2023 年上海中考考前押题密卷

英 语

本试卷考试时间: 100 分钟 试卷满分: 140 分。

注意事项:

- 1. 答卷前,考生务必在答题卡上用黑色字迹的钢笔或签字笔填写自己的考生号、姓名、试室号、座位号,再用 2B 铅笔把对应这两个号码的标号涂黑。
- 2. 选择题每小题选出答案后,用 2B 铅笔把答题卡上对应题目的答案标号涂黑。如需要改动,用橡皮擦干净后,再选涂其他答案。不能答在试卷上。
- 3. 非选择题必须用黑色字迹的钢笔或签字笔作答,答案必须写在答题卡各题目指定区域的相应位置上;如需要改动,先划掉原来的答案,然后再写上新的答案,改动的答案也不能超出指定的区域;不准使用铅笔、圆珠笔和涂改液。不按以上要求作答的答案无效。
- 4. 考生必须保持答题卡的整洁,考试结束,将本试卷和答题卡一并交回。

Part 1 Listening (第一部分 听力)

- I、Listening comprehension (听力理解) (共 25 分)
- A. Listen and choose the right picture (根据你听到的内容, 选出相应的图片) (5分)



B、Listen to the dialogue and choose the best answer to the question you hear (根据你所听到的对话和问题,选出恰当的答案)(5分)

6.						
A.	Tea.	B. Coffee.	C.	Water.	D	Juice.
7.						
A.	By train.	B. By air.	C.	By sea.	D. 1	By ferry.
8.						
A.	A. Customer and shop assistant.		B. Librarian and student.			
C.	C. Passenger and bus driver.		D. Mother and son.			
9.						

A. Watching a film online.	B. Making a phone call.			
C. Giving a lecture.	D. Taking a message.			
10.				
A. Sunny. B. Rainy.	C. Windy. D. Snowy.			
C. Listen to the passage and tell whether the	following statements are true or false.(判断下列句子是否符合你听到短			
文内容,符合的用"T"表示,不符合的用"F"。	表示)(5分)			
11. According to Hanks, the key to Starbucks' s	success lies in the location of its stores.			
12. In order to learn more facts about their futur	re customers' needs, Maggie made a Questionnaire (问卷调查表).			
13. In Maggie's report, she has concluded that o	customers care more about the quality of coffee beans and milk than the			
service of a café.				
14. The employees in the company are another	factor that can lead to the success of its brand.			
15. The company's employee handbook clearly	states all the policies (政策) and procedures, so there's no need to add			
anything into it.				
D. Listen to the dialogue and complete the fo	llowing sentences(听对话,完成下列内容,每空限填一词)			
16. To keep down the cost of extra staff, Nancy	and Ella do a lot of work			
17. Nancy and Ella work well together and each	n of them has her			
18. Nancy is, so she does the book-keeping in the hotel.				
19. Ella is smart and patient. She tries her best to help the guests				
20. Nancy and Ella provide	20. Nancy and Ella provide for college students to earn pocket money.			
Part 2 Grammar and	Vocabulary (第二部分语法和词汇)			
II. Choose the best answer (选择最恰当的答案) (本大题共 15 题,每题 1 分,共 15 分。每题只有一个正确选				
项)				
21. The silk dress really smooth, so n	ny aunt always wears it.			
A. turns B. sounds	C. feels D. becomes			
22. The little boy didn't stop talking	the teacher came in.			
A. if B. until	C. because D. when			
23. —The machine is working again!				
—Yes, it broke down yesterday, but it				
A. has been fixed B. is being fixed	C. had been fixed D. would be fixed			
24. — You will hold the house-warming party to	his evening, right?			
— Yes. The party we have looked forward to				
A. coming B. having come	C. came D. is coming			

