ___ next month. A. will be published B. is publishing C. is being published D. has been published

() 4.—Did you go to Jack's birthday party? —No, I _____. A. am

not invited B. wasn't invited C. haven't invited D. didn't invite

() 5.—Mum, can I go to the zoo with Jack? —When your homework___, you can. A

is done B. was done C. does D. did

() 6. Twenty—year—olds should not___to drive in China. A allow B. be allow C. be allowed D. allowed. () 7. Seeing him rush into the room with tears in his eyes, I asked him what___. A would happen

B. had happened C. happened

D. was happened. () 8. The book Business@the Speed of Thought ___in 1999. A writes B. is written C. wrote D. was written.

() 9. Trees and flowers__every year to make our country more beautiful. A is planted B. was planted C. are planted D. were planted.

() 10. China's sports stars Yao Ming and Liu Xiang___Good Will Ambassadors(亲善大使)for Shanghai. A has been named B. have been named C. has named

D. have named. () 11. The earth is our home. It ___well. A must be protected

B. should protect C. need protect

D. should protected. () 12. In recent years, many children are made ___ what they are not___. A to do; interested in

B. to do; interested C. do; interested

D. do; interested. () 13. ___a new library___in your school last year?

A Is; built B. Was; built C. Does; built D. Did; built. () 14. An accident___on this road last week. A has been happened

B. was happened C. is happened

D. happened. () 15. Cotton ___in the southeast of China. A. is grown B. are grown C. grows D. grow. () 16. So far, the moon___by man already. A is visited

- B. will be visited C. has been visited
 D. was visited. () 17. How many trees ___ this year?
 A are planted B. will plant C. have been planted
 D. planted. () 18. A lot of things ___ by people to save the little girl
 now. A are doing
 B. are being done C. has been done
 D. will be done. () 19. Neither of them ___ in China
 A is made B. are made C. were made D. made. () 20. Look! A nice
 picture ___ for our teacher. A is drawing B. is being drawn C. has
 been drawn D. draws. () 21. Your shoes ___. You need a new pair. A
 wear out B. worn out C. are worn out D. is worn. () 22. The
 doctor ___ for yet. A isn't sent
 B. hasn't been sent C. won't be sent
 D. wasn't sent. () 23. —When ___ this kind of computer ___?
 —Last year. A did; use B. was; used C. is; used D. are; used ()
 24. The Great Wall ___ about all over the world. A knows B. knew C. is
 known D. was known. () 25. I ___ in summer. A. born B. was born
 C. have been born D. am born. () 26. He says that Mr Zhang ___ to
 the factory next week. A is sent B. would send C. was sent D. will be
 sent. () 27. Who ___ this book ___?
 did; written B. was; written by C. do; written D. was; written ()
 28. Mary ___ show me her new dictionary. A has asked to B. was
 asked to C. is asked D. asks to () 29. A story ___ by Granny
 yesterday. A was told us B. was told to us C. is told us D. told us
 30. The monkey was seen ___ out of the tree. A jump B. jumps
 C. jumped D. to jump

第二篇：被动语态专项练习

被动语态专项练习

一、选择题 (2×15=30 分)

- () 1. _____ a new library _____ in our school last year?

- A. Is;built B. Was;built C. Does;build D. Did;build
- () 2. An accident ____ on this road last week. A. has been happened B. was happened C. is happened D. happened
- () 3. Cotton (棉花) ____ in the southeast of China. A. is grown B. are grown C. grows D. grow
- () 4. So far, the moon ____ by man already. A. is visited B. will be visited C. has been visited D. was visited
- () 5. A talk on Chinese history ____ in the school hall next week. A. is given B. has been given C. will be given D. gives
- () 6. How many trees ____ this year?
A. are planted B. will plant C. have been planted D. planted
- () 7. A lot of things ____ by people to save the little girl now. A. are doing B. are being done C. has been done D. will be done
- () 8. --When ____ this kind of computers ____?-- Last year. A. did;use B. was;used C. is;used D. are;used
- () 9. The Great Wall ____ all over the world. A. knows B. knew C. is known D. was known
- () 10. Who ____ this book ____?
A. did;written B. was;written by C. did;written D. was;written
- () 11. A story ____ by Granny yesterday. A. was told us B. was told to us C. is told us D. told us
- () 12. The monkey was seen ____ off the tree. A. jump B. jumps C. jumped D. to jump
- () 13. The school bag ____ behind the chair. A. puts B. can be put C. can be putted D. can put
- () 14. Older people ____ well. A. looks after B. must be looked after C. must look after D. looked after
- () 15. Our teacher ____ carefully. A. should be listened to B. should be listen C. be listened D. is listened

