2010-2023 历年山东泰安泰山区八年级上学期期末学情检测英语试卷(带解析)

第1卷

一. 参考题库(共 20 题)					
1. While the alien the museum, the boy called the TV station. A. visiting B. was visiting C. visited D. visit					
2. Why not for help when you were in trouble? A. you ask B. ask C. asking D. to ask					
3.根据括号内的要求改写下列句子, 每空一词。					
【小题 1】Study hard, or you'll fail the exams. (改为同义句)					
you study hard, you will fail the exams.					
【小题 2】Mary is good at writing Chinese words. (改为同义句)					
Mary well writing Chinese words.					
【小题 3】"I can sing some English songs." Li Ming said. (变为间接引语)					
Li Ming said sing some English songs.					
【小题 4】 She went shopping last Sunday. (改为同义句)					
She shopping last Sunday.					

【小题 5】We will go somewhere to have a picnic. (改为否定句)
We go to have a picnic. 4.I told him that I my work soon. A. finished B. am finishing C. would finish D. finish
5.A teacher stood in front of his history class of twenty students just before handing
out(分发) the final exam. His students sat quietly and waited for him to speak.
"It's been a pleasure teaching you this term," he said. "You've all worked very hard, so I have a pleasant surprise for you. Everyone who chooses not to take the final exam will get a 'B' for the course." Most of the students jumped out of their seats. They thanked the teacher happily, and walked out of the classroom. Only a few students stayed. The teacher looked at them. "This is your last chance," he said. "Does anyone else want to leave?" All the students there stayed in their seats and took out their pencils.
The teacher smiled. "Congratulations (祝贺)," he said. "I'm glad to see you believe in
yourselves. You all get 'A' s."
【小题 1】 This story most probably took place
A. at the beginning of the term B. in the middle of the term C. at the end of the term D. at the beginning of the school year
【小题 2】Most of the students got Grade A. 'A' B. 'B' C. 'C' D. 'F'
【小题 3】 Why did some students stay in their seats?
A. Because they wanted to take the exam.B. Because the teacher told them to stay in their class.C. Because they were afraid to leave.D. Because they didn't have anything to do.
【小题 4】 The teacher gave the students who stayed in the classroom 'A's because
A. the teacher liked them

	they believed in themselves they studied hard
【小	题 5】 The underlined word "them" in Paragraph 3 refers to "".
B. s C. t	students staying in their seats students leaving the classroom their seats all the students
asks to be	important question about eating out is who pays for the meal. If a friend of yours you to have lunch with him, you may say something like this, "I'm afraid it'll have e someplace cheap, as I have little money." The other person may say, "OK, I'll t you at McDonald's."
may Chin of yo	means that the two agree to go Dutch, that is, each person pays for himself. He also say, "Oh, no, I want to take you to lunch at Smith's," or "I want you to try the nese dumplings there. They are great." This means the person wants to pay for both ou. If you feel friendly towards this person, you can go with him and you needn't for the meal. You may just say, "Thank you. That would be very nice."
Ame	erican custom(风俗) about who pays for dates(约会) are much the same as in other
meal way "Con	s of the world. In the old days, American women wanted men to pay for all the ls. But, today, a university girl or a woman in business world will usually pay her during the date. If a man asks her for a dance outside the working hours, it means me, as my guest(客人)." So as you can see, it is a polite thing to make the question r at the very beginning.
【小	题 1】The passage mainly tells us
B. v	how to eat out where to eat out what to eat out who pays for the meal in different situation
【小	题 2】 The underlined phrase "go Dutch" in this passage means "" in
Chin	nese.
Α.	去订餐
B. ;	共同就餐
C	去饭店
D. =	各自付款
【小	题 3】Sometimes your friend takes you to lunch. It means
A. 1	he's going to pay for your meal

B. they were cleverer than the other students

B. he's going to lend some money to youC. he can't understand youD. he'll be angry with you				
【小题 4】In America, some girls and women now.				
A. ask men to pay for their clothesB. try to pay for their own mealsC. never have anything outsideD. try to pay for the men's meals				
【小题 5】 We can infer(推断) if a man asks a woman for a dance outside the working				
hours A. the man will pay for it B. the woman will pay for it C. they will go Dutch D. another person will pay for them				
7.用方框内所给词语的适当形式填空,使文章通顺、完整。(每词限用一次)				
how look many able as crowd find problem for comfortable Do you think people will work and live in the sea in the future? You may ask.				
"【小题 1】will people go to work then?" By submarine(潜水艇)! Some				
scientists believe that some day submarines will be as【小题 2】 as today's				
cars.				
A French driver says, "One day, man will travel in the sea【小题 3】they				
do in the street!"				
If humans want to live in the sea, they have to solve (解决) a lot of【小题 4】				
first. For example, what will happen to our body if we stay in the water [/]				
题 5】 a long time?				
Scientists are【小题 6】 for the answers. Maybe in 50 years man will be				
【小题 7】 to live in the sea. They will be away from the【小				
题 8】 cities. Man will 【小题 9】 that it's fun and interesting to live in the				
sea, and that life in the sea is more【小题 10】. Don't you think so?				
8.I like best. Last week, I saw a movie called Robot. It tells us a story about the future with robots. It is the year of 2035 and people can see robots everywhere. Robots				

