# 河南省信阳市 2023-2024 学年高一下学期 期中教学质量检测英语试题

第一部分: 听力(略)

第二部分: 阅读理解(共两节,满分50分)

第一节 (共15小题;每小题2.5分,满分37.5分)

阅读下列短文,从每题所给的四个选项(A、B、C和D)中,选出最佳选项。

 $\mathbf{A}$ 

Did you know you can visit the Great Wall of China, see famous paintings or check in on your favourite zoo animals without leaving home? That's good news any time. Here are some of explore-the-world-from-home ideas.

## THE GREAT WALL, CHINA

This incredible landmark is a collection of walls. It's often said it's the only human-made structure that can be seen from the Moon but that claim was made many years before anyone had been to the Moon. Today, the Great Wall is generally recognized as one of the most impressive architectural feats in history.

VISIT thechinaguide. com/destination/great-wall-of-china

#### CINCINNATI ZOO. US

This famous zoo is offering virtual home safaris. "We're bringing the zoo to people who are stuck at home," said zoo director Thane Maynard. "The goal with the daily live sessions is to provide fun and educational content to people who are staying at home."

VISIT cincinnatizoo. org/home-safari-resources

## SMITHSONIAN, US

The Smithsonian Museum and National Zoo has a large range of exhibits available to view online, including Animal Cams-live streams of their animal enclosures so you can get up close with lions, pandas, elephants and more.

VISIT si.edu/kids

#### MUSEE D'ORSAY, FRANCE

Take some time to study the paintings of Monet, Cezanne, and Gauguin at the Musee D'Orsay, Paris. VISIT: m. musee-orsay. fr/en

#### MARS

And for a truly out-of-this-world experience from the comfort of your own home, take a virtual tour of Mars. The tour images are recorded by NASA's Curiosity rover.

VISIT accessmars. withgoogle. com

- 21. How can we describe the Great Wall according to the second paragraph?
- A. Traditional.
- B. Creative.
- C. Amazing.
- D. Popular
- 22. What do CINCINNATI ZOO and SMITHSONIAN have in common?
- A. They require visitors to fill in forms.
- B. They offer visual feasts about animals.
- C. They educate people to protect animals. D. They provide fun and educational comment.
- 23. Which one is suitable for those who are interested in exploring space?
- A. THE GREAT WALL.
- B. CINCINNATI ZOO.

C. SMITHSONIAN.

D. MARS.

В

Third grade was the worst year ever. My parents split up that year, and my dad moved out. I know that every divorce is different, and I'm told that not all of them are as painful as ours was. Ours was cruel.

There were other difficult things happening, too. I was epileptic and had a brain tumor. So I had to leave he classroom sometimes, to go to the nurse's office to take pills or to head to the hospital for blood work, an EEG, or a CAT scan. Not fun.

And I turned, as kids often do, to books. Books were doorways out of my cold house, to imagined ands, full of magical creatures and wishes-come-true. I read from sunup to sundown. I read at breakfast, and I read late into the night. I devoured books.

Originally, in that terrible year, I sought out books that distracted me from my pain. I loved Half Magic; The Lion, the Witch and the Wardrobe; Mary Poppins, books where regular kids encountered magic in the world around them. I was eager for something unexpected to happen and radically alter my world, so those books were many of my favorites. But they were not my only favorites.

The other books I loved were the books that made me cry. My brain is still full of so many perfect painful moments. Beth, dying in Little Women. I read Oscar Wilde stories in which all hearts were broken. The Nightingale, dead from love.

I've thought a lot about why these books mattered so much. And I think it was because I was very alone in my sadness. Lonely, I sought company, the best way I could. Books were company. And though Half Magic was one kind of company, a distracting, cheerful friend ——that wasn't enough.

So sometimes you need a friend who is also struggling, a friend who is sad in the very way that you are sad, and so makes you feel normal. For me, sad books were that friend. After a sad book, I slept easier.

