

江西省部分学校 2023-2024 学年高二下学期

第一次阶段性考试英语试题

第一部分 听力(共两节, 满分 30 分)

第一节(共 5 小题; 每小题 1.5 分, 满分 7.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话。每段对话后有一个小题, 从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项, 并标在试卷的相应位置。听完每段对话后, 你都有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

例: How much is the shirt?

A. £19.15. B. £9.18. C. £9.15.

【答案】是 C。

1. How does the man sound?

A. Tired. B. Hesitant. C. Proud.

2. Why did the woman fail to go to the film club?

A. She had something else to deal with.

B. She had already seen the film.

C. She didn't receive notice.

3. What is Kylie like?

A. Humorous. B. Organized. C. Determined.

4. What will the man probably going to do next?

A. Order the meal. B. Set a table. C. Go to the street.

5. Where does this conversation probably take place?

A. In a bedroom. B. In a ward. C. In a restaurant.

第二节(共 15 小题; 每小题 1.5 分, 满分 22.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话或独白, 每段对话或独白后有几个小题, 从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项, 并标在试卷的相应位置。听每段对话或独白前, 你将有时间阅读各个小题, 每小题 5 秒钟; 听完后, 各小题将给出 5 秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

听第 6 段材料, 回答第 6、7 题。

6. What does the woman need?

A. Her own room. B. Book shelves. C. Some modern stuff.

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7. What is the probable relationship between the speakers?

- A. Shopkeeper and customer. B. Wife and husband. C. Brother and sister.

听第 7 段材料，回答第 8、9 题。

8. What are the speakers doing?

- A. Taking a class. B. Making a plan. C. Talking about homework.

9. What has the woman done?

- A. She has taken some notes. B. She has read a love story. C. She has completed a story.

听第 8 段材料，回答第 10 至 13 题。

10. What is the woman looking for?

- A. Animals. B. A list. C. Photos.

11. What does the woman think of blue whales?

- A. They are endangered.
B. They move quickly.
C. They are destroying the habitat of fish.

12. What is the man's advice?

- A. Talking about sea animals.
B. Having pandas included.
C. Persuading humans not to fish.

13. What might the project be about?

- A. Photography technique.
B. Humans' social activities.
C. Animal protection.

听第 9 段材料，回答第 14 至 17 题。

14. What is the man?

- A. A scientist. B. A student. C. A visitor.

15. Why will the woman go to Paris?

- A. To go sightseeing. B. To attend a camp. C. To visit her grandparents.

16. What does the woman like?

- A. Doing voluntary work. B. Staying in a lab. C. Being outdoors.

17. What are the speakers talking about?

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A. Summer classes. B. A holiday plan. C. A community centre.

听第 10 段材料，回答第 18 至 20 题。

18. Which is the speaker's working language?

A. French. B. Chinese. C. German.

19. When will the flight reach the destination?

A. At 10: 40 pm. B. At 10: 30 pm. C. At 3: 30 am.

20. What might passengers choose to eat?

A. Chicken pie. B. Beef noodles. C. Meat balls.

第二部分 阅读(共两节，满分 50 分)

第一节(共 15 小题；每小题 2.5 分，满分 37.5 分)

阅读下列短文，从每题所给的 A、B、C 和 D 四个选项中，选出最佳选项。

A

Fiji is an island nation with mountains to climb, jungles to explore, vast reefs under the waves to dive, and beaches to walk on. You can go to the open-air souvenir markets to shop for authentic Fijian crafts (工艺品) like wooden kava bowls and visit the Fiji Museum. You can also attend Fire walking ceremony, the traditional practice of fire walking, where men walk barefoot across hot stones.

Best Time to Go

There is no bad time for Fiji vacations. However, November to April is the wet season, when temperatures and humidity (湿度) are higher and there is a greater risk of hurricanes. August and October are some of the most popular months to visit Fiji's islands, but this also means you will have to deal with high-season crowds and prices. Brave the heavy but short downpours in the wet season if you want to escape the crowds and get some great deals.

Accommodation & Transport & Food

Some restaurants are expensive and attract the world's rich and famous, but you can find much cheaper options with equally beautiful locations. Budget hotels start at around \$30 a night for a double room with sea views.

If you don't mind getting about on a bus, you will find this is a cheap and efficient form of transport. Traveling from Suva to Nadi, for example, costs around \$25 for a four-hour trip.

You can eat for as little as 5 in small restaurants, and mid—range restaurants start at around 15 for a

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meal. Many accommodation options include meals, so you can take full advantage of this to save some money.

All up, Fiji is a very reasonably priced destination with priceless experiences on offer. So, what are you waiting for?

1. What can tourists do in Fiji?

- A. Witness a special ceremony. B. Walk on hot stones with shoes.
C. Shop in large indoor souvenir markets. D. Make wooden kava bowls by themselves.

2. In which month are people more likely to avoid crowds of tourists?

- A. May. B. July.
C. September. D. December.

3. What can be learned about Fiji?

- A. It is friendly to budget tourists. B. It takes five hours to get there.
C. It can be reached only by bus. D. It offers free meals in any hotel.

