

专题 21-选词填空 30 道（题型强化）

2022-2023 学年九年级英语金题狂刷增分练(人教新目标)

一、短文选词填空

(2022·湖南郴州·二模) 从方框中选择适当的词并用其正确形式填空, 使短文完整、通顺(每空一词, 每词限用一次)。

make	a	use	her	up	ever	if	unusual
	build	who					

Do you often throw away things you don't need anymore? Have you 1 thought about how these things can actually be put to good use? Nothing is a waste 2 you have a creative mind. You have probably never heard of Amy Hayes, but she is a most 3 woman. She lives in a house in the UK that she built 4 out of rubbish. The windows and doors come from old 5 around her town that were pulled down. The top of the house is an old boat turned upside down. And the gate in front of her house is 6 of rocks and old glass bottles. Amy recently won a prize from the Help Save Our Planet Society. The president said, "Amy is 7 inspiration to us all."

Amy isn't the only one 8 is good at recycling. Jessica Wong from Hong Kong uses old clothes that people don't wear anymore to make bags. She has been doing this for a few years now. She opened a small shop where she sells her bags, and she has also set 9 a website to sell them online. She especially likes to use old jeans to make handbags. Her bags are cute and 10 "I plan to write a book about new ways to use old clothes," she said. "I hope people can read my book and enjoy it!"

【导语】 本文讲述了如何废物利用, 变废为宝。

【答案】

1. ever 2. if 3. unusual 4. herself 5. buildings 6. made 7. an 8. who 9. up 10. useful

1. **【解析】** 句意: 你曾经有想过这些东西可以怎样被很好地利用吗? 观察原句结构发现其句子结构完整, 所以推断出空格处应该为副词, 且副词 **ever** 通常与现在完成时态搭

配，表示曾经做过某事，故填 **ever**。

2. 【解析】句意：如果你有创造性的头脑，那么没有什么东西是废物。观察原句结构发现该句子缺少连接词，所以空格处应该是个连接词，前后是条件关系，观察选项词，**if** 是连接词且带入原句中符合句意，故填 **if**。

3. 【解析】句意：你可能从来没有听说过 **Amy Hayes**，但她是最不同寻常的女人。观察原句结构发现空格处应该为形容词，观察给出的选项词，发现 **usual** 为形容词，且根据后文内容可知 **Amy** 用垃圾建了一间屋子，由此可知 **Amy** 是个不同寻常的女人，所以要将 **usual** 变形为 **unusual**，故填 **unusual**。

4. 【解析】句意：她住在英国的一栋由她自己建造的房子，这个房子是由垃圾建造的。观察原句结构结合备选词汇可知空格处应该为代词，已知这里的主语是 **she**，所以这里应该用反身代词 **herself** 来指代主语，所以这里要将选项词中的 **her** 变形为 **herself**，故填 **herself**。

5. 【解析】句意：窗户和门都是来自一些旧的建筑物，这些被推倒的建筑物位于她的小镇附近。联系前文可知 **Amy** 用废弃物建了一所房子，所以这些废弃的建筑材料应该来自一些废弃的建筑物，且根据观察原句结构可知空格处应该为名词复数，故填 **buildings**。

6. 【解析】句意：她房子前面的大门是由一些石头和旧的玻璃瓶做成的。观察原句结构发现空格处应该为动词，且这里是固定的动词短语搭配：**be made of** 意为“由……制成”，故填 **made**。

7. 【解析】句意：**Amy** 对我们大家来说是启发灵感的人。观察原句结构发现空格处应该为冠词，且因为空格后面接的名词发音是元音音素开头的单词，所以要将 **a** 变形为 **an**，故填 **an**。

8. 【解析】句意：**Amy** 不是唯一一个擅长回收利用的人。观察原句结构可知此处是一个定语从句，空处应填关系代词，先行词“**the only one**”指人，结合备选词汇可知 **who** 符合语境，故填 **who**。

9. 【解析】句意：她开了一个卖包的小商店，而且她建立了一个网站在网上卖包。观察原句结构可知原句缺少一个与动词 **set** 搭配的介词，且联系上下文可知这里应该是建立网站的意思，在选项词中只有 **up** 能够与 **set** 搭配，**set up** 意为建立，故填 **up**。

10. 【解析】句意：她的包可爱又实用。句子结构可知空格处应该为形容词，观察给出的选项词，发现可以将 **use** 变形为形容词 **useful**，意为“实用的”，故填 **useful**。

正确形式填空，使短文通顺、连贯，并将答案写在答题卡相应的位置上。方框中有两个词为多余项。

my	hide	happy	which	express	separate
who	when	heart	surprise	unlucky	through

In February, a young man in Italy posted a video on Tik Tok about his new neighbor and their unbelievable piano talent! They 11 by one wall, but they built their friendship by two pianos. One day in January, the young man came up with an idea 12 he heard the music from his neighbor. He wanted to invite his neighbor to play a song together. Then he wrote a note, "Would you like to play the song *My Heart Will Go On* 13 was sang by Celine Dion with me?"