- 24. What didn't happen to the author in the third grade?
- A. The author's dad left him/her.
- B. The author had to quit school.
- C. The author had serious diseases.
- D. The author's parents got divorced.
- 25. What kind of books did the author read at first?
- A. Fantasy books

B. Funny books.

C. Sad books

- D. Medical books.
- 26. Why were sad books so important to the author?
- A. Because the author didn't want to read cheerful books.
- B. Because reading these sad books could make him/her cry.
- C. Because he/she liked the perfect painful moments in the books.
- D. Because they made the author feel he/she was not alone in sadness.
- 27. What's the author's purpose of writing this passage?
- A. To share with readers his/her experience of growing up.
- B. To encourage readers to read more books in their spare time.
- C. To call on readers to pay more attention, to those who are suffering.
- D. To tell readers how he/she got through a tough time in his/her life by reading.

C

The Ouray Ice Park sits at the mouth of a narrow box canyon sculpted by the Uncompanding River. As we picked our way up the canyon, Davis, operations manager at the park, pointed out the various projects his staff were rushing to complete before opening day. There was signage to build, a new bridge to check, and of course, lots of ice to grow.

He showed. me the lines of water pipes and sprinklers (洒水器) located along the cliff edge.

There are more than 200 of these sprinklers, which spray water directly onto the rock, creating

walls of ice containing 100-plus climbs. Starting in November when the temperature drops, the ice farmers wet the rock with water to cool it, essentially building a canvas for the waterfalls. They use existing features on the rock to grow a variety of routes for all skill levels. Though the job involves much labour in freezing weather, Davis described growing ice as a kind of art form. If half an ice farmer's job is creation, the other half is <u>upkeep</u>. Exposed water pipes in the mountains are easy to freeze and break and it is up to those farmers to fix them.

This winter has been unusually warm and temperatures, even in December, were not cold enough to make sufficient ice. It even rained a day before the park was set to open, destroying 30% of the ice farmers' efforts. "Winter climate is less certain due to the warming of our planet," said Heidi Steltzer, a professor of environment and sustainability. "Human-made ice may not be possible every year, but in years when it is, the ice park offers joy, a gathering place and opportunities of earning money to sustain rural mountain life."

- 28. What does paragraph 1 mainly talk about?
- A. The significance of building an ice park.
- B. The geographical variety of the Ouray Ice Park.
- C. The location and building schedule of the Ouray Ice Park.
- D. The influence of the Uncompangre River on the Ouray Ice Park.
- 29. Why is water sprinkled onto the rock in the park?
- A. To make ice walls for climbing.
- B. To form an attractive landscape.
- C. To remove dirt from the rock surface.
- D. To avoid the rock breaking in high temperatures.
- 30. Which is closest in meaning to the underlined word "upkeep" in paragraph 2?
- A. Profit.
- B. Repair.
- C. Impact.
- D. Service.

- 31. What does Heidi Steltzer think of the ice park?
- A. It offers a method of recreation and livelihood.
- B. It seems only a waste of manpower and money.
- C. It has some unforeseeable impacts on local ecology.
- D. It is better than other kinds of parks with its unique amusements.

D

The feeling of envy (嫉妒) strikes at many moments these days: When a friend buys a house, or when a neighbor shares good news about their successful side project while you're caught by sky-high debts, when a co-worker gets a new job while your career has no progress.

It's normal to feel envious. After all, envy is a universal emotion, and we don't have to feel ashamed by it, psychologists say. In fact, psychologists suggest trying a powerful method and analyzing our envy to get clues about what we really want out of life. Doing so can help us figure out next steps in our careers and personal lives.

Two distinct flavors of envy exist. Malicious (恶意的) envy arrives with anger, annoyance and a sense of wanting to take an advantage away from another person, says Jan Crusius, psychologist and professor of motivation and emotion at University of Greifswald in Germany. Benign (良性的) envy, on the other hand, is when you wish you were in someone else's position but don't feel like tearing them down. That envy can inspire self-reflection and the motivation to set new goals. Research from Crusius has shown that marathon runners who were to experience benign envy also set higher goals for themselves, and tended to run faster in their races.