25.	—I didn't know yo	ou could play the guitar s	o well.	
	Γhanks. I	it for several years when	I was a child.	
A.	was learning	B. have learned	C. would learn	D. learned
26.	—I have seen the	movie twice.		
	He likes t	he movie very much.		
A.	So he have	B. So he has	C. So have he	D. So has he
27.	Try to relax before	e the test to son	ne music or go for an ear	rly morning walk.
A.	Listen	B. Listening	C. To listen	D. To listsening
28.	. — will	the online class begin?		
]	In five minutes. I'm	ready for it, mum.		
A.	How long	B. How soon	C. How much	D. How far
29.	Mr. Wu is always	first to come to	o school in our class to g	get everything ready for us.
A.	a	B. an	C. the	D. /
30.	—Why does she a	lways do well in all subje	ects?	
]	Because she studies _	·		
A.	enough careful	B. enough carefully	C. carefully enough	D. careful enough
31.	Kate is the	girl in our class. She	plays for our school basl	ketball team.
A.	taller	B. tallest	C. heavier	D. heaviest
32.	—Look! Alan is p	laying basketball on the p	olayground.	
]	t Alan. He	e has gone to Xi'an.		
A.	may be	B. might be	C. mustn't be	D. can't be
33.	Jack put up his har	nd in class he so	olved the difficult math p	problem.
A.	as far as	B. as long as	C. as soon as	D. as well as
34.	Shenzhou $X\square$ was	s into space abo	out ten days ago. It has b	been one of the hot topics recently.
A.	given up	B. turned up	C. sent up	D. set up
35.	I think we should s	spend as much time as we	e can in our sp	pare time.
A.	read	B. to read	C. reading	D. to reading
□.	Choose the proper	words in the box to con	aplete the following pas	ssage. Each can be used only once (选择最恰当
的	选项填入空格。每名	空格限填一词, 每词只	能填一次)(本大题共	8题,每题1分,共8分,每题只有一个正确选
项)			
٨	If R mistakes C	Instead of D. Unles	ss E depend on	

Are you learning a foreign language? Do you know what a successful language learners should do? First of all,

successful language learners are independent learners. They can learn by themselves and do not36 books or teachers.				
They discover their own ways to learn the language37 waiting for the teacher to explain, they try to find methods				
(方法) and rules for themselves. They also look for clues(线索) and get their own ideas by guessing38 they guess				
wrong, they would try again. They try to learn from their39				
A. more important B. in order to C. everything D. active E. nothing				
Secondly, successful language learning is40 learning, so successful learners do not wait for a chance to use the				
language. They look for such a chance. They find native speakers and ask for help when they make mistakes. They will try				
to communicate. They are not afraid to repeat what they hear or to say strange things. When the communication				
is difficult, they can get information that is inexact (不精确的) or incomplete (不完整的) by guessing. It is42 for				
them to learn to think than to know the meaning of every word. Finally, successful language learners are learners with a				
purpose. They want to learn the language because they are interested in it and native speakers' lives. It is necessary for them				
to learn the language43 communicate with foreigners and learn about their lives, their culture and so on.				
IV. Complete the sentences with the given words in their proper forms (用括号中所给单词的适当形式完成下列句				
子。每空格限填一词) (本大题共8题, 共8分)				
44. I believe are important than money. (know)				
45. Computers are super (calculate).				
46. I have a number of about the hotel room you've given me. (complain)				
47. The poor girl being hugged by her mum and died with a smile. (imagination)				
48. Steve Jobs has been since a few years ago. (die)				
49. The noise in the room made me (fright).				
50. Jack was of his mistake until his teacher told him about it.(aware)				
51. Tom's father is a man of average (high).				
V.Rewrite the following sentences as required(根据所给要求, 改写下列句子,52-57 每空限填一词)(共 14 分)				
52. We used to stay <u>in a hotel by the sea</u> on family holidays. (对画线部分提问)				
you use to stay on family holidays?				
53. People hang red lanterns at the Lantern Festival. (改为被动语态)				
Red lanternsby people at the Lantern Festival.				
54. The girl asked, "Mum, can I watch TV?" (保持句意不变)				
The girl asked her mother she watch TV.				
55. The children didn't know their mistakes. (保持句意基本不变)				
The children of their mistakes.				
56. Cormorants can stay underwater for up to two minutes. (对划线部分提问)				

	can cormorants stay underwater?
57.	He has to do his homework every day.(改为否定句)
Не	to do his homework every day.
58.	small enough, to put, are, in your pocket, mini computers (连词成句)
	rt 3 Reading and Writing(第三部分读写)
	Reading comprehension (阅读理解) (本大题共 25 题, 共 50 分)
A.	Choose the best answer (根据以下内容,选择最恰当的答案) (12 分)
	I was an unlucky nurse who had to work on Christmas Day. It was always quiet in the emergency room on this day, so
I w	as not expecting any patients. When I was complaining about working on such a beautiful festival, a pale woman and
fou	r small children showed up at my desk.
	"Are you all sick?" I asked <u>suspiciously</u> because they seemed all right.
	"Yes," the woman answered in a low voice and lowered her head.
	But when it comes to their problems, things got a little strange. Two of the children had headaches, but they didn't hold
the	head. Two children had earaches, but neither of them could tell me which ear was in pain. The mother complained of a
cou	igh, but she seemed to be pretending.
	Something was wrong. I didn't say anything but explained that it might take a while before a doctor could meet them.
"Ta	ake your time, please," the mother answered. I checked their charts-no address. Suddenly I knew, they were homeless and
the	hospital was warm.
	I looked out at the family, sitting together under the Christmas tree, smiling and chatting with each other sweetly.
Qu	ietly, I went back to the nurses' station and told them that they had a homeless family in the waiting room. The nurses's
stat	tion suddenly came back to life. All he nurses came into action, just as we did when there was a real medical emergency.
But	t this one was a "Christmas emergency."
	We took out our meals for our Christmas "patients". We also put together oranges and apples as presents. Usually we
just	t tried to meet the physical needs of our patients. But today, we worked hard to exceed the needs of a family who only
wai	nted a warm place on Christmas Day.
	Later, when the family was leaving, the four-year-old girl ran back and gave me a kiss. "Thanks for being our angel
tod	ay," she whispered in my ear.
	The writer felt when she had to work on Christmas Day.
	excited B. unhappy C. surprised D. interested
	How many people came to the emergency room?
	four B. five C. three D. six

