

# Unit 1 People of Achievement

1. botanical *adj.* 植物学的 botanically *adv.* 植物学地
2. evaluate *vt.* 评价; 评估 evaluation *n.* 评价; 评估
3. analyse *vt.* 分析 analysis *n.* 分析
4. apparent/clear/obvious *adj.* 明显的 apparently/clearly/obviously *adv.* 显而易见
5. science *n.* 科学 scientist *n.* 科学家 scientific *adj.* 科学上的;  
scientifically *adv.* 合乎科学地
6. theory *n.* 理论; 学说 theoretical *adj.* 理论上的 theoretically *adv.* 理论上地
7. novel *n.* 小说 *adj.* 新颖的, 珍奇的 novelist *n.* 小说家
8. politics *n.* 政治 political *adj.* 政治的 politician *n.* 政治家; 政客
9. gentle *adj.* 温柔的 gently *adv.* 温柔地 gentleman *n.* 绅士
10. extraordinary *adj.* 不一般的; 非凡的 extraordinarily *adv.* 非凡地
11. gradual *adj.* 逐渐的 gradually *adv.* 逐渐地
12. sum *vi.* 总结; 概括 summary *n.* 总结; 概括 summariz *vt.* 总结
13. conclude *vt. & vi.* 结束; 终止 conclusion *n.* 结论; 推论
14. object *n.* 物体 *vi.* 反对 objective *n.* 目标 *adj.* 客观 objection *n.* 反对
15. institute *n.* (教育、专业等)机构 institution *n.* 社会公共机构

16. commit vt. 承诺; 保证(某人、机构等) vi. 忠于; 全心全意投入(工作、活动等) committed adj. 尽心尽力的; 坚定的; 坚信的 commitment n. 投入; 承诺

17. passion n. 酷爱; 激情 passionate adj. 热情的; 狂热的

18. acknowledge vt. 承认(属实、权威等); (公开)感谢  
acknowledgement n. 承认(属实、权威等); (公开)感谢

19. boil vt.&vi. (使)沸腾; 煮开; 烧开 n. 沸腾; 沸点 boiled adj. 煮开的 boiling adj. 沸腾的

21. remark v.&n. 谈论; 评论 remarkable adj. 非凡的; 显著的  
remarkably adv. 惊人地

22. consequence n. 结果; 后果 consequent adj. 随之发生的; 作为结果的 consequently adv. 结果; 因此

23. vital adj. 必不可少的; 极其重要的; 充满生机的 vitally adv. 极其

24. infer vt. 推断; 推定 inferred/inferred (过去式/过去分词/现在分词)  
inference n. 推断; 推论 inferring

## 单句语法填空

1. Mo Yan is a very famous novelist (novel) in China.
2. If they insist on leaving now, please go ahead.
3. We should draw some conclusions (conclusion) from our failure.
4. Apparently (apparent), the teacher is not satisfied with your progress.
5. Tu Youyou, a committed (commit) scientist, was born in Ningbo, China.
6. After failing (fail) more than 190 times, they finally succeeded in 1971.
7. The medicine was tested on malaria patients, most of whom recovered.
8. Tu Youyou's research led to the discovery (discover) of artemisinin(青蒿素).
9. It is an honor for China's scientific (science) research to be spread around the world.
10. He gradually (gradual) became famous throughout the world as a basketball player.

**词组搭配** 根据中文提示完成下列词组、语块或短句。

1. lead to/result in 导致
2. flow chart 流程图
3. in theory 理论上
4. draw/reach/come to a conclusion 得出结论
5. take up a position 担任; 任职
6. be distinct/different from 与……不同
7. wear and tear 磨损; 损耗
8. sum up 总结; 概括
9. graduate from 毕业于……
10. insist on doing sth 坚持做某事
11. commit oneself to do/doing sth 承诺做某事
12. infer from 从……中推断
13. in/under the circumstance 在这种情况下
14. have a gift/talent/genius for 对……有天赋
15. in consequence of 由于……的缘故
16. come to power (开始) 掌权; 上台

**词组搭配** 根据中文提示完成下列词组、语块或短句。

17. make contributions to 对.....做贡献

18. the most well-known 最著名的

19. born in 出生于

20. out of a strong passion for 出于.....的情感

21. managed to do 设法做

22. quit one's job 辞职

23. full-time 全职

24. part-time 兼职

25. as a consequence 因此

26. pass away 去世

用上述词组搭配的词组的正确形式填空

1. In conclusion, so long as you insist on (坚决要求) doing so, you will reap a harvest.
2. The situation has become better and better since the new government came to power (上台; 执政).
3. At first, she took up a position (任职) as a secretary. Soon, she quit it and ~~led to~~ decided a further education in a university.
4. His words committed themselves to (导致) discussion among the students.
5. Both sides committed themselves to (承诺; 保证) settle the wear and tear fully.
6. The insurance policy does not cover damage caused sum up normal wear and tear (磨损; 损耗).
7. Which Chinese characters would you choose to sum up (总结) the past year?

## Part 6-Sentence structures

### 1.on/upon doing... 一...就...

仿写：一听到这个消息,他难以抑制心中的兴奋,高兴地跳了起来。

, he was unable to control his excitement and jumped with joy.

### 2. be thought to be...

仿写：根据国籍进行不同的收费被认为是一种歧视。

Charging differently according to nationalities

.

### 3.as though/as if 引导的方式状语从句常用虚拟语气

仿写：黄老师对待我们很耐心,就好像我们是她自己的孩子一样。

Miss Huang treats us very patiently .



4. **It's widely acknowledged that** 总所周知/人们普遍认为.....

汉译英: 人们普遍认为她是一个出色的跳水天才。

It's widely acknowledged that she is **an extraordinary diving talent.**

5. **It is/was + 被强调部分 + who/that ... 正是....**

汉译英: 正是她的努力在她的成就中起着至关重要的作用。

It is her efforts that **play a vital role in** her achievements.

6. **insist on doing sth** 坚持...

汉译英: 尽管经常受伤, 但她仍然坚持训练, 从不放弃。

**Although she got injured, she insisted on training and never gave up.**



# **Revision about Grammar**

Tu Youyou discovered the artemisinin

which can treat the malaria .

关系词

引导定从的词

关系代词

which, who,  
whom,  
whose,  
that, as

定语从句

修饰名词或代词的句子

关系副词

where  
when  
why

先行词

被定从修饰的名词或代词

关系词功能

1. 引导定从

2. 代替先行词

3. 在定从中担当成分

**A. The old man has a son who is in the army.**

**B. The old man has a son, who is in the army.**

A句的意思是：这位老人有个在部队工作的儿子。  
(隐含的意思：也许还有别的儿子，在干别的工作)

B句的意思：这位老人有一个儿子，在部队工作。  
(隐含的意义：只有一个儿子)

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