【答案】1. A 2. D 3. A

【语篇解读】本文是一篇应用文。文章主要介绍了斐济岛的美景和去斐济旅游的最佳时间以及住宿、交通和食物等方面的相关信息。

【1 题详析】

细节理解题。根据第一段中“You can also attend Fire walking ceremony, the traditional practice of fire walking, where men walk barefoot across hot stones. (你也可以参加火走仪式，传统的火走仪式，男人们赤脚走过热石头。)”可知，游客可以见证一个特别的仪式。故选 A。

【2 题详析】

细节理解题。根据 **Best Time to Go** 部分中“Brave the heavy but short downpours in the wet season if you want to escape the crowds and get some great deals. (如果你想避开拥挤的人群，买到便宜的东西，就勇敢地面对雨季的短时暴雨。)”可知，人们在雨季来斐济岛可以避开大批游客，再结合“However, November to April is the wet season, when temperatures and humidity (湿度) are higher and there is a greater risk of hurricanes. (然而，11月到4月是雨季，温度和湿度较高，飓风的风险也更大。)”可知，12月份属于雨季，此时旅行更有可能避开成群的游客。故选 D。

【3 题详析】

细节理解题。根据 **Accommodation & Transport & Food** 部分的介绍，特别是最后一段“All

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up, Fiji is a very reasonably priced destination with priceless experiences on offer. (总之, 斐济是一个价格非常合理的目的地, 提供无价的体验。)”可知, 在斐济吃住行既有昂贵的也有便宜的选择, 因此预算有限的游客也是可以支付得起的。故选 A。

B

Like many others who are autistic (患自闭症的), Bobby Latheron has known for most of his life that there was something that made him different from his peers. As a child, he often preferred spending time with adults.

Throughout school, Bobby struggled. He suffered from panic attacks that would cause him to run out of the room crying, which made teachers view him as a “naughty child”. Then, at around 13 years old, he was officially diagnosed (诊断) with autism. But because autism was still so misunderstood, this didn’t improve his situation by much.

Still, Bobby persevered and made it to university. But after a while, he struggled academically here, too. Things were looking up when he switched to art, design, and photography, but he simply couldn’t do it. That’s when a kind teacher changed his life for the better.

“I was telling one of the music teachers about my life with autism—my relationships and my struggles,” Bobby tells *InspireMore*. “She said, ‘Why don’t you write a book about your life?’ So I did.”

This is how *My World in My Words* by Bobby Latheron came to be. When writing this book, Bobby remained incredibly focused. Finding the inspiration to write his first book has changed Bobby’s life in so many ways. He’s met others who are like himself, plus, he’s even managed to secure a job he loves. He’s even given multiple interviews for various news and radio stations. Best of all, this new direction in life has given Bobby the opportunity to help others like him to feel less alone and, in doing so, he’s proven to himself that he’s far more capable than he once believed.

“I’m not here to say it’s always been perfect and that I haven’t made mistakes,” Bobby tells *InspireMore*, “but you have to learn in life.”

4. What can we infer about Bobby’s childhood?

- A. He behaved as a grown-up.
- B. He had a happy childhood.
- C. He was misunderstood at school.

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D. He got along well with his teachers.

5. What gave Bobby the idea of writing?

- A. His desire for success. B. A teacher's advice.
C. His unhappy experience. D. A wish to battle loneliness.

6. What is the main idea of paragraph 5?

- A. Bobby benefited from his book.
B. Bobby got more appreciation.
C. Bobby became more popular.
D. Bobby got a job opportunity.

7. Which word can best describe Bobby?

- A. Inspiring. B. Generous. C. Modest. D. Talented.

【答案】4. C 5. B 6. A 7. A

【语篇解读】本文是一篇记叙文。文章主要介绍了患有自闭症的鲍比在学业上的挣扎以及他最终靠写书改善了自己的状况并帮助他人的故事。

【4题详析】

细节理解题。根据第二段中“He suffered from panic attacks that would cause him to run out of the room crying, which made teachers view him as a “naughty child”.”(他患有恐慌症，会让他哭着跑出房间，这让老师们认为他是一个“淘气的孩子”)”可知，在上学期期间鲍比受到老师们的误解。故选 C 项。

【5题详析】

细节理解题。根据第三段中“That’s when a kind teacher changed his life for the better.”(就在那时，一位善良的老师改变了他的生活)”以及第四段中““I was telling one of the music teachers about my life with autism—my relationships and my struggles,” Bobby tells InspireMore. “She said, ‘Why don’t you write a book about your life?’ So I did.”(“我告诉一位音乐老师我的自闭症生活——我的人际关系和我的挣扎，”鲍比告诉 InspireMore。“她说，‘你为什么不用写一本关于你生活的书呢?’于是我照做了。”)”可知，鲍比是在一位老师的建议下开始写书。故选 B 项。

【6题详析】

主旨大意题。根据第五段“This is how My World in My Words by Bobby Latheron came to be. When writing this book, Bobby remained incredibly focused. Finding the inspiration to write his first book has changed Bobby’s life in so many ways. He’s met others who are like himself, plus,

he's even managed to secure a job he loves. He's even given multiple interviews for various news and radio stations. Best of all, this new direction in life has given Bobby the opportunity to help others like him to feel less alone and, in doing so, he's proven to himself that he's far more capable than he once believed.(这就是鲍比·拉瑟隆《My World in My Words》一书的由来。在写这本书的时候,鲍比保持着难以置信的专注。找到写第一本书的灵感在很多方面改变了鲍比的生活。他遇到了和他一样的人,而且,他甚至找到了一份自己喜欢的工作。他甚至接受了各种新闻和广播电台的多次采访。最重要的是,这个新的生活方向让鲍比有机会帮助像他一样的人,让他们不那么孤独,通过这样做,他向自己证明了他比自己曾经认为的要能干得多)可知,本段主要讲述了写这本书为鲍比打开了很多扇门,他开始接受媒体采访,开始帮助他人,这些都是他写的书给他带来的改变,也就是他从中获得的益处。故选 A。

