

Unit 3 Could you please tell me where the restrooms are?

Period 4 Section B (1a-1e)





一、用方框中所给单词的正确形式填空

expensive, corner, fascinating, crowded, mall

1. [2024 淮北二中联考] The English corner is a good place to practice our oral English.

【解析】 English corner 表示“英语角”，corner“角落”。
故填corner。



expensive, corner, fascinating, crowded, mall

2. There're two large malls on Center Street. We can go shopping there.

【解析】根据two, 可知应使用复数形式。



expensive, corner, fascinating, crowded, mall

3. The supermarket is uncrowded today, only a few people in it.

【解析】根据 only a few people in it 可知，超市里不拥挤，故用crowded 的反义词uncrowded。



expensive, corner, fascinating, crowded, mall

4. The things on sale in this store are good but **inexpensive**.

【解析】句意：这家商店甩卖的东西很好，但是不贵。
故用expensive 的反义词inexpensive。



expensive, corner, fascinating, crowded, mall

5. —What do you think of the museum?

—It's the most fascinating place I have ever been to.

【解析】空格前有定冠词the，故用fascinating的最高级形式。



二、单项填空

(**A**) 6. —What is your uncle?

— He is a _____ and he works in an office building.

A. clerk

B. teacher

C. guest

D. doctor

【解析】 根据 “he works in an office building”可知在办公楼里工作，是一个职员。故选A。



(**D**) 7. With more and more shared bikes in the neighborhoods, life in cities is getting more and more _____.

A. fast

B. expensive

C. slow

D. convenient

【解析】句意：随着社区里的共享单车越来越多，城市的生活正在变得越来越方便。fast 快的；expensive 昂贵的；slow 慢的；convenient 方便的。故选D。



(**D**) 8. Lucy used to be _____, but now she is outgoing and makes many new friends.

A. active

B. honest

C. lively

D. quiet

【解析】 根据题干中 “but now she is outgoing ...” 可知，Lucy 以前是一个安静的女孩。



(**D**) 9. — Could you please tell me _____ buy a magazine?

—There is a bookstore on the third floor.

A. how can I

B. where can I

C. how I can

D. where I can

【解析】考查宾语从句。句意：——你能告诉我在哪里能买到杂志吗？——在第三层有一家书店。宾语从句用陈述句语序，A 和B 选项的语序错误。根据 “There is a bookstore on the third floor.”可知从句表达“在哪里能买到杂志”，用疑问词 “where”引导从句。故选D。

Unit 3 Could you please tell me where the restrooms are?

Period 5 Section B (2a-2d)





一、单词拼写

1. You'd better not leave your a**ddress** (地址) online unless it's an official website.
2. He seemed disappointed when the man refused his **request** (要求).
3. You can park your car in the **u**nderground**** (地下的) parking lot.



4. It is p~~o~~lite (礼貌的) to say “thank you” very often, even to family members.

5. To sing an English song c~~o~~rrectly (正确地), I listen to the CD again and again, and check every word in the dictionary.



二、用括号内所给单词的正确形式填空

6. [2023 安庆外国语学校月考] It is impolite (polite) to push in before others while you are waiting for a bus.

【解析】句意：等公共汽车时在别人前面插队是不礼貌的。故用polite 的反义词impolite。



7. Mark Twain was not only a famous writer but also a great speaker (speak).

【解析】句意：马克·吐温不仅是一位著名的作家，还是一位伟大的演说家。故填speaker。



8. These are the kind of friends with whom (who)
you can share your life and dreams.

【解析】介词后要用宾格形式whom。



9. When you have questions in class, you can ask your teacher for help politely (polite).

【解析】用副词修饰动词短语ask your teacher for help。



10. Mr. Lee drove home directly (direct) after he finished work.

【解析】用副词修饰动词drove。



三、单项填空

(**A**) 11. Last night we got lost. We couldn't find our hotel because we walked in the wrong _____ .

A. direction

B. situation

C. tradition

D. competition

【解析】句意：昨晚我们迷路了。因为走错了方向我们找不到酒店了。walk in the wrong direction 意为“走错方向”。



(**D**) 12. There is no _____ flight (航班) to Hefei, so we have to change planes in Beijing.

A. wide B. early C. fast D. direct

【解析】句意：没有直飞合肥的航班，所以我们必须在北京转机。direct 直接的，符合语境。



(**D**) 13. [2023 荆州] —Could you tell us _____ we can start a conversation with a foreigner?

—Talking about weather is a common way.

A. when B. why C. where D. how

【解析】考查宾语从句。根据答句“Talking about weather is a common way.”可知，问句是问“怎么和外国人开始一段对话”，故用how 引导宾语从句。



(**A**) 14. — Jack, you've grown up. You shouldn't always
_____ money from your parents.

—Sorry, I won't do that again.

A. request

B. refuse

C. record

D. repeat

【解析】 根据句意可知，此处指的是向父母要钱。故选A。



(**C**) 15. — Would you mind telling me where you bought the watch?

— _____? I didn't catch you just now.

A. How come

B. Why not

C. Pardon me

D. Guess what

【解析】 根据 “I didn't catch you just now.”可知，说话人没听清楚对方的话，想让对方重复一遍。故选C。



四、完形填空

When you are going traveling in an English-speaking country, one of the most important things you need to know is __ 16 __ to ask for directions. Here are some useful phrases.



(**C**) 16. A. who B. where C. how D. why

【解析】 由下文每段开头的黑体部分可知此处要表达的是问路的方式，即“如何”问路。



Remember to be 17 when asking for directions, and don't forget to say "Thank you!"

(**A**) 17. A. polite

B. quiet

C. honest

D. fair

【解析】 由后面 “and don’t forget to say ‘Thank you!’” 可知此处指“记住问路时要有礼貌”。



“How can I get to...” —This is the simplest 18 to ask someone for directions.

(**D**) 18. A. reason

B. skill

C. talk

D. way

【解析】 “How can I get to ...” 这是问路的最简单的“方法”。

”。



When you use this phrase, the other person will either tell you which bus or subway to take or will 19 your route (路线).

(**D**) 19. A. study

B. change

C. follow

D. explain

【解析】 当你用 “How can I get to ...” 这种方式问路时，路人要么告诉你具体的交通方式，要么给你“解释”路线怎么走。



“Where exactly am I?” — Sometimes in order to understand the directions well, you have to 20 where exactly you are, for example, which street you are on.

(**B**) 20. A. work out

B. find out

C. bring out

D. take out

【解析】有时为了搞清方向，你得“弄清楚”你的确切位置。

以上内容仅为本文档的试下载部分，为可阅读页数的一半内容。如要下载或阅读全文，请访问：<https://d.book118.com/895012342322011210>