The next day, hearing the music from the neighbor, the young man was both excited and 14. Their communication soon turned into piano duets (二重奏) 15 the wall, where each of them would create great music together.

Later, the young man learned that his neighbor's name was Emil and he was 78 years old. His wife passed away in December from COVID-19. Emil felt so sad and the only 16 for him was playing the piano. He played it for his wife at 2 pm every weekend.

17, Emil passed away in his sleep a few weeks later. When the young man learned the news, he felt so sad. 18 his feeling, the young man wrote a letter to Emil, "Dear Emil, I knew very little about you, but you changed my life. You gave me back my passion (激情), and we shared that with the world. You'll be in my 19. I'll keep playing, thinking of how powerful music can be. You said I was your light, but you've been 20, too. Bye, Emil."

【导语】本文主要讲述了一位意大利的年轻人和他的邻居因为钢琴而建立友谊的故事。

【答案】

11. Were

separated 12. when 13. which 14. surprised 15. through 16. happiness

17. Unluckily 18. To express 19. heart 20. mine

11. **【解析】**句意：他们隔着一堵墙，但两架钢琴建立了他们的友谊。根据“*They... by one wall*”及备选词可知，他们被墙分隔开，所以用被动语态，

separate“隔开”，结合“built”可知，讲述的是过去的事情，所以用一般过去时的被动语态（was/were done），主语是 they，be 动词用 were。故填 were separated。

12. 【解析】句意：一月的一天，当年轻人从邻居那里听到这个音乐时，他想出了一个主意。根据句意可知，“he heard the music from his neighbor”是“the young man came up with an idea”的时间状语，所以用 when 引导时间状语从句。故填 when。

13. 【解析】句意：你愿意和我一起演奏席琳·迪翁演唱的《我心永恒》这首歌吗？分析句子可知，句中缺少定语从句的关系词，先行词“the song *My Heart Will Go On*”指物，关系词在句中作主语，所以用 which/that 引导。结合备选词，故填 which。

14. 【解析】句意：第二天，听到邻居家传来的音乐，年轻人既兴奋又惊讶。根据“the young man was both excited and”可知，空处应填一个形容词形容年轻人听到隔壁传来的音乐的心情，用 surprise 的形容词 surprised“”符合语境，备选词中 happy“高兴”与句中的 excited“兴奋”在意义上有重复，所以不适合。故填 surprised。

15. 【解析】句意：他们的交流很快变成了透过墙的钢琴二重奏，在那里他们每个人都将一起创造伟大的音乐。根据 Their communication soon turned into piano duets（二重奏）.....the wall,”可知，他们用音乐透过墙交流。through“透过”符合语境。故填 through。

16. 【解析】句意：埃米尔感到很难过，他唯一的快乐就是弹钢琴。根据“He played it for his wife at 2 pm every weekend.”可知，他的妻子去世后，他唯一的快乐就是弹钢琴，用 happy 的名词形式 happiness“幸福，快乐”。故填 happiness。

17. 【解析】句意：不幸的是，几个星期后，埃米尔在睡梦中去世了。根据 Emil passed away”可知，埃米尔去世应是一件不幸的事，此处用副词作状语，unlucky 的副词形式是 unluckily“不幸地”。故填 Unluckily。

18. 【解析】句意：为了表达他的感情，年轻人给埃米尔写了一封信。年轻人写信的目的是为了表达自己的情感，express“表达”符合语境，此处用动词不定式作目的状语。故填 To express。

19. 【解析】句意：你会在我心里。空处应填名词作宾语，根据“but you changed my life. You gave me back my passion（激情），and we shared that with the

world.”可知，此处讲述了埃米尔对年轻人的影响，所以此处指埃米尔将会在他心中，heart 符合语境。故填 heart。

20. 【解析】句意：你说我是你的光，但你也是我的光。根据You said I was your light”和“too”可知，此处指“你也是我的光”，空后无名词，所以用 my 的名词性物主代词 mine 作表语。故填 mine。

(2022·河南周口·二模) 阅读短文，从方框中选择适当的词并用其正确形式填空，使短文通顺、意思完整。每空限填一词，每词限用一次。

become from show country they luck fat play when always

Do you know the two lovely mascots (吉祥物)? You may know the five “Fuwa” dolls 21 the 2008 Beijing Olympic Games. On September 17, 2019, the two lovely mascots first 22 on TV. Now, let’s see who they are. Look at the panda! It looks like an astronaut. It wears an ice shell (冰壳) and looks 23, so we call it “Bing Dwen Dwen”. White is the colour of ice and snow. “Bing Dwen Dwen” enjoys 24 ice sports very much and is good at them. That’s why it 25 the mascot of 2022 Beijing Winter Olympic Games.