【7 题详析】

推理判断题。根据第一段“Like many others who are autistic (患自闭症的), Bobby Latheron has known for most of his life that there was something that made him different from his peers.(像许多其他自闭症患者一样,鲍比·拉瑟隆(Bobby Latheron)知道,在他生命的大大部分时间里,有一些东西让他与同龄人不同)”以及倒数第二段“Finding the inspiration to write his first book has changed Bobby's life in so many ways. He's met others who are like himself, plus, he's even managed to secure a job he loves. He's even given multiple interviews for various news and radio stations. Best of all, this new direction in life has given Bobby the opportunity to help others like him to feel less alone and, in doing so, he's proven to himself that he's far more capable than he once believed.(找到写第一本书的灵感在很多方面改变了鲍比的生活。他遇到了和他一样的人,而且,他甚至找到了一份自己喜欢的工作。他甚至接受了各种新闻和广播电台的多次采访。最重要的是,这个新的生活方向让鲍比有机会帮助像他一样的人,让他们不那么孤独,通过这样做,他向自己证明了他比自己曾经认为的要能干得多)”可知,鲍比通过写书获得了更多的自信,而且他还开始帮助其他的自闭症患者;由此推断他的成功会给他人带来激励,因此他是“鼓舞人心的”。故选 A 项。

C

Christ Mocked, by the Florentine master Cimabue, was sold at auction(拍卖)for €24 million in 2019. But the Chilean buyers never got to include the work in their collection because the French government refused to give it an export licence.

Ministers declared the painting a national treasure, officially giving the Louvre 30 months to raise

the funds for its purchase. The Louvre recently reached an agreement with the owners.

Laurence des Cars, the president of the Louvre, said it was a “great joy” to have acquired the painting, which “constitutes a crucial landmark in the history of art”. The museum did not say how much it had paid, nor who had sold the painting, which will be exhibited in 2025.

The painting was spotted four years ago by Philomene Wolf, an auctioneer, when she was asked to assess the contents of a house that was being cleared. The owner, in her nineties, thought it was a painting from Russia of no value and was preparing to put it in the dustbin.

Wolf was struck by its quality and guessed that it could be Italian. Experts using modern technology confirmed that it was by Cimabue, who is widely regarded as having opened the gateway to Renaissance art. It is believed to date from 1280. *Christ Mocked* is one of about 15 known Cimabue’s works.

The Louvre launched an appeal on Tuesday for donations to buy another painting, *The Basket of Wild Strawberries* by Jean Simeon Chardin, the 18th-century French still life(静物画)master. The work, which was first exhibited in 1761, was in a private collection from the 19th century until last year, when it was sold for €24.3 million to an American art museum at an auction in Paris.

Luckily, many groups and individuals donated two-thirds of the sum. The museum must pay the remaining € 8 million and is hoping that members of the public will help to ease the burden by responding to its appeal, which aims to raise € 1.3 million.

8. What can we know about *Christ Mocked*?

- A. It is a painting from Russia.
- B. It was discovered by Cimabue.
- C. It is seen as a treasure of France.
- D. It was taken away by Chilean buyers.

9. Which can replace the underlined word “constitutes” in paragraph 3?

- A. Sums up. B. Acts as. C. Finds out. D. Points out.

10. How did Wolf get *Christ Mocked*?

- A. She purchased it at auction. B. Cimabue sent it to her.
- C. She got it from an old woman. D. She found it when she cleaned up.

11. Which can be the best title for the text?

- A. The Painting *Christ Mocked* Was Sold

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B. The Louvre Was Appealing for Donation

C. French Government Takes Back Its Words

D. Painting Saved From Bin Was to Hang in the Louvre

【答案】8. C 9. B 10. C 11. D

【语篇解读】本文是一篇新闻报道。文章报道了卢浮宫博物馆为防止国宝名画流失而筹集资金回购珍贵的绘画作品——Christ Mocked 并成功将其留在法国。这幅画已被卢浮宫博物馆成功买下，并将于 2025 年展出。

【8 题详析】

细节理解题。根据第二段中“Ministers declared the painting a national treasure, officially giving the Louvre 30 months to raise the funds for its purchase.(部长们宣布这幅画为国宝，并正式给予卢浮宫 30 个月的时间来筹集购买资金。)”可知，这幅画被认定为法国国宝。故选 C 项。

【9 题详析】

词句猜测题。根据画线词所在句子“Laurence des Cars, the president of the Louvre, said it was a ‘great joy’ to have acquired the painting, which ‘constitutes a crucial landmark in the history of art’. (卢浮宫主席 Laurence des Cars 表示，获得这幅画是一种‘巨大的喜悦’，这幅画‘_____艺术史上的一个重要里程碑。)”可知，这句是对这幅画的历史地位的描述，再根据这句前的内容可知，卢浮宫博物馆的馆长认为获得这幅画是一件特别让人高兴的事，因此推断这副画被认为“构成”艺术史上一个至关重要的里程碑。所以猜测 constitute 表“构成，充当”的意思。故选 B 项。

