初中英语现在进行时讲解与练习(5篇可选)

第一篇:初中英语 现在进行时 讲解与练习 现在进行时

- (1) 意义——当表示现在正在进行的动作或正在发生的事。(2)构成: be(am, is, are耕词现在分词-ing形式 肯定句: 主语 + be + 现在分词 V-ing(+ 其他) I'm doing my homework now. 否定句: 主语+be+not+ 动词-ing +其他. I'm not doing my homework now. 一般疑问句: Be+ 主语+动词-ing+ 其他? Are you doing your homework now? Yes, I am. No, I'm not. 特殊疑问句: 特殊疑问词 + 一般疑问句? What are you doing now?(3)现在分词的构成:
- (1) 一般在动词末尾直接加 ing, (2) 以不发音字母 e 结尾的动词, 先去掉 e,再加 ing, 如 skate →skating

make → making dance → d ancing

write → writing have → having ride → riding come → coming (3)以重读闭音节结尾的动词,中间只有一个元音字母,词尾只有一个辅音字母,应双写末尾的辅音字母,再加 ing,如: put-putting

begin-beginning

stop-stopping run-running

swim-swimming shop-shopping

sit-sitting

let-letting get-getting

forget-forgetting

一、写出下例动词的现在分词形式

-	•	
1)	α_{1MO}	
1 /	give	
_ /	0 - 1	

- 2) use ____
- 3) move____
- 4) skate____
- 5) draw_____6) tell____
- 7) ring____

8) wear
9) get
10) put
11) hit
12) stop 13) keep14) hurt
18) begin 19) forget 20 save21) close 23)
carry
二、将下例句子改成一般疑问句
1) Mike is climbing the hill
2) We are having an English lesson now。
3) Li Ping is jumping likea monkey 。4) The students are
reading the text now.
5) I am studying English
三、将下例句子改成否定句
1) We are having lunch now 。
2) You are playing the violin
15)know 22) see 2
3) Mary is doing her best to study English well
4) The students are doing their homework now 。
5) Please open the door .
四、用动词的正确时态填空
1) Look, the boy(run)fast.2What are you
doing?
I(do)my homework.3)the
students(read)EnglishYest,hey are.4) Tom(not
study)English.He is studying Chinese.5)Who(sing)a
song?Li Ying is.)6The girl(not eat)bananas now.7
-Where they(stand)?They are standing over there)8
What is Meimei doing now?She(watch) TV with her
parents.9) He(study)English very hard.10) We

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often____(buy) books and things like that in the shop. 13)
Polly___(not eat)a banana now.五、单项选择
    1) Jack is ____with Jim. They are good___.A: running; friend;
   B: running; friends;
   C: runing; friends
        run; friend's 2 ) Look! Mary ____
                                                 doing
   D:
homework. A:is; one's
   B:is;her
   C:are;his
   D:are;her 3 The Greens___supper now. A:is having
   B:are; having
   C:is haveing
   D:are; having 4) The children are____TVA:watch
   B:seeing
    C:watching
   D:reading 5) Are the boys looking at the blackboard?
Yes, they____. A:aren't
   B:do
   C:don't
   D:are 6) There's girl, she is very tall. A:second
   B:two
   C:a second
   D:all second 7) -- Do you have a red pen? Which of the
following is wrong?--___.A:Yes;I have one
   B:Yes, I have it
   C:Yes, I do
   D:Sorry, I don't 8 -- Excuse me. May I borrow a pen, please?
    --___.A:It doesn't matter;
   B:Thank you;
   C:Certainly, here you are;
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D:Not at all. 9 The boy is late for class. So he says to the
teacher, "_____".A:I'm sorry
   B:Excuse me, May I come in?
   C:Let me in, D:I don't want to be late. 10I don't want a red
apple. I want____. A:green apple
   B:a green
   C:a green one
   D:one green
   答案:
   1, B;
   2, B;
   3, D;
   4, C;
   5, D;
   6, C; a second
   不定冠词+序数词表示"又一";
   7、B; 因为 a red pen 是指,而 it是特指。
   8, C;
   9、B; 打搅对方的道歉语;
   10, C.
   答案:
   1, giving;
   2, esing;
   3, moving;
   4, skating;
   5, drawing;
   6, telling
   7, ringing;
   8, wearing;
   9, getting;
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- 10, putting;
- 11, hitting
- 12, stopping;
- 13, keeping;
- 14, hurting;
- 15, knowing;
- 16, lying;
- 17, dying;
- 18, beginning;
- 19, forgetting; 20, saving;
- 21, closing;
- 22, seeing;
- 23 carrying.