Rather than bottle up envy when it occurs, start by asking who inspires a mix of admiration and envy in your life. If they've accomplished a particular milestone, investigate why you're drawn to that achievement. The answer may point you on a more fulfilling path. Changing your thoughts helps you view someone as a model to catch up rather than an opponent to defeat, and helps you focus on what you can control.

- 32. How did the author introduce the topic of the text?
- A. By telling a story. B. By giving examples.
- C. By showing a definition.

  D. By listing a series of findings
- 33. What can benign envy bring us finally?
- A. Anger. B. Happiness C. Improvement D. Self-reflection.
- 34. What should we do to deal with envy according to paragraph 4?
- A. Set a goal for yourself. B. Just let it be.
- C. Defeat your opponent. D. Bottle up your envy
- 35. Where can this text be read?
- A. In a novel. B. In a news report C. In a book review. D. In a research report

第二节(共5小题;每小题2.5分,满分12.5分)

根据短文内容,从短文后的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

Some people can begin a conversation with anyone —even complete strangers.

36 \_\_\_\_\_\_. This can be particularly stressful if you have social anxiety disorder (SAD). But even if social small talk is hard for you, possibilities exist to improve your conversational skills and make you feel more comfortable talking with strangers. 37 \_\_\_\_\_.

A great way to start a conversation with the people around you is to simply comment on your shared surroundings. \_\_\_\_\_38\_\_\_\_. For example, if you are sitting in a lecture hall and notice that your professor looks familiar, you could say to the person next to you, "Doesn't he look a bit like Harry Potter?"

Keep your comments positive—never mean-spirited or critical. You want the other person to feel comfortable getting in on the joke with you. You could follow up on your previous comment about your professor with something like, "I wonder where Hedwig is?"

39 \_\_\_\_\_, which means using this method to start a conversation can be risky. However, if you do find someone who shares your sense of humor, it can be the start of a great friendship.

If you don't receive a positive response from one person, the method might work with someone else. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_. With time, you'll become more confident and won't need to rely on tricks to get a conversation started and keep it going.

- A. A little humor works great here
- B. Here are some ways to help you
- C. A good conversation really matters a lot
- D. But many others find it difficult to talk to a stranger
- E. Humor is difficult with someone you don't know well
- F. The more you practice, the easier it will be to talk to a person you don't know
- G. The more confident you are, the more chance to receive a positive response there will be

## 第三部分:英语知识运用(共两节,满分30分)

第一节 完形填空 (共15小题;每小题1分,满分15分)

阅读下面短文,从短文后各题所给的四个选项 (A、B、C和D) 中,选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项,并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

"Students with a good mastery of foreign languages need to accumulate (积累) knowledge in				
other aspects so that they can better 41 national development, the Belt and Road				
Initiative, and other major initiatives to help build a community with a shared future for				
humanity," said Chen Lin when he was 96 years old. With a "life is to give, not to take"				
42, Chen devoted his whole life to the43 of foreign language education in China.				
Born in 1922, Chen worked in foreign education for more than 70 years. In 1949, he44				
teaching at Beijing Foreign Studies University. At the university, Chen was known for his				
nickname of "Three UP Pro	ofessor", since he alwa	ays45 "stand	ing up" and "speaking	
up" when teaching. Also, w	hen class was over, he	would instantly "shut up"		
Since China's reform a	nd opening-up in the l	ate 1970 s, Chen broke ne	w ground (打破常规)	
by 46 one of	the country's4	7 English-language	e TV programs, which	
introduced a brand-new way of language learning to China. To help students learn English more				
effectively, Chen advised providing48 English-learning material for students at				
different levels. In the 1980 s, in most English classes, teachers did most of the,				
while students mostly only listened. But Chen50 students to speak and practise more.				
In 1999, Chen51	experts to devel	op English curriculum (课	程) standards52	
hat, English teaching53 from primary to university had not been connected. But the				
standards54 the situation, making English education work like "one package".				
In 2023, Chen Lin55 in Beijing at the age of 101. Chen once said that his lifelong				
dream was to be 100 years old and still teaching. It was a dream that came true for the senior				
educator.				
41. A. refer to	B. contribute to	C. occur to	D. react ta	
42. A. method	B. feeling	C. attitude	D. performance	
43. A, difficulty	B. way	C. situation	D. development	
44. A. started	B. loved	C. stopped	D. pracised	
45. A. depended or	B. insisted on	C. concentrated or	D. took on	
46. A. hosting	B. gaining	C. enjoying	D. showing	
47. A. biggest	B. earliest	C. latest	D. greatest	
48. A. flexible	B. affordable	C. acceptable	D. suitable	
49. A. listening	B. reading	C. speaking	D. writing	