【10 题详析】

细节理解题。根据第四段“The painting was spotted four years ago by Philomene Wolf, an auctioneer, when she was asked to assess the contents of a house that was being cleared. The owner, in her nineties, thought it was a painting from Russia of no value and was preparing to put it in the dustbin.(这幅画是四年前拍卖师 Philomene Wolf 发现的，当时她被要求评估正在清理的房子的物品。这位 90 多岁的主人认为这是一幅来自俄罗斯的毫无价值的画，正准备把它放进垃圾箱。)”可知，Wolf 是在评估一位老人房子里面清理出来的物品时发现了这幅画，因此她是从一位老人那里得到的。故选 C 项。

【11 题详析】

主旨大意题。由文章第一段“Christ Mocked, by the Florentine master Cimabue, was sold at auction(拍卖)for €24 million in 2019. But the Chilean buyers never got to include the work in

their collection because the French government refused to give it an export licence.(2019 年, 佛罗伦萨大师 Cimabue 的 Christ Mocked 在拍卖会上以 2400 万欧元的价格售出。但智利买家从未将这件作品纳入他们的收藏, 因为法国政府拒绝给它出口许可证。)”和第二段“Ministers declared the painting a national treasure, officially giving the Louvre 30 months to raise the funds for its purchase. The Louvre recently reached an agreement with the owners.(部长们宣布这幅画为国宝, 并正式给予卢浮宫 30 个月的时间来筹集购买资金。卢浮宫最近与业主达成协议。)”以及下文可知, 文章主要报道了卢浮宫筹钱买下 Christ Mocked 这幅珍贵的画作, 成功将其留在法国; 同时介绍了这幅画差点被扔到垃圾桶但被拍卖师发现的过程。因此推断 D 选项 Painting Saved From Bin Was to Hang in the Louvre(从垃圾箱里救出来的画作将被悬挂在卢浮宫)可以作为文章标题。故选 D 项。

D

New Scientist magazine’s chief reporter Adam recently published “Net-zero living: how your day will look in a carbon-neutral (碳中和) world”. Here, he imagines what a typical day would be like in the future — through the eyes of Isla, a child in 2050.

Isla lives in the south of the United Kingdom and her life looks pretty much like life does today: she has a house, a car, a job, and a cup of tea in the morning. There are great forests, and giant machines sucking carbon dioxide out of the atmosphere. It all sounds like a green and pleasant land, but it didn’t sound like the future to me.

It’s an interesting exercise, imagining what it will be like in about 30 years. I thought I would give it a try: here is some speculative fiction about Edie, living in Toronto, Canada in 2050.

Edie lives in the garage in an old house that is her apartment and workshop. She considers herself to be very lucky to have this garage in what was her grandparents’ house. The only people who live in houses these days either get the houses from their parents or are multi-millionaires from all over the world, desperate to move to Canada with its cooler climate and plentiful water and are able to afford the million-dollar immigrant visa fee.

Edie is lucky to be working. There are no office or industrial jobs anymore: Artificial Intelligence and robots took care of that. The few jobs left are in service, culture, craft, health care, or real estate (房地产). In fact, selling real estate has become the nation’s biggest industry.

There may be lots of electricity from wind and solar farms, but even running tiny heat pumps for cooling is really expensive at peak times. The streets are unpleasantly hot, so many people sleep

through the midday.

Now Edie is checking the balance in her Personal Carbon Allowance (PCA) account to see if she has enough to buy another imported battery for her e-bike. If she doesn't have enough then, she will have to buy carbon credits, and they are expensive. She sets her alarm for 6:00 p.m. when the streets of Toronto will come alive again on this hot November day.

12. What does the author think of Isla's life?

A. Desirable. B. Unappealing.

C. Unachievable. D. Exciting.

13. What will Toronto be like in 2050?

A. Many people will immigrate abroad. B. Its climate will get colder and colder.

C. Electricity will be very cheap to use. D. The house prices will be extremely high.

14. What might be Edie's large concern?

A. The house problem. B. Being out of work.

C. The balance of her bank account. D. The energy consumption.

15. What is the purpose of this passage?

A. To point out Adam's unreasonable thinking.

B. To compare the present life and the future life.

C. To imagine the life after reducing carbon emissions.

D. To raise people's awareness of environmental protection.

【答案】 12. B 13. D 14. D 15. C

【语篇解读】本文是一篇说明文。作者由一名杂志记者发表的关于未来生活的文章引出话题并展开了自己对未来 2050 年碳排放减少后的某一天的生活的畅想。

【12 题详析】

推理判断题。根据第二段“*It all sounds like a green and pleasant land, but it didn't sound like the future to me.*(这一切听起来像是一片绿色和宜人的土地，但对我来说，这并不像未来)”可推知，作者认为 Adam 在文中所描绘的 Isla 的生活并不吸引他。故选 B 项。

【13 题详析】

推理判断题。根据第四段“*Edie lives in the garage in an old house that is her apartment and workshop. She considers herself to be very lucky to have this garage in what was her grandparents' house. The only people who live in houses these days either get the houses from*

