

Word-guessing game





pig monkey tiger turtle

whale





dog parrot elephant dinosaur gorilla











Text A----What Animals Really 2/59nk

Do you think these animals have intelligence?

Intelligence is the power of, learning, understanding and knowing; mental ability

Rank them according to their intelligence. Reasons.

pigmonkeytigerturtlewhaledogparrotelephantdinosaurgorilla

Text A----What Animals Really 3/59nk

Do you have your personal experiences about animal intelligence?

An example about an ape's intelligence.



Let's find more examples of animal intelligence from Text A.

TEXT STRUCTURE

Parts	Paragraphs	Main Ideas
	Paras1-2	
	Paras3-12	
	3 sub- headings	Let's Make a Deal Tale of a Whale Primate Shell Game
	Paras13	

1. What is the controversy about animal intelligence? (Paral)

Do animals really have thoughts, what we call consciousness?

2. How do scientists explore animal intelligence usually? (Para1)

Scientists design experiments to teach human signs.

Text A----What Animals Really 6/59nk

- 3. When does the author think animals will probably do their best thinking? (Para1)
- When it serves their own purposes,
- 4. Why did the author talk to people like vets, animal researchers and zoo keepers? (Para2)
 - Because they often encounter animal intelligence and can tell him a lot of real stories

Text A----What Animals Really 7/59nk

- 5. What is the new window on animal intelligence revealed by the stories? (Para2)
 - When dealing with captivity and humans, animals perform mental feats.
 - mental feats-高超思维技能; 聪明
 - Animals can demonstrate intelligence when dealing with captivity and human beings.

Text A----What Animals Really 8/59nk

6. How many animals are mentioned in the text? Who are they?

Animal	Name
female gorilla	Colo
male orangutan	Chantek
male killer whale	Orky
female orangutan	Melati
dominant male orangutan	Towan

Text A----What Animals Really 9/59nk

7. The first animal-Colo (Para3-4)

human:

- **Charlene Jendry**,
- a conservationist at the Columbus zoo

The story:

One day, Colo was <u>handling a suspicious object</u> and Jendry wanted to know what it was. So she <u>offered</u> some peanuts but Colo just gave her <u>a blank stare</u>. Jendry realized Colo was <u>negotiating</u> and she had to <u>raise the stakes</u> and give Colo a piece of pineapple.



Text A----What Animals Really 10/59k Maintaing <u>eve contact</u> with Jendry, Colo <u>revealed</u> a key chain in her hand. Jendry was <u>relieved</u> as the key chain was not dangerous or valuable and gave Colo the pineapple. But to her surprise, Colo <u>broke</u> the key chain and gave her a <u>link</u>. Maybe she was <u>figuring</u> if she could get a bit of pineapple for each piece of key chain, why give Jendry the whole thing. Colo was really a careful <u>bargainer</u>.

Colo's ability:

trading one thing for another; bargaining; negotiating; making a deal



Animals Really 17/59k

- 8. The second animal-Chantek (Para5-6) human Lyn Miles, an anthropologist
 - What Miles did



- tindertake a sign-language study at the University of
- Tennessee
- If Chantek did cleaning, he could earn:
- 1. coins to spend on treats; 2. rides in Mile's car
- Coins used by Miles: plastic chips first; metal chips later What Chantek did with coins:
 - 1. break plastic chips in two; 2. find pieces of tin foil and try to make copies. to expand money supply
- Miles taught virtuous habits-saving and sharing what the stem of grapes

Text A----What Animals Really 12/59k





From the two animals, we can know:

Some animals are intelligent enough to know how to bargain with people.

Text A----What Animals Really 13/59k 9. The third animal-Orky (Para7-10) human: Gail Laule, a consultant on animal behavior problem: Orky's mate-Corky gave birth to a baby whale who didn't thrive at first. So keepers took it out of the tank by stretcher for emergency care . When workers returned the it to the tank and halted the stretcher a few meters above the water, the baby whale began to throw up suddenly and might choke . But keepers couldn't reach the baby to help it.