二、用括号内所给动词的正确形式填空。(1×20=20 分) (请注

意时态和语态两个方面噢)

1. It's said 据说 that the long bridge _____ (build) in two months .

2. Where to have the meeting _____ (discuss) now .

3. Which language _____ the most widely _____ (speak) in the world?

4. The lost boy _____ (not find) so far

5. Last year a large number of trees _____ (cut) down .

6. The students _____ often _____ (tell) to take care of their desks and chairs. 7. The old man is ill. He _____ (must send) to the

hospital. 8. Vegetables, eggs and fruits _____ (sell) in this

shop. 9. What _____ knives _____ (make) of ?

They _____ (make) of metal (金属) and wood. 10. Can the magazine _____ (take) out of the library?

11. The room _____ (clean) by me every day. 12. The stars can't _____ (see) in the daytime. 13. Some flowers

_____ (water) by Li Ming already. 14. This kind of shoes

_____ (sell) well. 15. How long _____ your uncle _____ (be) in the city?

16. The food _____ (smell) delicious. 17. Look! Someone _____ (dance) 三、按要求改写下列句子，一空一词。(1×30=30

分)

1. Is tea grown in South China? (改为主动语态)

_____ people _____ tea in South China?

2. I am given a birthday present by my parents every year. (同义句转换)

A birthday present _____ by my parents every year.

3. The work is going to be finished in two days. (对划线提问)

How _____ the work going to be finished ?

4. The children will sing an English song (改为被动语态)

An English song _____ by the children. 5. You needn't do it now. (改为被动语态)

It _____ by you now. 6. People use metal for making machines. (改为被动语态)

Metal _____ making machines. 7. He made me do that for him. (改为被动语态)

I _____ that for him. 8. They are watching the football match. The football match _____ by

them. 9. Did they build a bridge here a year ago? (改为被动语态)

_____ a bridge _____ here by them a year ago?

10. They have sold out the light green dresses (改为被动语态)

The light green dresses _____ out. 11. We call the game "Lianliankan". (改为被动语态)

The game _____ "Lianliankan" by us. 四、根据所给汉语完成句子，一空一词。(1×10=10分)

① The new bike _____ (买给我) by my parents as a present last week

② _____ your mobile phone _____ (是国产的吗)?

③ The whole mountain is _____ (覆盖) snow. 五、下列各句均有一处错误，请找出并改正过来。(10分)

① I have a lot of homework to be done tonight. _____

② Is your history teacher listened carefully in class?

③ Lei Feng's name remembered by all Chinese people. _____

④ The music is sounded beautiful. _____

⑤ By who was this new educational CD-ROM designed? _____

Answers

一、选择题 (2×15=30 分)

1. B 2. D 3. A 4. C 5. 6. C 7. B 8. B 9. C 10. B 11. B 12. D 13. B 14. B 15. A

二、用括号内所给动词的正确形式填空。(1×20=20 分) (请注意时态和语态两个方面噢)

1. will be built 2. is being discussed 3. is spoken 4. has been found 5. were cut 6. are told 7. must be sent 8. are sold 9. are made , are made 10. be taken 11. is cleaned 12. be seen 13. have been watered 14. sells 15. has been 16. smells 17. is dancing

三、按要求改写下列句子, 一空一词。(1×30=30 分)

1. Do, grow 2. is given to me 3. soon is 4. will be sung 5. needn't be done 6. is used for 7. was made to do 8. is being watched 9. was built 10. have been sold 11. is called

四、根据所给汉语完成句子, 一空一词。(1×10=10 分)

① was bought for me ② Is made in China ③ covered with

五、下列各句均有一处错误, 请找出并改正过来。(10 分)

① be done 改为 do ② listened 改为 listened to ③ remembered 改为 was remembered

④ is sounded 改为 sounds ⑤ By who 改为 By whom

I. 把下列主动语态改为被动语态:

1. We often use a recorder in our English class. 2. They will show a new film next week. 3. When did they build the house?