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their parents or are multi-millionaires from all over the world, desperate to move to Canada with its cooler climate and plentiful water and are able to afford the million-dollar immigrant visa fee.(伊迪住在一栋老房子的车库里,那是她的公寓和工作室。她认为自己非常幸运,能在她祖父母的房子里拥有这个车库。如今住在房子里的人,要么是从父母那里得到房子,要么是来自世界各地的百万富翁,他们迫切希望搬到气候凉爽、水资源充足的加拿大,而且有能力支付数百万美元的移民签证费)”以及倒数第三段“In fact, selling real estate has become the nation’s biggest industry.(事实上,房地产销售已经成为这个国家最大的产业)”可推断,2050年时多伦多市的房价会很高。故选 D 项。

【14 题详 析】

细节理解题。根据文章最后一段“Now Edie is checking the balance in her Personal Carbon Allowance (PCA) account to see if she has enough to buy another imported battery for her e-bike. If she doesn’t have enough then, she will have to buy carbon credits, and they are expensive.(现在,伊迪正在检查她的个人碳排放额度(PCA)账户的余额,看看她是否有足够的钱为她的电动自行车再买一块进口电池。如果她没有足够的钱,她将不得不购买碳信用额度,而它们是昂贵的)”可知,伊迪会担忧自己的碳排放额度是否会超标,也就是能量消费问题。故选 D 项。

【15 题详 析】

推理判断题。根据首段中“New Scientist magazine’s chief reporter Adam recently published “Net-zero living: how your day will look in a carbon-neutral (碳中和) world”.(《新科学家》杂志的首席记者亚当最近发表了一篇题为《零净生活:碳中和世界里你的一天会是什么样子》的文章)”以及第三段中“It’s an interesting exercise, imagining what it will be like in about 30 years. I thought I would give it a try: here is some speculative fiction about Edie, living in Toronto, Canada in 2050.(这是一个有趣的练习,想象 30 年后会是什么样子。我想我应该试一试:这里有一些关于 2050 年生活在加拿大多伦多的伊迪的推测性小说)”可推知,作者的写作目的是想象未来碳排放减少后的生活。故选 C 项。

第二节(共 5 小题;每小题 2.5 分,满分 12.5 分)

阅读下面短文,从短文后的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

How to Make Studying Interesting

Studying is often considered dull, but with a little creativity, you can transform your study sessions into something exciting and Internet-worthy. Below are some tips on how you can make

it interesting.

Create a visually appealing study space. 16 Start by choosing a well-lit area, as natural light boosts mood and productivity. Add some indoor plants for a touch of greenery, which can improve concentration and reduce stress. When your study space looks inviting, you are more likely to spend time there, and it's sure to attract likes and comments on social media.

17 Having specific aim can add an element of excitement to your routine. For instance, designate a "Tech Tuesday" to focus on digital skills or "Finance Friday" to study personal finance. When you write sports essays, schedule the workout on the same day to be extra inspired. Take creative study breaks. All work and no play can make study sessions dull. Creative study breaks are essential to keep your energy levels and mind fresh. 18

Personalize your study materials. Personalizing your study materials can make learning more enjoyable and tailored to your style. 19 Such customization not only aids in learning but also gives you a chance to show your creativity.

Finally, don't forget to celebrate your achievements, no matter how small. 20 Even though this platform can be competitive, one benefit of the Internet for student is that it can help you highlight your education journey and get other people's positive input. Celebrating your achievements keeps you positive and encourages others in their study journey.

- A. Set themed study goals.
- B. Aim high and always stay grounded.
- C. Share your progress and success on the Internet.
- D. However, you should keep away from bad habits.
- E. Try a quick workout, a creative hobby, or a nature walk.
- F. Ideally, this could involve creating custom notebook covers.
- G. The environment where you study affects how you feel about studying.

【答案】 16. G 17. A 18. E 19. F 20. C

【语篇解读】本文是一篇说明文。文章主要介绍了如何让学习变得有趣的几种方法，比如创造视觉上吸引人的学习空间以及庆祝自己的成就等。

【16题详析】

根据前文“Create a visually appealing study space.(创造一个视觉上吸引人的学习空间)”以及后文“Start by choosing a well-lit area, as natural light boosts mood and productivity. Add some

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indoor plants for a touch of greenery, which can improve concentration and reduce stress.(首先选择一个光线充足的区域,因为自然光可以提高情绪和工作效率。在室内添加一些植物,增加一点绿色,可以提高注意力,减少压力)可知,此处是在讲述创造一个好的学习环境,所以 G 项“The environment where you study affects how you feel about studying.(你学习的环境会影响你对学习的感觉)”符合本段主题,后文是对本句的详细解释。故选 G 项。

【17 题详析】

分析设空,位于段首,为本段中心句,根据后文“Having specific aim can add an element of excitement to your routine. For instance, designate a “Tech Tuesday” to focus on digital skills or “Finance Friday” to study personal finance. When you write sports essays, schedule the workout on the same day to be extra inspired.(有一个明确的目标可以为你的日常生活增添一些兴奋的元素。例如,指定一个“技术星期二”来专注于数字技能,或者指定一个“财务星期五”来研究个人理财。当你写体育文章时,把锻炼安排在同一天,这样会更有灵感)”可知,本段主要讲述了设立目标对学习的好处,所以 A 项“Set themed study goals.(设定有主题的学习目标)”符合本段主题。故选 A 项。