Do you think the red mascot looks like a lantern? The lantern’s name is “Shuey Rhon Rhon”. 26 the Chinese New Year comes, people 27 make or buy red lanterns. Red is the colour of hope and good 28, so people think their dreams will come true in the new year. “Shuey Rhon Rhon” can give players hope and help 29 do well in the 2022 Beijing Winter Paralympic Games (残奥会).

Many people in different 30 like the two mascots very much, and they show their love for them on the Internet.

【导语】本文主要介绍了北京冬奥会的吉祥物冰墩墩和雪融融。

【答案】

21. from 22. showed 23. fat 24. playing 25. becomes 26. When 27. always
28. luck 29. them 30. countries

21. 【解析】句意：你可能知道 2008 年北京奥运会的五个“福娃”娃娃。根据You may know the five ‘Fuwa’ dolls... the 2008 Beijing Olympic Games.”可知，你可能知道五个来自于 2008 年北京奥运会的福娃。from 意为“来自于……”。故选 from。

22. 【解析】句意：2019年9月17日，两个可爱的吉祥物首次在电视上亮相。根据“On September 17, 2019, the two lovely mascots first...on TV.”可知，在2019年9月17日，这两个可爱的吉祥物首次出现在电视上。因为本句是过去式，故填 showed。

23. 【解析】句意：它带着一层冰壳，看起来很胖，所以我们叫它“冰墩墩”。根据“It wears an ice shell and looks...”可知，它穿着一层冰壳，而且看起来很胖。因为 look 是感官动词，其后跟形容词。故填 fat。

24. 【解析】句意：“冰墩墩”非常喜欢冰上运动，并且擅长冰上运动。根据“‘Bing Dwen Dwen’ enjoys ...ice sports very much and is good at them.”可知，冰墩墩喜欢玩冰雪运动而且很擅长它们。因为 enjoy 后跟 doing sth.，故填 playing。

25. 【解析】句意：这也是它成为2022年北京冬奥会吉祥物的原因。根据“That’s why it ... the mascot of 2022 Beijing Winter Olympic Games.”可知，那是为什么它成为了2022年北京冬奥会的吉祥物。因为本句是一般现在时，it 是第三人称单数，动词用三单形式，故填 becomes。

26. 【解析】句意：当中国新年来临的时候，人们总是制作或购买红灯笼。根据“...the Chinese New Year comes,”可知，当中国春节到来时。when 意为“当.....时候”，引导的时间状语从句，故填 When。

27. 【解析】句意：当中国新年来临的时候，人们总是制作或购买红灯笼。根据“people...make or buy red lanterns.”可知，人们总是制作或买红灯笼。always 意为“总是”，用来修饰动词。故填 always。

28. 【解析】句意：红色是希望和好运的颜色，所以人们认为他们的梦想会在新的一年实现。根据“Red is the colour of hope and good...”可知，红色是希望和好运的颜色。good luck 意为“好运”。故填 luck。

29. 【解析】句意：“雪融融”可以给运动员带来希望，帮助他们在2022年北京冬残奥会取得好成绩。根据“‘Shuey Rhon Rhon’ can give players hope and help ... do well in the 2022 Beijing Winter Paralympic Games.”可知雪融融能够给运动员希望并帮助他们在残奥会中取得好成绩。them 在动词 help 后面作宾语，故填 them。

30. 【解析】句意：不同国家的许多人都非常喜欢这两个吉祥物，他们在网上表达了对它们的喜爱。根据“Many people in different...like the two mascots very much.”可知，很多在不同国家的人都喜欢这两个吉祥物。different 意为“不同的”，其后应跟名词的复数形式，故填 countries。

(2022·宁夏银川二十四中一模) 从下面方框中选择恰当的词或短语并用其正确形式填

入短文中，使短文通顺正确。（每个词或短语只用一次）

by hand, cheap, idea, so, during, replace, in a way, it, twenty, in the future

Paper was first created about 2,000 years ago in China. After _____31_____ invention, people started to write on paper to make books. In those days, books were only produced one at a time _____32_____. As a result, there were not many books, and they were expensive. So few people had the chance to learn to read. Printing was invented in China _____33_____ the Sui and Tang Dynasties. Later, developments of printing made it possible to produce books more quickly and _____34_____. Knowledge and _____35_____ spread faster than ever before. _____36_____, we can compare the invention of paper and printing to the introduction of the Internet in the _____37_____ century.