B. invited	C. encouraged	D. forced
B. requested	C. recommended	D. led
B. Before	C. During	D. While
B. ages	C. emotions	D. techniques
B. solved	C. changed	D. followed
B. drove away	C. ran away	D. passed away
10 小题;每小题 1.	5分,满分15分)	
空白处填入1个适当	当的单词或括号内单词的	正确形式。
barista (咖啡师) c	reate coffee art (咖啡拉花	花). However, it's a whole
g same thing with	tea. Over the past severa	l years, Han Zheming, a
dent, <u>56</u> (	manage) to perfect the ski	ll, creating tea art in cups,
It is similar5	7 the foam (泡沫)	on top of a cup of coffee,
ea rather than milk."		
tarted to enjoy	58 (popular) durin	g the Tang Dynasty. After
ution, it thrived thro	oughout the Song Dynasty	, 59 tea had
most everyone, just	like other items as rice, o	oil and salt. In the eyes of
tea should be white	and fine. The better the te	ea, the whiter it should be,
ng) the foam should l	ast.	
the patterns6	(create) on the tea	foam and he often goes to
g paintings. "62	2 (usual), it takes a	year of practice for one to
' It is through trial a	nd error that Han gets goi	ng. Now, he can deliver a
n "one take".		
(add) bells	and whistles to tea and	giving people64
n, so drinking tea is	more fun," Han says. It's a	also his intention65
ζ) and culture back f	or more people to apprecia	ite.
	585	960.
	B. requested B. Before B. ages B. solved B. drove away 10 小题;每小题 1. 注白处填入 1 个适当 barista (咖啡师) e g same thing with dent,	B. requested C. recommended B. Before C. During B. ages C. emotions B. solved C. changed B. drove away C. ran away 10 小题;每小题 1. 5 分,满分 15 分) 空白处填入 1 个适当的单词或括号内单词的 barista (咖啡师) create coffee art (咖啡拉花g same thing with tea. Over the past several dent,

第四部分:写作(共两节,满分40分)

### 第一节 书面表达 (满分 15 分)

假定你是李华,学校英语论坛将举办一场主题为"How to Improve English"的讨论会,请你围绕此话题用英语写一篇发言稿。

#### 注意: 1. 写作词数应为80左右;

2. 请按如下格式在答题纸的相应位置作答。

#### Good morning, everyone!

It's my pleasure to share some experience with you about how to improve English.

Yours,

Li Hua

第二节 (满分 25 分)

阅读下面材料,根据其内容和所给段落开头语续写两段,使之构成一篇完整的短文。

I was 10 years old when I asked my mum for piano lessons. She was recently laid off due to the economic downturn. She said a polite "no".

That didn't stop me. I Googled the dimensions of a keyboard, drew the keys on to a piece of paper and stuck it on my desk. I would click notes on an online keyboard and "play" them back on my paper one keeping the sound they made on the computer in my head. After a while I could hear the notes in my head while pressing the keys on the paper. I spent six months playing scales and chord sequences without touching a real piano. When my mum saw what I did, she borrowed some money from family and friends, and bought me 10 lessons.

I still remember the first one. I was struck by how organic the sound of the piano was, as I had become familiar with the artificial electronic sound. The teacher tried to explain where middle C was but I could already play all the major and minor scales, as well as tonic and dominant functions.