【18 题详析】

分析设空,位于段尾,是对前文的总结,根据前文“Take creative study breaks. All work and no play can make study sessions dull. Creative study breaks are essential to keep your energy levels and mind fresh.(创造性地休息学习。只工作不玩耍会使学习变得枯燥。创造性的学习休息对保持你的能量水平和思维新鲜是必不可少的)”可知, E 项“Try a quick workout, a creative hobby, or a nature walk.(尝试快速锻炼,培养创造性的爱好,或者到大自然中散步)”是介绍创造性的学习休息的具体方法,符合本段主题。故选 E 项。

【19 题详析】

根据前文“Personalizing your study materials can make learning more enjoyable and tailored to your style.(个性化你的学习材料可以使学习更愉快,更适合你的风格)”可知,本段讲述了是个性化你的学习材料,再根据后文“Such customization not only aids in learning but also gives you a chance to show your creativity.(这样的定制不仅有助于学习,也给了你展示创造力的机会)”可知,空处应是讲述了一个个性化的例子,所以 F 项“Ideally, this could involve creating custom notebook covers.(理想情况下,这可能涉及到创建定制的笔记本封面)”承接上文,并引出下文,其中 custom 和 customization 为同构词。故选 F 项。

【20 题详析】

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根据前文“Finally, don't forget to celebrate your achievements, no matter how small.(最后, 不要忘记庆祝你的成就, 不管多么小)”以及后文“Even though this platform can be competitive, one benefit of the Internet for student is that it can help you highlight your education journey and get other people's positive input.(尽管这个平台竞争激烈, 但对学生来说, 互联网的一个好处是, 它可以帮助你突出你的教育历程, 并获得其他人的积极反馈)”可知前文讲述了庆祝你的成就, 后文提到互联网, 所以空处应是过渡句, C 项 Share your progress and success on the Internet.(在互联网上分享你的进步和成功)”承接上文, 引出下文, 符合文意。故选 C 项。

第三部分 语言运用(共两节, 满分 30 分)

第一节(共 15 小题; 每小题 1 分, 满分 15 分)

阅读下面短文, 从短文后各题所给的 A、B、C 和 D 四个选项中, 选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

Curtis retired from the police force, but he never stopped being a true hero.

He was sitting in a car in the Chick-Fil-A drive-thru (汽车餐厅). Suddenly, he saw _____21_____ pouring out of the truck in front of him. Without thinking twice, Curtis leapt from the _____22_____ and ran to help.

Inside the restaurant, employees saw Curtis pull out the terrified _____23_____ John, mere seconds before the truck exploded.

When Chick-Fil-A owner David _____24_____ the restaurant's security footage (录像), he saw the full extent of Curtis' _____25_____ actions. Not only did Curtis pull John from the truck, but he also helped direct _____26_____ customers and staff members once firefighters arrived. Hoping to thank Curtis in person, David _____27_____ a call for help on social media to _____28_____ the hero.

After Curtis was found, David _____29_____ invited him to come to Chick-Fil-A for a meal with the driver he _____30_____. They all celebrated Curtis being in the right _____31_____ at the right time to save at least one life! John and his family are incredibly grateful that Curtis was so _____32_____ to help, and Curtis said he was just pleased no one was _____33_____.

“As far as he is safe, that's all that _____34_____,” said Curtis.

Once a first responder, always a first responder! Curtis still has those cop instincts (本能), and we're glad he happened to be there to put them to good _____35_____.

21.

A. rain B. water C. mist D. smoke

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22.

A. restaurant B. top C. vehicle D. window

23.

A. police B. driver C. owner D. firefighter

24.

A. reviewed B. recorded C. received D. deleted

25.

A. reasonable B. legal C. repeated D. heroic

26.

A. ignorant B. potential C. frightened D. disappointed

27.

A. gave back B. put out C. waited for D. registered for

28.

A. locate B. stimulate C. confirm D. protect

29.

A. eventually B. precisely C. confidently D. sincerely

30.

A. taught B. saved C. encouraged D. accompanied

31.

A. way B. order C. direction D. place

32.

A. quick B. eager C. humble D. professional

33.

A. left B. influenced C. hurt D. disturbed

34.

A. exists B. matters C. works D. occurs

35.

A. examination B. situation C. use D. response

【答案】 21. D 22. C 23. B 24. A 25. D 26. C 27. B 28. A 29.