Although the Internet is still young, it is growing very fast, and may become more powerful than printing. _____38_____ what direction will traditional printing take _____39_____? Will books be _____40_____ by the Internet? Let's wait and see.

【导语】本文介绍了印刷术的发明以及对人类的影响，并与20世纪的互联网进行对比等。

【答案】

31. its 32. by hand 33. during 34. cheaply 35. ideas 36. In a way 37. twentieth 38. So 39. in the future 40. replaced

31. **【解析】**句意：在它发明之后，人们开始在纸上写字以制造书籍。根据“Paper was first created about 2,000 years ago in China.”及选词可知，此处指的是“纸的发明之后”，应用形容词性物主代词修饰其后的名词，故填 its。

32. **【解析】**句意：在那个年代，手工一次只能出一本书。根据“people started to write on paper to make books. In those days, books were only produced one at a time”及选词可知，手工制造的书，一次只能出一本，故填 by hand。

33. **【解析】**句意：中国在隋唐时期发明了印刷术。根据“Printing was invented in China...the Sui and Tang Dynasties.”及选词可知，印刷术是在隋唐时期发明的，故填 during。

34. **【解析】**句意：后来，印刷术的发展使得更快更便宜地生产书籍成为可能。空处与“quickly”构成并列关系，也用副词形式，结合选词及“developments of printing made it possible”可知，有了印刷术，生产书籍会更快更便宜，故填 cheaply。

35. **【解析】**句意：知识和思想的传播速度比以往任何时候都快。空处与“Knowledge”构

成并列关系，结合选词及常识可知，书更多了，人们的知识和思想就传播的快了，此处用复数名词表示泛指，故填 ideas。

36. 【解析】句意：在某种程度上，我们可以将纸和印刷术的发明与 20 世纪互联网的引入进行比较。根据“we can compare the invention of paper and printing to the introduction of the Internet”及选词可知，此处说的是在某种程度上进行比较，故填 In a way。

37. 【解析】句意：某种程度上，我们可以将纸和印刷术的发明与 20 世纪互联网的引入进行比较。根据“printing to the introduction of the Internet”及选词可知，互联网是在 20 世纪的产物，此处应用序数词表示顺序，故填 twentieth。

38. 【解析】句意：那么，传统印刷在未来将走向何方？根据“it is growing very fast, and may become more powerful than printing...what direction will traditional printing take”及选词可知，此处是连接两个句子，表示顺接应用 so“那么”连接，故填 So。

39. 【解析】句意：那么，传统印刷在未来将走向何方？结合“what direction will traditional printing”及选词可知，此处说的是传统印刷术在未来的发展，此处缺少将来的时间状语，故填 in the future。

40. 【解析】句意：书籍会被互联网取代吗？根据“Will books be...by the Internet”及选词可知，此处说的是书籍会不会被互联网取代，此处用过去分词形式，构成被动结构，故填 replaced。

(2022·湖北黄石·中考真题) 从方框中选择适当的词并用其正确形式填空，使短文完整、通顺。每空不超过两个词。

proud	up	cover	in	easily	they	serve	high	re
			member	how				

When the movie *Leap* was put on at cinemas on Sept. 25, 2020, it received a lot of praise from the whole country. The movie shows the spirit of the Chinese women's volleyball players and 41 journey to becoming an excellent volleyball team. In order to stand on the world's 42 podium (领奖台), the girls of the women's volleyball team worked day and night to practice. Finally, they became the gold medal (金牌) owners and the 43 of the Chinese people. However, the road to the championship (冠军称号) 44 with tears and sweats (汗水). They fell many times and climbed 45 again and again to achieve the final success. "Without going through the wind and rain, 46 can we see the rainbow (彩虹)? No one can succeed 47." The girls

always keep these words 48 mind. Over 40 years of ups and downs, they have gradually become a legend (传奇) of the world volleyball sport.

49 the country and never giving up are the keys to their success. That is what the film *Leap* wants us 50 forever.