4. I saw the boy enter the room. 5. Will they show a new film next week?

6. Have they posted the letter yet?

7. We often see him help his classmate. 8. You must turn off the light before you go to bed.

9. Who is repairing the bike?

10. The student should learn all the texts by heart. II. 选择填

空:

1. The reading room _____ yesterday afternoon. A. cleaned B. is cleaned C. was cleaning D. was cleaned
2. The workers were made _____ ten hours a day. A. work B. to work C. working D. worked
3. Food _____ in a cool place in summer. A. must keep B. mustn't keep C. must be kept D. mustn't be kept
4. His father _____ to work in Hong Kong 3 years ago. A. sent B. was sent C. has sent D. has been sent
5. The pen _____ well. A. writes B. is written C. was written D. writing
6. Great changes _____ in the town since 1988. A. have taken place B. have been taken place C. has taken place D. has been taken place
7. Our compositions must _____ next Monday. A. be hand in B. be handed in C. handed in D. be handing in
8. The child will _____ back to his parents next month. A. sent B. send C. be sent D. be sending
9. _____ his work _____ yet?
A. have...been finished B. has ...been finished
C. has ...finished D. have...finished
10. The classroom _____ now
A. is cleaning B. is being cleaning
C. is being cleaned D. is cleaned

III. 用适当时态和语态的动词填空:

1. Can he _____ (speak) English?
2. What language _____ (speak) in that country?
- 3 . The film _____ (show) many times since last Sunday.
- 4 . These TV sets _____ (make) in SiChuan.
- 5 It has got so dark. Would you please _____ (turn) on the light?
6. A new hospital _____ (build) in this area now. 1 _____

the book _____(return). 2. Rice _____(grow) in the south. 3. The window _____(not break) by the boy. 4. I _____(tell) he _____(not come) just now. IV. 将下列句子改为被动语态, 并根据情况保留或去掉动作的执行者

1. They will say nothing more about this matter. 2. They have made some flowers of silk. 3. He wrote a poem. 4. The students are planting some trees and flowers. 5. They are to open up a new business next week. 6. Children couldn't have done all this damage. 7. All of us will see him off at the airport. 8. They feed the tigers at the zoo three times a day. 9. You must hand in your homework before five. 10. People say that she is a good teacher. V. 用所给动词的正确形式填空

1. English _____(speak) in many countries. 2. Information in short-term memory _____(can, not, keep) very long. 3. After that, one of the lights _____(turn off) and the rat had to wait for a short time. 4. Just a few years ago, tomatoes _____(believe) to have magical powers, making people who ate them fall in love. 5. It is said new copies of the book _____(print) now. 6. The old house _____(pull) down next month. 7. In the old days, the children _____(take care of) by the mother because she did not work outside the house. 8. Needless to say, the second list of words _____(can, remember) more easily than the first one. 9. She _____(send) to another village when I got there. 10. The teacher said that we _____(give) another chance some time next month if we failed in the exam. **参考答案**

I. 1. A recorder is often used in our English class. 2. A new film will be shown by them next week. 3. When was the house built by them?

4. The boy was seen to enter the room. 5. Will a new film be shown by them next week?

7. He is often seen to help his classmate. 8. The light must be turned off before you go to bed. 9. Who is the bike being repaired by?

(By whom is the bike being repaired?)