can help people do a lot of things, like looking the old people or babies, washing,
cooking, cleaning or taking dogs for a Robot does everything people ask them to
do. But a policeman Spooner doesn't like robots. Because he doesn't think that
people can live wellrobots.
One day a scientist kills himself. He leaves a robot. Some time later Spooner
finds wrong with the robots in the world. A robots have their own thoughts (思
想) and want to control(控制) the people. If the robots succeed, it will be very for
people. Susan is another scientist working on robots. Finally, Susan and Spooner
decidework together to fight against these robots. At last, they succeed. People
control the robots again. I think the movie is very, interestingyou have interest in
it, why not go and see it?

【小题 1】

- A. flowers
- B. TV
- C. movies
- D. books

【小题 2】

- A. at
- B. after
- C. for
- D. up

【小题 3】

- A. wash
- B. rest
- C. walk
- D. mea

【小题 4】

- A. name
- B. call
- C. calling
- D. called

【小题 5】

- A. and
- B. with
- C. without

D.	or			
(/	小题 6】			
	nothing anything something everything			
(/	小题 7】			
A. B. C. D.	little lot few lots			
[/	小题 8】			
В. С.	dangerous lucky danger exciting			
(/	小题 9】			
A. B. C. D.	on with to for			
(/	小题 10】			
В. С.	When If Because As			
9.–	–Do you get	W	ell	_your neighbors?

—Yes, we do.
A. on, to
B. in, with
C. in, to
D. on, with

10.根据句意及首字母或汉语提示完成单词。 【小题 1】Some students are singing to r_____ money for charity. 【小题 2】China and India are both A _____ countries. 【小题 3】 My mother is cooking in the k ... 【小题 4】 I'll get a when someone talks to me while I'm reading. 【小题 5】It's very i to make noise in class. 【小题 6】The boy was dancing when a (外国人) arrived. 【小题 7】Beijing is the _____(首都) of China. 【小题 8】All of us have been _____(爬) up the hill for two hours. 【小题 9】Were you _____(抄写) others' homework when I came in? 【小题 10】He feels _____(紧张的) when he goes to see the doctor. 11. There _____ more buildings in ten years. A. will have B. will be C. have D. has 12.Sally asked . A. how can she get to the zoo B. how she can get to the zoo C. how she could get to the zoo D. where was the zoo 13._____ bad day! We can't go out to play. A. What a B. What C. How D. How a 14.What _____ you ____ at this time yesterday?

A. did, doB. have, done

C. were, doing D. are, doing				
15.I don't have to spend with her. A. enough time B. time enough C. many time D. time more				
16.近几年,"汉语热"(Chinese Rush)在世界各地不断升温。请结合提供的要点,				
以"Chinese Rush"为题写一篇短文,介绍一下各种学汉语的活动以及"汉语热"的				
原因。				
要点:①各种电视汉语节目、汉语比赛越来越流行;				
②来中国学习汉语的人越来越多;				
③中国有悠久的历史,丰富的文化(rich culture);				
4中国越来越富有、强大;				
要求:1. 词数80—100词;2. 文章开头已给出,不计入总词数。				
Chinese Rush As a Chinese. I'm very proud of the popularity of Chinese in the world.				
17.My brother doesn't like skating. I don't like it, A. too B. also C. either D. already				
18.根据汉语意思完成下列句子,每空词数不限。				

【小题1】我们应该排队等候公共汽车。

We should	who	en we are	_ the bus.	
【小题 2】他	不会一直呆	在家里,他喜欢与	别人交朋友。	
He won't stay	at home	He likes to	others.	
【小题 3】我	九岁生日的	时候收到的礼物是	一辆自行车。	
I a	bike as a gi	ft on my		
【小题 4】他等	爷爷去年对	集邮感兴趣。		
His grandpa to	ok	collecting	.	
【小题 5】你问	听说过张丽	莉吗?她是中国最	美女教师。	
Have you	Zhar	ng Lili? She is the	woman tea	cher in China.
Take a look at t	the following	g ads! You may find	some useful informa	tion you need here!
Guitar lessons				
Experienced m	usician fron	n Australia. Good at	teaching kids for 5 y	ears!



Lost dog

Medium size, with brown spots and white short hair. Answer you whenyou call it David. Many thanks for sending it back.

For more information, please visit Larry's website: www. music. com. au

Call Susan at 7328059.



Taxi driver wanted

Full time or part time. Experience and a good knowledge of the city are necessary. English is also a must.

Under 45 years old.

Call Mr. White at 5132683.



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