【导语】本文主要介绍了一部电影《夺冠》，讲述了中国女排的奋斗历程和顽强拼搏的精神。报效祖国，永不言弃是她们成功的关键。

【答案】

41. their 42. highest 43. pride 44. was

covered 45. up 46. how 47. easily 48. in 49. Serving 50. to remember

41. 【解析】句意：这部电影展现了中国女排队员的精神，以及她们成为一支优秀排球队的历程。此处需填形容词性物主代词作定语，修饰名词“journey”。结合句意及备选词汇可知，“they”的形容词性物主代词 their“她们的”符合语境。故填 their。

42. 【解析】句意：为了站在世界最高的领奖台上，女排的姑娘们夜以继日地训练。根据“In order to stand on the world’s...podium...”可知，此处指世界最高领奖台，应用形容词 high 的最高级形式 highest“最高的”。故填 highest。

43. 【解析】句意：最后，她们成为金牌得主和中国人民的骄傲。备选词汇中 proud“自豪的”是形容词，此处应用名词 pride，构成短语 the pride of...“.....的骄傲”。故填 pride。

44. 【解析】句意：然而，冠军之路布满了泪水和汗水。此处缺少谓语动词，结合句意及备选词汇可知，cover“覆盖”符合语境。主语 road 为动作的承受者，故用被动语态。be covered with“被.....覆盖”，时态为一般过去时且主语为单数，故 be 用 was。故填 was covered。

45. 【解析】句意：他们跌倒了很多次，然后一次又一次地爬起来，最终取得了成功。climb up 动词短语，意为“向上爬，爬起来”。故填 up。

46. 【解析】句意：不经历风雨，怎能见彩虹？这是一句鼓励人们努力奋斗的名言，结合句意及备选词汇可知，应用特殊疑问词 how“怎样，如何”。故填 how。

47. 【解析】句意：没有人能轻易成功。此处应填一个副词，修饰动词“succeed”。结合句意及备选词汇可知，副词 easily“容易地”符合语境。故填 easily。

48. 【解析】句意：女孩们总是把这些牢记于心。keep...in mind“把.....牢记于心”，动词短语。故填 in。

49. 【解析】句意：报效祖国，永不言弃是她们成功的关键。根据“...the country and never giving up are...”可知，“and”连接并列成分，此处为动名词作主语。结合句意及备选词汇

可知, serve“(为……)工作”符合语境, 其动名词为 **servicing**, 位于句首, 首字母大写。故填 **Servicing**。

50. 【解析】句意: 这就是电影《夺冠》希望我们永远记住的。want sb. to do sth.“想要某人做某事”, 此处指想让我们记住“**That**”指代的前文内容。备选词汇中 **remember**“牢记”符合语境, 需填其不定式形式作宾语补足语。故填 **to remember**。

(2022·四川雅安·一模)阅读短文, 从方框中选择适当的单词或单词的正确形式填空。(每词限用一次)

good	of	humor	they	understand
------	----	-------	------	------------

The best way of learning English is talking in English as much as possible. Sometimes you'll get your words mixed up(混合) and people won't 51 you. Sometimes people will say things too quickly and you couldn't understand them. But if you have a sense of 52, you can always have a good laugh at the mistakes. Don't be unhappy if people seem to be laughing at your mistakes. It's 53 for people to laugh at your mistakes than to be angry with you, because 54 don't understand what you are saying. The most important thing for learning English is, Don't be afraid 55 making mistakes because everyone makes mistakes.

【导语】本文介绍了学习语言的最好方式就是尽可能多地使用它, 但在使用英语的过程中, 我们可能总是犯错, 但文章的作者告诉我们, 不要害怕犯错, 每个人都会犯错。

【答案】51. understand 52. humor 53. better 54. they 55. of

51. 【解析】句意: 有时候你会把话说混了, 别人听不懂你的话。此处用于“won't”后, 使用动词原形, 备选词 **understand**“明白, 理解”符合语境, 故填 **understand**。

52. 【解析】句意: 但如果你有幽默感, 你总是可以对错误开怀大笑。根据“**But if you have a sense of..., you can always have a good laugh at the mistakes.**”可知, 此处需要名词作宾语, **have a sense of humor**“有幽默感”, 故填 **humor**。

53. 【解析】句意: 人们对你的错误发笑比对你生气要好, 因为他们不明白你在说什么。根据“**It's...for people to laugh at your mistakes than to be angry with you**”可知, 此处需要形容词作表语, 备选词 **good** 的比较级 **better** 符合语境, 故填 **better**。

54. 【解析】句意: 人们对你的错误发笑比对你生气要好, 因为他们不明白你在说什么。根据“**because...don't understand what you are saying**”可知, 此处缺主语, 备选词 **they**“他