答案:

- 1, am; talking are listening
- 2, are running;
- 3, am doing;
- 4. Are; reading;
- 5, is not studying
- 6, is singing
- 7, isn,,t eating;
- 8. Are standing;
- 9, is plying
- 10, is watching;
- 11, studies;
- 12, buy;
- 13, is not eating
- 第二篇: 现在进行时讲解与练习

现在进行时讲解与练习

现在进行时:

表示现在正在进行的动作,由"be 动词+动词的现在分词"构成。 现在进行时的肯定句:句型

- (1) 第一人称: 主语 + am + 现在分词
- I am watching TV.我现在看电视。
 - (2) 第三人称单数: 主语 + is +现在分词

She is washing clothes她正在洗衣服。

(3) 第二人称及复数人称: 主语 + are +现在分词

They are playing games. 他们正在做游戏。现在进行时的否定句: 句型:

主语 + 相应 be 动词 + not + 现在分词

He isn't watching TV他没在看电视。

I am not cooking.我没有在做饭。

We aren't having English class我们没在上英语课。◆注意◆is not 和 are not 可缩写为 isn'和 aren't。

现在进行时的一般疑问句:句型:

相应 be 动词 + 主语 + 现在分词 + ·····?

Are you dancing? 他们正在跳舞吗?

Is he drawing a picture?他正在画一张画吗?

Are you talking with your friend你正和你的朋友谈话吗?

现在进行一般疑问句的答语:句型:(1) 肯定回答: Yes, 主语 + 相应 be 动词。(2) 否定回答: No, 主语 + 相应 be 动词 + not。

Are you listening to the music? Yes, I am. / No, I am 体证 在听音乐吗? 是的,我正在听。/ 不,我没在听。

要特别注意有些动词没有进行时态.1、表示状态、思想、感情和感觉的动词,如: see, hear, love, know, want, hope, thi镣,没有进行时态。

2、当 have/has 作为"拥有"时,没有进行时态,但表示"开会,吃饭,玩得高兴"等意思时,可以用进行时表达。

I am having many books. (这是错误的句子)

I am having a good time. (这才是正确的句子)

(1)									
一般情	泥下直	I接加 ing	g.如:	reading,	watchin	ig, c1	eaning.(2)	
以不发	产音的	e 结尾的	万词 , 2	去掉 e Ā	写加 ing.	如: t	aket	aking,	
makemak	xing(3)	重读闭]音节	的情况,	先双写-	一个辅	音字母忽	 然后加	
ing.如: pu	tpu	tting.现	在进行	时练习是	 .				
一.写出	日下列云	 力词的现	在分词	形式					
1. work	Χ								
sing_									
play									
study_		2. d	ance_		<u></u>				
have									
write_									
take		3. ru	n						
sit									
shop									
swim		4.1i	e						
二.将下	列句于	子变成现	在进行	时:					
(1)		Ι	work		in	a	
factory								(2) Не
studies				in				a	
school								(3) The	У
watch				TV				every	
day							(4) V	Veread	
English ev									
三.翻译	译下列台	可子:							
(1)	我	正	在	写	信	0	
							(2)	_他正	
在洗衣服	0								

现在分词的构成:

现在分词是由动词+ing 构成的,其方法如下:

(3)	Tom	正	在	踢	足	球	0
, -						(4)	_Sarah	正
	扫房间。							
ļ	四. 选择题给	练习						
-	.Who	O	ver the	ere now	?			
I	A. singing							
F	3. are sing							
(C. is singi	ng						
Ι	o.sing 2.It	e' seight o'	clock.	The stu	dents	8	an Engl	ish
class	s. A. have							
F	B. having							
(C.is having	or D						
Ι	o. are hav	ing 3.List	en!The	baby		_ in	the n	ext
room.	A. crying							
I	B.cried							
(C.is crying	g						
Ι	cries 4. I	Look!The twi	ns	new s	sweater	rs. A. ar	e weari	ng
I	3. wearing							
(C. are wear							
Ι	o.is weari	ng 5.Don't	talk	here. G	Frandpa	arents	•	A. is
sleep	oing							
I	B.are sleep	oing						
(C. sleeping							
I	o. sleep							
	五.填空:							
		cher is bus	sv. He		(s	leep) si	xhours	a
		oan	•	g) inthe		_		ten
		g) there. 3. The						
		(1						
成句								