10. All the texts should be learned by heart by the students. II
1. D 2. B 3. C 4. B 5. A 6. A 7. B

8. C 9. B 10. C

III 1. speak 2. is spoken 3. has been shown

4. are made 5. turn 6. is being built

7. Has returned 8. is grown 9. wasn't broken

10. was told didn't come

IV. 1. Nothing more will be said about this matter. 2. Some flowers of silk have been made by them. 3. A poem was written by him. 4. Some trees and flowers are being planted by the students. 5. A new business is to be opened up next week. 6. All this damage couldn't have been done by children. 7. He will be seen off at the airport by all of us. 8. The tigers at the zoo are fed three times a day (by them). 9. Your homework must be handed in before five (by you). 10. It is said that she is a good teacher. (That she is a good teacher is said by them.)

V. 1. is spoken 2. cannot be kept 3. was turned off

believed

5. are being printed 6. will be pulled 7. were taken care of

8. can be remembered 9. had been sent 10. would be given

4. were

第三篇：中考英语复习《被动语态》精品教学案

中考英语复习被动语态

[知识概要]

一、语态概述

英语的语态是通过动词形式的变化表现出来的。英语中有两种语

态：主动语态和被动语态。

主动语态表示主语是动作的执行者。巧记为：主动、主动、主去动。

例如：Many people speak English. 谓语：speak 的动作是由主语 many people 来执行的。

被动语态表示主语是动作的承受者，即行为动作的对象。巧记为：被动、被动、主被动。例如：English is spoken by many people. 主语 English 是动词 speak 的承受者。

主动态和被动态指的是动词形式，是词法概念；而主动句和被动句则指的是句子结构，从而是句法概念。所谓主动句就是由主动态动词(词组)作谓语的动词的句子，而被动句则是由被动态动词(词组)作谓语的动词的句子。

例如：He opened the door. 他开了门。(主动句)

The door was opened. 门被开了。(被动句)

二、被动语态的构成

被动语态由“助动词 be + 及物动词的过去分词”构成。人称、数和时态的变化是通过 be 的变化表现出来的。现以 teach 为例说明被动语态在各种时态中的构成。

一般现在时：am / is/ are + taught

一般过去时：was / were + taught

一般将来时：will/ shall be + taught

现在进行时：am / is/ are being + taught

过去进行时：have / has been + taught

现在完成时：have / has been + taught

歌诀是：被动语态 be 字变，过去分词跟后面。

三、被动语态的用法

(1)不知道或没有必要说明动作的执行者是谁。

例如：Some new computers were stolen last night. 一些新电脑在昨晚被盗了。(不知道电脑是谁偷的)

This book was published in 1981. 这本书出版于 1981 年。

(2)强调动作的承受者，而不强调动作的执行者。

例如：the window was broken by Mike. 窗户是迈克打破的。

This book was written by him.这本书是他写的。

Eight hours per day for sleep must be guaranteed.每天8小时睡眠必须得到保证。歌诀：谁做的动作不知道，说出谁做的没有必要；动作承受者需强调，被动语态运用到。

四、主动语态变被动语态的方法

(1)把主动语态的宾语变为被动语态的主语。

(2)把谓语变成被动结构 (be + 过去分词)

(根据被动语态句子里的主语的人称和数，以及原来主动语态句子中动词的时态来决定 be 的形式)。

(3)把主动语态中的主语放在介词 by 之后作宾语，将主格改为宾格。

例如：

All the people laughed at him. He was laughed at by all people. They make the bikes in the factory. The bikes are made by them in the factory. 歌诀是：宾变主，主变宾，by 短语后面跟。

谓语动词变被动，be 后“过分”来使用。

五、含有情态动词的被动语态

含有情态动词的主动句变成被动句时，由“情态动词 + be + 过去分词”构成，原来带 to 的情态动词变成被动语态后“to”仍要保留。

歌诀是：情态动词变动，情态加 be 加“过分”，原来带 to 要保留。例如：

We can repair this watch in two days. This watch can be repaired in two days. You ought to take it away. It ought to be taken away. They should do it at once. It should be done at once

[历年考点例析]

一、考查要点：

主要考查一般现在时，一般过去时以及一般现在时带有情态动词的被动语态的用法。例如：

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