I took the first grade piano test after eight lessons and got distinction. By the time I started secondary school, we couldn't afford lessons again, so I returned to my paper keyboard. I passed grade three, then grade five, practicing only on my piece of paper.

When the head of music at my school knowing my experience, he said I could practice on the

school's grand piano. I would wake up at 5: 30 am to get there in time and play until lessons started. I'd forgo lunch and then practice after school until the caretaker kicked me out. At home, I'd have dinner, do one hour of revision, and then mental practice until 11 p. m.

- 注意: 1. 续写词数应为 150 左右;
  - 2. 请按如下格式在答题卡的相应位置作答。

	One evening, when I was about 12, I came home, and my mum said she had a surprise for
me.	
	My dad was very much against me playing, but when he heard that piece, something inside
him	changed.

# 【『答案』『解析』】

第二部分 阅读理解

第一节

21. C 22. B 23. D

【语篇解读】利用网络,我们足不出户就能探索世界。本文介绍了几个在线旅行的好去处。 21. C 推理判断题。根据 THE GREAT WALL 部分的介绍,多年来,人们常说长城是唯一能从月球上看到的人造建筑。今天,长城(This incredible landmark)被公认为历史上最令人印象深刻的建筑壮举之一,由此判断可以用"amazing"形容长城,故 C 项正确。

- 22. B 细节理解题。根据 CINCINNATI ZOO 部分的介绍,这个动物园可以让游客云参观; 根据 SMITHSONIAN 的介绍可知,在这里游客可以通过观看直播近距离接触狮子、熊猫、 大象等,由此可知,这两个地方的共同之处是都提供动物的视觉盛宴,故 B 项正确。
- 23. D 推理判断题。根据最后一段可知,人们可以进行虚拟火星之旅,所以对探索太空感兴趣的会选择 MARS。故 D 项正确。

### 24. B 25. A 26. D 27. D

【语篇解读】这篇文章讲述了作者在三年级时经历了父母离异、疾病等困境,因此转向阅读书籍来排解痛苦。作者喜欢那些能够转移注意力的魔法故事,以及那些能够感同身受的悲伤故事。这些书籍成了作者在孤独和痛苦中的伴侣,帮助作者渡过了难关。

- 24. B 细节理解题。根据第二段内容可知,因为作者生了病,所以有时不得不离开教室去护士办公室吃药,或者去医院验血、做脑电图或 CAT 扫描,但作者仍然继续上学,没有退学。故 B 项不是作者三年级时经历的糟糕的事情。
- 25. A 细节理解题。根据第四段 Originally 及 magic 可知,作者最开始读的是关于普通孩子在他们的世界遇到魔法这一类的奇幻书,故 A 项正确。"悲伤的书籍"也是作者爱读的一类书籍,但并不是作者最开始读的书,故不能选。

26. D

细节理解题。根据最后两段可知,这类书籍中有悲伤的故事,书中人物有悲惨的遭遇,读这类书让作者感同身受,他们为身处悲伤和痛苦的作者提供了所需要的陪伴。故 D 项正确。 27. D 推理判断题。本文作者通过描写自己在父母离异、身患疾病的艰难时期,通过阅读书籍来排解痛苦并最终走出困境的经历,表达了书籍对他/她的重要性。D 项'告诉读者他/她是如何通过阅读来度过人生的艰难时刻的",符合文章作者写作目的,为正确选项。