> Text A----What Animals Really 14/59k

actions by Orky: size up, swim, keep steady

Orky's ability: assessing; making judgments; taking actions.

From the above killer whale, we can know:

Animals can assess a situation and act accordingly.

Text A----What Animals Really 15/59k 10. The fourth animal-Melati (Parall)
human Helen Shewman-Zoo keeper of Seattle's
: Woodland Zoo
Trick played by Melati:

After Helen Shewman dropped an orange for Melati, Melati didn't <u>move away</u> to get it, but she still looked Shewman in the eye, <u>holding out</u> her hand. Shewman thought the orange must have rolled off and Melati couldn't get <u>access</u> to it. So Shewman gave Melati another orange. However, at that moment, she noticed that Melati had <u>hidden</u> the <u>original</u> orange in her other hand on purpose.

Melati's ability: playing trick/deceiving/ playing shell game 11. The fifth animal-Towan (Para12)

retell the story with the words given: watch the trick, pretend, hold her gaze, hold out his hand, hide orange under his foot.

Towan's ability: playing trick/deceiving/ playing shell game/being tricky.

From the two orangutans, we can know:

Some animals can play tricks.

Text A----What Animals Really 17/59k

12. What is the function of these animal stories?

To support his point advanced in part I.

13. What is the topic sentence of the last part?

Other Species can assess the world around them, even if their horizons are more limited than ours.



TEXT STRUCTURE

Introduction (1- 2)	Some animals demonstrate intelligence when dealing with captivity and human beings.
Supporting examples (3-12)	Let's Make a Deal —some animals are intelligent enough to know how to bargain with people Tale of a Whale —animals can asses a situation and act accordingly Primate Shell Game some animals can be tricky
Conclusion(13)	Some animals are intelligent.

Text A----What Animals Really Think 19/59



Gorilla and Orangutan Killer Whale

Text A----What Animals Really 20/59k

Gorilla and Orangutan

humans

Primate 灵长目

monkeys

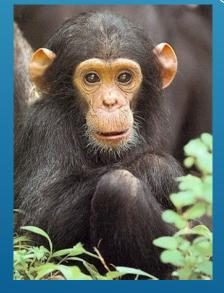
gorillas(大猩猩)

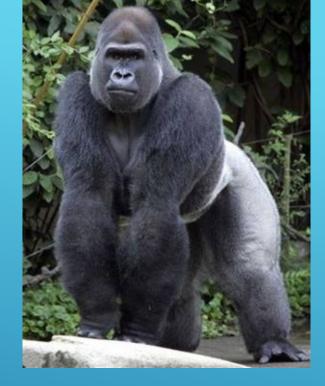
apes orangutans(猩猩)