1、学生们在干什么?有一些在打电话,另一些躺在沙滩上。
the students? Some on the phone,
on the beach 2"格林先生在看电视吗?" "不,
他在打扫房间。"
" Mr Green TV?" ", He the house."
3、魏芳不是在读书,她在写信。
Wei Fang a book.She a letter我正在
通过收音机学(learn英语。
I English on the radio.
第三篇: 现在进行时讲解练习
现在进行时讲解与练习
现在进行时:

表示现在正在进行的动作,由"be 动词 + 动词的现在分词"构成。通常会出现 now;right now;these days;at this moment;at present;It's 5 o'clock,;Look!listen!等提示调表示现在正在进行的动作和发生的事情。

如: --what are you doing?--I'm reading a book. 2. 有事表示现阶段正发生的事情,但此刻动作不一定正在进行。如: --He is teaching at the school these year现在进行时的肯定句:(1)第一人称:主语 + am + 现在分词 I am watching TV.我现在看电视。(2)第三人称单数:主语 + is +现在分词 She is washing clothes她正在洗衣服。(3)第二人称及复数人称:主语 + are +现在分词 They are playing games. 他们正在做游戏。

现在进行时的否定句:

主语 + 相应 be 动词 + not + 现在分词 He isn't watching TM 没在看电视。I am not cooking.我没有在做饭。

We aren't having English class我们没在上英语课。◆注意◆is not 和 are not 可缩写为 isn't和 aren't。

现在进行时的一般疑问句:相应 be 动词 + 主语 + 现在分词 + ·····?
Are you dancing? 他们正在跳舞吗?

Is he drawing a picture?他正在画一张画吗? Are you talking with your friend?你正和你的朋友谈话吗? 现在进行一般疑问句的答语:句型:(1)肯定回答: Yes,主语 +相应 be 动词。(2)否定回答: No,主语 +相应 be 动词 + not。

Are you listening to the music? Yes, I am. / No, I am 体证 在听音乐吗? 是的,我正在听。/不,我没在听。

要特别注意有些动词没有进行时态.1、表示状态、思想、感情和感觉的动词,如: see, hear, love, know, want, hope, thi镣,没有进行时态。

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I am having many books. (这是错误的句子) I am having a good time. (这才是正确的句子)

现在分词的构成:

现在分词是由动词+ing 构成的,其方法如下:

- (1) 一般情况下直接加 ing.如: reading, watching, cleaning.
- (2)以不发音的 e 结尾的词, 去掉 e 再加 ing.如: take——taking, make——making(3) 重读闭音节的情况, 先双写一个辅音字母然后加ing.如: put——putting.(4)以 ie 结尾, 去掉 ie 变为 y 然后加 ing。如: die—dying

现在进行时练习题:一.写出下列动词的现在分词形式

work	s1ng	play	study	
dance	have	write	take	
run	sit	shop	swim	
lie	drop	eat	_ make	<u> </u>
二.将了	可句子变成	现在进行时:	(1) I work	in a
factory				(2)He
studies		in		a
school				(3) They
watch		TV		every

day.	(4) Weread
English every morning.	
三.翻译下列句子: (1) 我正在写信。	
	(2)
他正在洗衣服。	
	(3)
Tom 正在踢足球。	
	(_4)
Sarah 正在打扫房间。	
四. 选择题练习	
1. Who over there no	w? A. singing B. are sing C. is
singing D. Sing	
2. It's eight o'clock. The stude	ents an English
class. A. have B. having C. is having D. ar	re having
3. Listen! The baby in the next	xt room. A. crying B. cried C. is
crying D. Cries	
4. Look!The twins new sweater	rs. A. are wearing B. wearing
C. are wear D. is wearing	
5. Don't talk here. Grandparents	A. issleeping B. are
sleeping C. sleeping D. Sleep	
五.填空:	
1. The teacher is busy. He	(sleep)sixhours a
day. 2. Listen! Joan(sing) inth	ne classroom. She often
(sing) there. 3. The girl	(like)wearing a
skirt.Look!She(wear)a red s	skirt today根据中文意思完
成句子	
1、学生们在干什么?有一些在打电	话,另一些躺在沙滩上。
the students?Some _	on the phone,
on the beach. 2"格林?	先生在看电视吗?""不,
他在打扫房间。"	

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