Unit 5 Amazing things Grammar

Pope,

Studying aims

1. To grasp the usage of the Simple Past Tense.

掌握一般过去时态的用法.

2. To grasp past forms of verbs.

掌握动词的过去式.

3. To be able to use the simple past tense freely.

能熟练运用一般过去时







What do we usually do at the Qingming Festival?



spring outing

go tomb-sweeping

A long time ago , people also <u>did</u> something for the Qingming Festival, they...









played cuju



flew kites



What did we do at this year's Qingming Festival?



We visited the Monument to the People's heroes.



We went there on foot.

do did

play played

go went

原形 fly flew

Sec.

visit visited 用于一般过 去时

过去式

take took

have had

一般过去时的用法

Pop. Co

1. We use the simple past tense to talk about things in the past.

提示:表示过去的时间状语:
just now, yesterday,
yesterday morning/afternoon/evening,
last night/week/month/year, in 2008,
a month ago, ten years ago ...



A month ago, Millie and Amy went to Sunshine Park.

一个月前,米莉和艾米去了阳光公园。



Last Sunday, they went to the park again. 上个星期天, 她们又去了那儿。

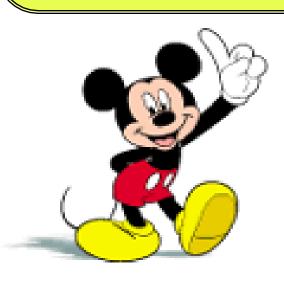
2. We form the simple past tense by adding '-ed' to regular verbs.

1	绝大多数动词	+ed	walk—walked
2	以e结尾的动词	+d	live—lived
3	以辅音字母+y结尾 的动词	变y为ied	cry—cried
4	以一个元音字母+ 一个辅音字母结尾 的短动词	双写末尾 的辅音字 母+ed	stop—stopped

提示: 以元音字母+y结尾的动词

按第一条规则,即:+ed,

如: stay — stayed play--played



CHOOL ST.

写出下列动词的过去式。

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want— wanted talk — talked

like — liked worry — worried

try — tried stop — stopped

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