D 30. B 31. D 32. A 33. C 34. B 35. C

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【语篇解读】本文是记叙文。文章讲述了 Curtis，一位退休警察从一辆即将爆炸的卡车上救下司机，获得赞扬的故事。

【21 题详 析】

考查名词词义辨析。句意：突然，他看到前面的卡车冒出滚滚浓烟。A. rain 雨；B. water 水；C. mist 薄雾；D. smoke 烟。根据后文“mere seconds before the truck exploded.”可知，卡车要爆炸了，所以应是看到卡车冒烟。故选 D 项。

【22 题详 析】

考查名词词义辨析。句意：Curtis 不假思索地从车里跳了下来，跑过去帮忙。A. restaurant 餐馆；B. top 顶端；C. vehicle 车辆；D. window 窗口。根据前文“He was sitting in a car in the Chick-Fil-A drive-thru (汽车餐厅).”可知，Curtis 坐在车里，所以此处是不假思索地从车里跳了下来。故选 C 项。

【23 题详 析】

考查名词词义辨析。句意：在餐厅里，员工们看到 Curtis 在卡车爆炸前几秒钟把吓坏了的司机 John 拉了出来。A. police 警方；B. driver 司机；C. owner 主人；D. firefighter 消防队员。根据后文“David _____ invited him to come to Chick-Fil-A for a meal with the driver”可知，Curtis 救了司机 John。故选 B 项。

【24 题详 析】

考查动词词义辨析。句意：当 Chick-Fil-A 的老板 David 查看餐厅的监控录像时，他看到了 Curtis 英勇行为的全部内容。A. reviewed 回顾；B. recorded 记录；C. received 收到；D. deleted 删除。根据后文“the restaurant’s security footage (录像), he saw the full extent of Curtis’ actions.”可知，应是回顾录像才能看到 Curtis 英勇行为的全部内容。故选 A 项。

【25 题详 析】

考查形容词词义辨析。句意：当 Chick-Fil-A 的老板 David 查看餐厅的监控录像时，他看到了 Curtis 英勇行为的全部内容。A. reasonable 合理的；B. legal 合法的；C. repeated 重复的；D. heroic 英勇的。根据前文“Inside the restaurant, employees saw Curtis pull out the terrified John, mere seconds before the truck exploded.”可知，从一辆快爆炸的卡车上救人，应是英勇的行为。故选 D 项。

【26 题详 析】

考查形容词词义辨析。句意：Curtis 不仅把 John 从卡车上拉了出来，而且在消防员到达后，他还帮助指导受到惊吓的顾客和工作人员。A. ignorant 无知的；B. potential 潜在的；C.

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frightened 受惊的; D. disappointed 失望的。卡车爆炸了, 所以应是受到惊吓的顾客和工作人员。故选 C 项。

【27 题详 析】

考查动词短语辨析。句意: 为了亲自感谢 Curtis, David 在社交媒体上呼吁帮助找到这位英雄。A. gave back 归还; B. put out 发布; C. waited for 等待; D. registered for 注册。根据后文“a call for help on social media”结合选项可知, 应是 put out a call 意为“发出呼吁”符合语境。故选 B 项。

【28 题详 析】

考查动词词义辨析。句意: 为了亲自感谢 Curtis, David 在社交媒体上呼吁帮助找到这位英雄。A. locate 定位; B. stimulate 刺激; C. confirm 确认; D. protect 防护。根据后文“After Curtis was found”可知, 是发现 Curtis, 所以应是找到这位英雄。故选 A 项。

【29 题详 析】

考查副词词义辨析。句意: Curtis 被发现后, David 真诚地邀请他和他救的司机一起去 Chick-Fil-A 吃饭。A. eventually 最后; B. precisely 准确地; C. confidently 自信地; D. sincerely 真诚地。根据前文“Hoping to thank Curtis in person”可知, David 想要亲自感谢 Curtis, 所以应是真诚地邀请他。故选 D 项。

【30 题详 析】

考查动词词义辨析。句意: Curtis 被发现后, David 真诚地邀请他和他救的司机一起去 Chick-Fil-A 吃饭。A. taught 教; B. saved 救; C. encouraged 鼓励; D. accompanied 陪伴。根据前文“Inside the restaurant, employees saw Curtis pull out the terrified_____John, mere seconds before the truck exploded.”可知, 应是他救的司机。故选 B 项。

【31 题详 析】

考查名词词义辨析。句意: 他们都庆祝 Curtis 在正确的时间出现在正确的地点, 挽救了至少一条生命!A. way 道路; B. order 顺序; C. direction 方向; D. place 位置。根据后文“at the right time to save at least one life!”结合选项可知, 应是“在正确的时间出现在正确的地点, 挽救了至少一条生命”符合语境。故选 D 项。

【32 题详 析】

考查形容词词义辨析。句意: John 和他的家人非常感谢 Curtis 这么快就伸出援手, Curtis 说他很高兴没有人受伤。A. quick 快的; B. eager 渴望的; C. humble 谦逊的; D. professional 专业的。根据前文“Without thinking twice, Curtis leapt from the_____and ran to help.”可知,

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Curtis 毫不犹豫的去救人，所以是快的。故选 A 项。

【33 题详 析】

考查动词词义辨析。句意：John 和他的家人非常感谢 Curtis 这么快就伸出援手，Curtis 说他很高兴没有人受伤。A. left 遗弃；B. influenced 受影响；C. hurt 受伤；D. disturbed 干扰。根据前文 “Not only did Curtis pull John from the truck, but he also helped direct customers and staff members once firefighters arrived.”可知，Curtis 救出了司机，并安抚顾客和员工，推知应是没人受伤。故选 C 项。

【34 题详 析】

考查动词词义辨析。句意：“只要他是安全的，这才是最重要的，”Curtis 说。A. exists 存在；B. matters 要紧；C. works 使工作；D. occurs 发生。根据前文 “As far as he is safe”结合选项，应是“只要他是安全的，这才是最重要的”符合语境。故选 B 项。