们”符合语境，故填 they。

55. 【解析】句意：学习英语最重要的事情是，不要害怕犯错误，因为每个人都会犯错误。根据“Don't be afraid...making mistakes because everyone makes mistakes.”可知，此处是 be afraid of doing sth“害怕做某事”，故填 of。

(2022·青海西宁·二模) 每空一词，限用一次；有三处请用括号内词的正确形式填空。

real he a know

On Saturday morning, every boy in town was happy except Tom Sawyer. He had to paint the fence (篱笆) because he had made 56 (any) mistakes. He sat down 57 (sad) and began to think of all the fun he had planned for the day. He 58 that the painting would take up all afternoon. Even worse, other boys would pass by and laugh at 59. He 60 couldn't stand that. Just then, Ben Rogers came along the road with an apple in his hand. Tom had 61 idea. He picked up all the 62 (brush) and went back to work. From *The Adventures of Tom Sawyer*

【导语】本文是一篇记叙文。这篇节选自《汤姆索亚历险记》主要讲述的是 Tom 在一个周六上午不得不去油刷篱笆的事情。

【答案】56. some 57. sadly 58. knew 59. him 60. really 61. an 62. brushes

56. 【解析】句意：他得去油刷篱笆，因为他犯了错误。该句为陈述句，mistakes 为复数名词，应用 some 来修饰而不用 any。故填 some。

57. 【解析】句意：他伤心地坐下来，开始想起他为这一天计划的所有好玩的事情。sat 为实义动词，应有副词来修饰。形容词 sad 的副词为 sadly。故填 sadly。

58. 【解析】句意：他知道油刷这件事会占用整个下午的时间。本文讲述故事，因此句子应用一般过去时，此处应填入一个谓语动词。备选词汇 know“知道”符合语境，其过去式为 knew。故填 knew。

59. 【解析】句意：更糟糕的是，其他男孩会经过他，并且嘲笑他。laugh at sb 表示“嘲笑某人”，此处应填入人称代词的宾格。备选词汇 he“他”的宾格 him 符合语境。故填 him。

60. 【解析】句意：他真的受不了那样。stand 为实义动词，应用副词修饰。备选词汇 real“真的”的副词 really 符合语境。故填 really。

61. 【解析】句意：Tom 想到了一个主意。idea 为单数名词，其前应用不定冠词限定。备选词汇 a 符合语境。因 idea 为元音音素开头的单词，应用不定冠词 an。故填 an。

62. 【解析】句意：他捡起了所有的刷子，回去继续工作。brush 为可数名词，all 后接可数名词的复数形式，brush 的复数形式为 brushes。故填 brushes。

(2022·山东济南·中考真题) 阅读短文，从方框中选择适当的单词填空(每词限用一次)

old	much	park	from	then
-----	------	------	------	------

This year our school is taking part in the Great School Clean-up. The event is taking place this Friday, the 24th of April. Students 63 secondary schools all over the country will take part. We are going to go out into the local area and help clean up rubbish-bin—the 64 around the lake, in the town centre and in the forest. We'll meet on the school playground at 9 a.m. and 65 set off at 9:30. We'll spend two hours cleaning. Please wear 66 clothes and a pair of gloves. The school will give you black plastic bags to put the rubbish in. Please remember we are doing this clean-up to help our environment, so I want everyone to pick up as 67 as you can.

Happy cleaning

【导语】本文主要介绍了学校大清洁活动的时间、地点和注意事项等。

【答案】63. from 64. park 65. then 66. old 67. much

63. 【解析】句意：来自全国各地中学的学生将参加。根据“Students...secondary schools”及备选词汇可知，此处指来自中学的学生，故 from“来自”符合语境。故填 from。

64. 【解析】句意：我们将前往当地，帮助清理湖边公园、市中心和森林中的垃圾桶。根据“the...around the lake, in the town centre and in the forest.”及备选词汇可知，此处指清理垃圾的地点，故 park“公园”符合语境。故填 park。

65. 【解析】句意：我们上午 9 点在学校操场见面，然后 9:30 出发。根据“We'll meet on the school playground at 9. a m. and...set off at 9:30.”及备选词汇可知，此处指时间的发展顺序，故 then“然后”符合语境。故填 then。

66. 【解析】句意：请穿旧衣服，戴手套。根据“We'll spend two hours cleaning. Please wear...clothes and a pair of gloves.”及备选词汇可知，此处指清理垃圾要穿旧衣服，故 old“旧的”符合语境。故填 old。