Chimps or chimpanzee (黑猩猩



Animals Really 21/59k



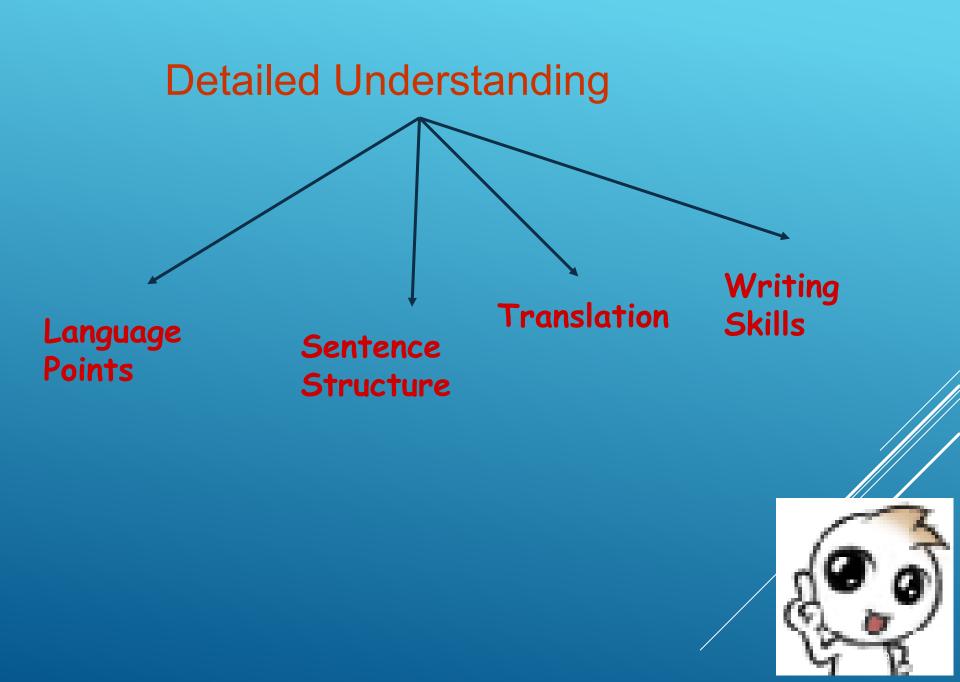


	Gorilla	Orangutan
Height	Male-5.5feet; female-smaller	Male – 4 to 5 feet; Female – 3.5 to 4 feet
Color	black or grayish	Reddish-brown hair
Locatio n	western Africa	Found on the islands of Indonesia and Malaysia.
Diet	Mainly Fruit and vegetables	Mainly fruit, some leaves, flowers and insects.
Life Span	30 to 40 years in the wild; 40 to 50 years in captivity	40 to 50 years in the wild; 50 to 60 years in captivity

Text A----What Animals Really 22/59k Killer whale: orca, seawolf
length: about 27-33 feet (8-10 m)
weight: more than 8,000-12,000 pounds (3,600-5,400 kg).
family: the largest member of the dolphin family.
a mammal living in water
breathe air through a hole at the top of its head.
it is toothed and an efficient predator.
only enemy: human being



Text A----What Animals Really 23/59k



LANGUAGE POINTS:

- 1. controversy
- 2. surround
- 3. explore
- 4. serve one' s purpose
- 5. encounter
- 6. reveal
- 7. convince
- 8. negotiate
- 9. maintain

- 10. relieve
- 11. undertake
- 12. figure out
- 13. extend
- 14. expand
- 15. in sb's interest
- 16. assess
- 17. negotiate
- 18. size up
- 19. deceive

Text A----What Animals Really **25/59**k 1. Over the years, I have written extensively about animal-intelligence experiments and the controversy that surround them. (L1-3)

controversy:争论,争议 controversial a. 有争议,引发争议

The policy has caused fierce/heated controversy ever since it was introduced.

Photos of 'extinct' South China tiger sparks controversy. People have a heated controversy over the authenticity of photographs of South China tiger.



Text A----What Animals Really 26/59k 1. Over the years, I have written extensively about animal-intelligence experiments and the controversy that surround them. (L1-3)

surround: be or go all around. 围绕, 包围

The baby was sitting on the floor surrounded by toys.

What do you know about Zhoushan City, a prison or a beautiful woman?

多年来,我写了大量关于动物智能试验、以 及围绕这些试验所产生争议文章。



2. Wondering whether there might be better ways to explore animal intelligence than experiments... (L4)

explore: 1. examine thoroughly, learn about仔细检验, 研究, 探究; 2.探险,探测,考查

The engineers have already explored the possibility of building a bridge over the river. The best way to explore the countryside is on foot.

Do you want to explore outer space or the Antarctic regions?





Text A----What Animals Really 28/59k 3. ...they will do their best thinking when it serves their own purposes, not when scientists ask them to (L6)

serve one's purpose: to have use有用

----Do you have a pen? ---- sorry, I don't have. Can this pencil serve your purpose.

I haven't got a hammer, but this stone can serve my purpose.

Text A----What Animals Really **29/59**k 以上内容仅为本文档的试下载部分,为可阅读页数的一半内容。如要下载或阅读全文,请访问: <u>https://d.book118.com/755132143232011144</u>