61.	51. The family came to the emergency room because			
A.	the mother was coughing.	B. there was something wrong with two children's heads.		
C.	two children had earaches.	D. they were homeless and the hospital was warm.		
62.	. What does the underlined word "suspicious	ly" mean in the second paragraph?		
A.	Feeling there was something strange	B. Feeling there was something frightening		
C.	Noticing there was something interesting	D. Noticing there was something dangerous		
63.	. All the nurses in the emergency room did th	e following except when they heard about the family.		
A.	They took out their meals for their Christma	s "patients."		
В.	They also put together oranges and apples as	presents.		
C.	They did as they usually did in a medical em	ergency.		
D.	They provided a warm place for the family.			
64.	. What do you think is the best title for the pa	assage?		
A.	A poor family.	B. a sick mother and her children.		
C.	A working Christmas.	D. Nurses at Christmas.		
B. 0	Choose the best answer and complete the pa	assage (选择最恰当的选项完成短文)(12分)		
	The second secon			

Have you ever read the famous novel *Robinson Crusoe*(《鲁滨逊漂流记》)? Do you know that it was based on a real

life story of a Scottish sailor, Alexander Selkirk

Selkirk was born in Scotland in 1676. As he grew up, he became a sailor(海员). One day, he was asked to fight around South America, while the ship was damaged by the Spanish. He was ____65___ that the ship would sink, so he tried to land on the next island. The island was Mas a Tierra and it is known as "Robinson Crusoe Island" today.

The island in the Pacific was far away, with nobody around, but Selkirk <u>66</u> to live there alone for over 4 years. At first, he didn't realize it would be more than 4 years. He <u>67</u> passed the time by reading his *Bible*(圣经). Though there was nobody else on the island, there were animals, <u>68</u> rats, cats and goats. The rats were such fierce animals that he had to use wild cats to protect himself during the night. During the days on the island, there were <u>69</u> two ships coming close. Unluckily, they were not friendly and even opened fire on Selkirk, but he escaped successfully.

Finally, on the first of February 1709, when two British ships arrived at the island, Selkirk was rescued. It ________ that his choice was right because no long after his landing on the island, the ship sank. The archaeologists(考古学家)today

65. A.	surprised	B. afraid	C. successful	D. excited	
66. A.	managed	B. failed	C. promised	D. wanted	
67. A.	rarely	B. probably	C. badly	D. mainly	
68. A.	except	B. except for	C. including	D. include	
69. A.	at least	B. as a result	C. at once	D. as well	
70. A.	turned over	B. turned out	C. turned off	D. turned down	
C.Fill in	n the blanks wi	ith proper words(在短	至文的空格内填入适当的	的词,使其内容通顺。每空格限填一词,首字母	
已给)((14分)				
Wł	nat do Russian,	American, Japanese and	Chinese astronauts eat in	space? Do they eat the same things as on earth or	
somethi	ng totally differ	ent? Are these foods tasty	y? The t71 may b	low your mind	
			Russia		
As	the f 72	country to send astronaut	s into space, Russia start	ed to develop space food since the early 1960s.	
Food that	at can be sucked	d(吸) was the earliest typ	e of space food. but astro	onauts still felt hungry after eating them. Later,	
more sa	tisfying foods li	ke ox tongue, herring pie	and chicken cutlets were	e then added to the menu to solve the problem.	
No	w Russian astro	onauts can enjoy a variety	of food s 73 to or	n earth, such as black bread, honey cake, ham,	
quail, Po	olish pike, Russ	ian cheese and sturgeon.	Food is stored in special	packages, and astronauts can eat them with a	
spoon of	r fork rather tha	n suck them with a straw.			
			America		
Fas	st food is the ma	ain food for American ast	ronauts. The range of de	licious food include sausage pies, spicy grilled fish,	
potato re	oast beef, butter	bread, tempeh broth, tun	na salad and drinks l <u>7</u>	4Coca-cola.	
Japan					
Japanese space food expresses their unique c75 Japan Aerospace Exploration Agency displayed 29 different					
types to	space food at an	n exhibition in Tokyo in .	June, 2007. Most of these	e are traditional Japanese food, including rice balls,	
tomato	fish, curry nood	les, mountain vegetables,	, beans. glutinous rice, ar	nd sweets.	
	China				
Chinese space food has become more diverse and delicious in recent years. Food is a 76 differently in different					
stages o	f mission. For e	example, astronauts can ea	at porridge if they don't l	nave appetite during their first few days in spaces	
while in	the later stage,	food with 1 77 fibe	er (纤维) along with mul	tivitamins will be brought in.	
For	r the Shenzhou	XIII astronauts, the recipo	e changed every five day	s during their 6-month stay in space.	
D. Answer the questions (根据短文内容回答下列问题): (12分)					
My					