67. 【解析】句意：请记住，我们这样做是为了保护我们的环境，所以我希望每个人都尽可能多地捡起垃圾。根据“we are doing this clean-up to help our environment, so I want

everyone to pick up as...as you can”及备选词汇可知，此处指为了保护环境，尽可能多地捡垃圾；故 much“多的”符合语境。故填 much。

(2022·辽宁大连·中考真题) 阅读下面短文，从方框中选择适当的词或短语并用其正确形式填空，使短文通顺、意思完整。每个词或短语限用一次。

hard classmate do loudly library

When it came to math, Patrick was out of luck. “What are times tables?” the elf shouted 68. “We elves never need that. Here, sit down beside me and guide me.” Elves knew nothing of human history. So the little elf, already a shouter, just got louder. “Go to the 69, I need books. More and more books. And you can help me read them too.”

In fact, every day in every way, Patrick was working 70 than ever and staying up late. He never felt so tired.

Finally, the last day of school arrived and the elf was free to go. As there was no more homework, he quietly ran out of the back door.

Patrick got his A's; his 71 were amazed; his teachers smiled and were full of praise (赞扬). And his parents? They wondered what had happened to Patrick.

You see, in the end, Patrick still thought all his homework 72 by the tiny man. But I'll share a secret, just between you and me. It wasn't the elf; Patrick did it himself!

【答案】 68. loudly 69. library 70. harder 71. classmates 72. was done

【导语】 本文讲述了帕特里克通过努力获得好成绩的故事。

68. **【解析】** 句意：小精灵大声喊道。根据“the elf shouted”结合备选词可知，此处是指小精灵大声地喊道，应用副词 loudly 修饰动词，故填 loudly。

69. **【解析】** 句意：去图书馆，我需要书。根据“I need books”可知是去图书馆拿书，library 符合语境，故填 library。

70. **【解析】** 句意：事实上，每一天，在各个方面，帕特里克都比以前更努力地工作，熬夜到很晚。根据“staying up late”可知熬夜到很晚，说明工作很努力，work hard“努力工作”，由“than”可知应用副词比较级，故填 harder。

71. **【解析】** 句意：他的同学们都很惊讶。根据“his...were amazed”结合备选词可知，同学们很惊讶，应用 classmate 的复数，故填 classmates。

72. **【解析】** 句意：最后，帕特里克仍然认为他所有的家庭作业都是由那个小人完成的。

根据“homework”可知是做家庭作业，且主语和动词之间是被动关系，主语是不可数名词，句子是一般过去时，be 动词用 was，故填 was done。

（2022·辽宁沈阳·中考真题）阅读短文，然后根据其内容从方框中选出可以填入空白处的短语。

had fun	in need	raised my spirits	so nice	your
visit				

Dear Betty, I'm writing this letter to express my thanks to you. You helped me a lot when I was 73. My parents had to work all day, so I felt lonely while in hospital. Before 74, I was feeling very low. When you came, everything changed. We 75 together. When I said that I needed some photos of the park near my home, you offered to bring them to me on your next visit. You were 76. I was able to make a nice painting of the park. I have taken a photo of my painting, and sent it to you with this letter. You really helped me during my illness. You 77, and made me feel loved. Thank you so much!

Yours,
Cindy

【答案】 73. in need 74. your visit 75. had fun 76. so nice 77. raised my spirits

【导语】 本文是辛迪写给贝蒂的信，信中表示了对于贝蒂对自己帮助的感谢。

73. **【解析】** 句意：在我最困难的时候，你帮了我很多。根据“You helped me a lot when I was...”可知，是在困难的时候帮助了我，in need“在困难中，迫切需要”符合语境，故填 in need。

74. **【解析】** 句意：你来之前，我情绪很低落。根据“Before..., I was feeling very low. When you came, everything changed.”可知，来之前，情绪低落，来之后，一切都改变了。your visit“你的来访，你的到来”符合语境，故填 your visit。

75. **【解析】** 句意：我们在一起很开心。此处需要动词作谓语，根据“We...together.”可知，一起玩得很开心，had fun“玩得开心”符合语境，故填 had fun。

76. **【解析】** 句意：你人真好。此处句中作表语，备选词 so nice“如此好”符合语境，故填 so nice。

77. 【解析】句意：你鼓舞了我的精神，让我感受到爱。根据“You..., and made me feel loved.”可知，此处描述贝蒂对自己的影响，**raised my spirits**“鼓舞了我的精神”符合语境，故填**raised my spirits**。

(2022·广西河池·中考真题)阅读下面短文，从方框中选择单词，根据实际情况用其适当形式填空，使短文意思完整、通顺。每空一词，每词只能用一次。

with run how flower good

March 22nd is World Water Day. Let's learn 78 to save water at home! There's no need to keep the water 79 while you're brushing your teeth. And you'll save a lot of water if you spend less time in the shower. A bowl with just enough water is a 80 way to wash your fruit or vegetables. Then use what's left to water the 81. While you are waiting for the shower water to warm up, put a bucket (桶) under it. The collected water can be used to sweep the floor. Don't forget to share these ways of saving water 82 your family and friends.