## 28. C 29. A 30. B 31. A

【语篇解读】本文介绍了乌雷冰雪公园,这是一个在天然峡谷中建设的人造冰场,同时也是一个极佳的攀冰胜地。本文还简单提到了冰农的生活。

- 28. C 主旨大意题。本段第一句提到了乌雷冰雪公园的地理位置,后面几句则是讲述公园开放之前要完成的一些工程。由此可知,该段主要是说乌雷冰雪公园的位置以及施工安排,故 C 项正确。
- 29. A 细节理解题。根据第二段第二句中的"creating walls of ice containing 100-plus climbs"可知,洒水器把水喷洒到岩石上是为了制作用于攀爬的冰墙,故 A 项正确。
- 30. B 词义猜测题。画线词后面一句提到,山里暴露在外的水管很容易结冰和破裂,要靠那些冰农来修理。也就是说,冰农既要制冰,也要负责公园某些设施的维修保养。所以画线词所在句是说冰农的工作的一半是创造,一半是维护,故 B 项正确。
- 31. A 推理判断题。根据最后一段最后一句可知,HeidiSteltzer 认为,冰雪公园提供了一个欢乐与聚会之地,还给冰农提供了机会去赚钱以维持农村山区生活。换句话说,该公园带给游客的是娱乐,带给为之工作的人则是谋生手段,故 A 项正确。

#### 32. B 33. C 34. A 35. D

- 32. B 推理判断题。根据文章第一段内容可知,当一个朋友买了房子而你却负债累累,当一个同事找到了一份新工作而你的事业却没有进展,或者当一个邻居分享他们副业成功的好消息时,你都体验到了嫉妒,这是在通过举例子作对比。故 B 项正确。
- 33. C 细节理解题。根据文章第三段最后两句可知,良性嫉妒可以激发自我反省和制定新目标的动力; 克鲁修斯的研究表明,经历过良性嫉妒的马拉松运动员也会为自己设定更高的目标,而且往往在比赛中跑得更快,即良性嫉妒会让人朝着更好的方向前进,去改善自我。而 D 项是手段,而非结果,应排除。故 C 项正确。
- 34. A 细节理解题。根据文章第四段最后一句可知,改变你的想法可以帮助你将某人视为一个追赶的榜样,而不是一个需要击败的对手,并帮助你专注于你可以控制的事情,即分析自己嫉妒的原因并且为自己设置一个更好的目标,而 D 项虽然在文章中出现,但其前有'Rather

than 而不是".为否定,应排除。故 A 项正确。

35. D 推理判断题。根据文章内容可知,文章主要介绍的是恶性嫉妒与良性嫉妒以及如何利用良性嫉妒来提升自己,这属于心理学的研究报告,故 D 项正确。

第二节 七选五:

36. D 37. B 38. A 39. E 40. F

【语篇解读】本文是一篇说明文。介绍在人际交往过程当中,如何有效地开启对话,给出一些具体的做法。

36. 根据上下文句意:一些人能够和任何人开启一段谈话,即使是完全的陌生人。但很多另外的人发现去和陌生人谈话很难。本空和前一句构成逻辑上的对比关系,同时又引出下文。故选 D。

37. 根据句意: 但是,即使是很小的社交谈话对你来说也很难的话,去提升你的对话技能和让你在同陌生人谈话时感到舒适一些的可能性就是存在的。B项: 接下来是一些能够帮助你的方法。起到"承上启下,总领下文"的功能。故选 B。

38. A 项语意: 一点幽默在这种情形下很有用。和空后所举的例子之间形成明显的例证关系。 故选 A。

39. 本空考查句间关系。空后为非限定性定语从句,对前面部分进行补充说明,根据句意应 选 E。

40. 根据句意:如果你没有从某个人那里收到积极的回应,那么这个方法也行对另一个人会有效。文章要表达的意识是,不要因为一次的失利就气馁,而是要不断的练习,练习越多,和陌生人开启一段谈话就会变得越容易。故选 F。

第三部分:英语知识运用

第一节 完形填空:

41- 45: BCDAB 46~50: ABDCC 51~55: DBACD

【语篇解读】本文为一篇人物传记,简要介绍了我国著名外语教育专家陈琳教授,为中国英语教育的发展所做出的一些贡献。

41.本题考查动词短语含义辨析。句意:他们能够更好地为国家发展做出贡献。contribute to 为某某做出贡献。故选 B。

42.本题考查名词词义辨析。句意:带着"人生是给予而非索取"的态度,陈琳教授将他的一生都奉献给了外语教育的发展。故选 C。

43.本题考查名词词义辨析。句意参考上解。Development 发展。故选 D。

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