discovered a campsite of a European on this island and it proved the story true.

"The atlas (地图册) I grew up with was a hand - me - down from my brother, dog - eared Collins World Atlas. This				
became my favourite book, and I was touched that he thought I was grown - up enough to appreciate it. After wars, my				
atlas was considered incorrect and out of date and I had to buy a new one for school. But I still missed the well - used				
pages and old - book smell. I carefully tore (撕) pages out of my old atlas, and glued them on cardboard. My father				
helped me to cut them into jigsaw puzzles as gifts for my friends. Google search is an easy way to find various places, but				
I still prefer to search for exotic places in a real - turning atlas. One day it may be priceless!"				
Rosemary Francis				
"When I was 13, I wanted a horse of my own. Finally my parents softened to the idea and bought me a beautiful part -				
Arabian horse. To settle on a name, my father suggested I open our atlas to the page on Saudi Arabia, close my eyes and				
place my finger randomly (随机地) on the page. Bandar Shah (Royal Port) was a wonderful horse. "				
Melanie Egan				
"When I retired after 20 years with the same boss Reader's Digest, I did not expect to be given a gold watch. I certainly				
did not expect to be given a Reader's Digest Atlas of the World. But that is exactly what my co - workers decided I				
needed. For the next 15 years that atlas was used by my family to settle geographic arguments and plan trips				
abroad. Sadly, wear and tear forced its retirement, too. "				
Winston Hindmarsh				
78. Rosemary didn't like the old alas from his brother, did she?				
79. How did Rosemary make use of the old atlas?				
80. What does"Bandar Shah"refer to in the atlas?				
81. From whom did Winston get the atlas?				
82. In what way was the Reader's Digest Atlas of the World used by the family?				
83. If the three articles are put in one section in a magazine, please complete the title				
□. Writing (作文) (共 20 分)				
84. 人生中总会遇到不如意的事,总会面临需要解决的问题。但是只要认清问题、坚定信念,总能解决问题,				
获得成功。请以"A Problem I Have Solved"为题,结合自身经历,用英语写一篇短文,谈谈你解决问题的过程和经验				
感悟,向学校英语报投稿。				
内容包括:				
1. What was the problem?				
2. How did you solve it? Did you ask for help or work it out on your own?				
3. What have you learnt from the experience?				
注意 :				
. 词数在 60-80 之间;				

2. 文中需包括所有要点,可适当发挥,使文章连贯通顺;
3. 文中不得出现真实的人名、校名、地名及其他相关信息。
A Problem I Have Solved

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英语·参考答案全解全析

听力部分

1.F 2.E 3.B 4.C 5. A

【原文】1. Let's go cycling this weekend in the countryside, shall we?

- 2. Soon after the fire broke out in the building, the fire engine came.
- 3. Simon will go on a trip to the mountains during the May Day holiday.
- 4. Some people think that piggy banks are too old-fashioned for children to use.
- 5. Mr. Brown is a kind doctor. His job is to check sick people's body during this period.

6. D

【原文】M: Let''s take a break, would you like something to drink, tea or coffee?

W: Hmm, Neither, can I have some juice, please?

Question: What does the woman want?

7. A

【原文】W: Jason, how can I travel from Shanghai to Hongkong?

M: Let me see, Amanda. People used to get there by plane. Now you can take the CRH train there.

W: Okay, I'll take your advice.

Q: How will Amanda travel from Shanghai to Hongkong?

8. A

【原文】M: Excuse me, I'd like to return this jacket.

W: Is there anything wrong?

M: I bought it for my son, but he doesn't like the style.

Question: What is the possible relationship between the two speakers?

9. C

【原文】M: Could I speak to Mr. Smith?

W: I'm sorry, he's giving a lecture online, can I take a message?

M: Err... no, thanks. I'll call him later.

Question: What is Mr. Smith doing?

10. C

【原文】W: Michael, what will the weather be like tomorrow?

M: Oh, let me check my phone. The APP says it'll be very windy tomorrow.

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