【答案】78. how 79. running 80. good 81. flowers 82. with

【导语】本文介绍了世界水日以及节约用水的办法。

78. 【解析】句意：让我们学习如何在家节约用水吧！空白处应填入特殊疑问词，连接不定式“to save”。根据备选词可知，**how**表示“如何”，“**how to save water at home**”意为“如何在家节约用水”。故填**how**。

79. 【解析】句意：当你在刷牙的时候，没必要让水一直流着。空白处应填入动词的现在分词形式，**keep sth. doing**“让某事一直做”。根据备选词可知，此处应填入**running**。**keep the water running**意为“让水一直流”。故填**running**。

80. 【解析】句意：一碗水用来洗水果蔬菜足够了。空白处应填入形容词修饰way。根据备选词和句意可知，此处应填入**good**。**a good way to wash your fruit or vegetables**意为“洗蔬菜水果的好方法”。故填**good**。

81. 【解析】句意：然后用剩下的水浇花。空白处应填入名词作动词water的宾语。water是动词，意为“浇水”。根据备选词和句意，此处应填入表示“花”的单词**flower**。花是泛指的概念，所以要变为复数形式。故填**flowers**。

82. 【解析】句意：别忘记跟你的家人和朋友们分享这些节约水的方法。“与……分享……”的英文表达为“**share sth. with sb.**”，空白处应填入介词**with**。故填**with**。

(2022·辽宁朝阳·中考真题) 阅读短文, 用所给词的适当形式填空, 每空一词, 每词限用一次, 使短文完整、正确。方框中有两词是多余选项。

day	memory	return	but	go	hour	interest
-----	--------	--------	-----	----	------	----------

Many Chinese people these days leave their hometowns to work in the cities. They usually 83 to their hometowns one or two times a year. Zhong Wei hasn't been back in close to three years. He has worked in a factory in Wenzhou for 13 years. Although it is only about ten 84 bus ride, he is just too busy to go back. People like him are 85 in how their hometowns are changing. New buildings are often built by the government. Zhong Wei thinks these changes are good because things need to change in order to become better. 86 he also thinks some things will never change, and his hometown is still the place that holds all his soft and sweet 87.

【答案】 83. return 84. hours' 85. interested 86. But 87. memories

【导语】 本文是一篇说明文。文章介绍了在中国, 有一些背井离乡外出打工的人, 其中以钟伟作为典型例子, 像他这样的人对家乡的变化是很感兴趣的。

83. **【解析】** 句意: 他们通常每年回乡一或两次。根据上一句“leave their hometowns”可知此处指他们回到家乡。根据 usually 可知该句应用一般现在时。主语 They 为第三人称复数, 谓语用动词原形。备选词汇 return“返回”符合题意。故填 return。

84. **【解析】** 句意: 虽然只是十小时的公交车车程, 但是他太忙了, 无法回去。ten 后接复数名词, bus ride 此处指“公交车车程”, 其前应用表示时段的名词所有格来表示, 意为“……(时长)的”。备选词汇 hour“小时”符合题意, 此处应用其复数形式的名词所有格, 即 hours'。故填 hours'。

85. **【解析】** 句意: 像他这样的人, 对他们家乡的变化很感兴趣。结合此段内容可知这一段主要讲述这些人的家乡变化, 以及人们对此的感受, 说明他们对家乡的变化很感兴趣。备选词汇 interest“兴趣”符合题意。根据“are”和“in”可知此处构形成形容词短语 be interested in 表示“对……感兴趣”。故填 interested。

86. **【解析】** 句意: 但是他也认为有些东西永远也不会改变, 他的家乡仍然是那个让他怀揣柔软又甜蜜的回忆的地方。根据“Zhong Wei thinks these changes are good”可知钟伟认为这些变化是好的, 再根据“he also thinks some things will never change”可知他也认为有些东西永远也不会改变, 两句存在转折关系, 应用连词 but 来连接。备选词汇 but“但

以上内容仅为本文档的试下载部分，为可阅读页数的一半内容。如要下载或阅读全文，请访问：<https://d.book118.com/755122233141011340>