【35 题详 析】

考查名词词义辨析。句意：Curtis 仍然有警察的本能，我们很高兴他恰好在那里把这些本能用到极致。A. examination 检查；B. situation 情况；C. use 使用；D. response 响应。根据前文 “Curtis still has those cop instincts (本能)”可知，Curtis 有警察的本能，所以是把这些本能用到极致。故选 C 项。

第二节(共 10 小题；每小题 1.5 分，满分 15 分)

阅读下面短文，在空白处填入 1 个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

For us, one of the many cultural shocks we experienced was during our time in Bolivia. 36 (tour) and the approach to service in Bolivia are, 37 some extent, underdeveloped, which is not necessarily bad. However, 38 (initial), we got the feeling that the locals didn't like our presence, which made us a little 39 (depress).

The guide told us that the negative attitude had nothing to do with us. Bolivians were just not used to foreigners and didn't really know how 40 (handle) tourists.

41 we loved the most and surprised us to see was how Bolivians keep their traditions alive.

I loved their clothes 42 much that I borrowed a traditional Bolivian dress to try to overcome the “tourist vs local barrier” and showed the locals that we truly loved their culture and 43 (appreciate) it. The scene was absolutely wonderful. With the locals 44 (cheer)

for us, we walked to the sunset point. At that time, we felt like we had a “connecting moment ”and 45 (motivate) by their friend lines s immediately.

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Even though we had this cultural shock, we have to say that we will never forget how special Bolivia was to us.

【答案】36. Tourism 37. to 38. initially 39. depressed 40. to handle
41. What 42. so 43. appreciated 44. cheering 45. were motivated

【语篇解读】本文是一篇记叙文。文章主要讲述了作者在玻利维亚旅行期间感受到的文化差异。

【36题详析】

考查名词。句意：玻利维亚的旅游业和服务业在某种程度上不发达，这并不一定是坏事。分析句子可知，空处应填名词 Tourism“旅游业”在句中和 the approach 并列作主语，位于句首首字母大写。故填 Tourism。

【37题详析】

考查介词。句意：玻利维亚的旅游业和服务业在某种程度上不发达，这并不一定是坏事。to some extent“在某种程度上”为固定短语。故填 to。

【38题详析】

考查副词。句意：然而，最初，我们觉得当地人不喜欢我们的存在，这让我们有点沮丧。分析句子可知，空处应填副词 initially“最初”在句中作状语。故填 initially。

【39题详析】

考查形容词。句意：然而，最初，我们觉得当地人不喜欢我们的存在，这让我们有点沮丧。分析句子可知，空处应填形容词 depressed“感到沮丧的”在句中作宾语补足语。故填 depressed。

【40题详析】

考查不定式。句意：玻利维亚人只是不习惯外国人，不知道如何应对游客。分析句子可知，疑问词 how 后应接不定式作动词 know 的宾语。故填 to handle。

【41题详析】

考查主语从句。句意：令我们最为喜爱并且感到惊喜的是玻利维亚人民如何保持着他们的传统习俗鲜活不衰。分析句子可知，and 连接两个并列的主语从句，we loved the most 从句中缺宾语，surprised us to see 从句中缺主语，故用 what 表示“……的事物”，在两个从句中分别作宾语和主语，位于句首首字母大写。故填 What。

【42题详析】

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考查副词。句意：我如此喜欢他们的服饰以至于借了一件传统的玻利维亚民族服装来尝试打破“游客与当地人之间的隔阂”，向当地人展示我们真正热爱并欣赏他们的文化。so...that...“如此……以至于……”为固定搭配，so 修饰其后面副词 much。故填 so。

【43 题详 析】

考查时态。句意：我如此喜欢他们的服饰以至于借了一件传统的玻利维亚民族服装来尝试打破“游客与当地人之间的隔阂”，向当地人展示我们真正热爱并欣赏他们的文化。分析句子可知，空处与 loved 并列，应用一般过去时。故填 appreciated。

【44 题详 析】

考查非谓语。句意：在当地人为我们欢呼的同时，我们走向日落点。分析句子可知，空处在 with 的复合结构中作宾语补足语，且与宾语 the locals 构成逻辑上的主动关系，故用现在分词的形式。故填 cheering。

【45 题详 析】

考查时态语态及主谓一致。句意：当时，我们感觉自己有了一个“连接时刻”，并立即被他们的朋友圈所激励。根据 At that time 可知，句子应用一般过去时，动词 motivate 与主语 we 构成逻辑上的被动关系，故应用被动语态，we 作主语，be 动词用 were。故填 were motivated。

第四部分 写作(共两节，满分 40 分)

第一节(满分 15 分)

46. 假定你是李华，你在上周末参观了本市的革命烈士纪念馆，请你为校报的英语栏目写一篇短文分享自己的经历，内容如下：

1. 参观的过程；

2. 个人的感想。

注意：1. 写作词数应为 80 左右；

2. 请按如下格式在答题卡的相应位置作答。

参考词汇：革命烈士纪念馆 the Revolutionary Martyrs Memorial Hall

【答 案】 One possible version:

Last weekend, I paid a visit to the Revolutionary Martyrs Memorial Hall, which is located in the

以上内容仅为本文档的试下载部分，为可阅读页数的一半内容。

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