

上海实验学校西校 2022-2023 学年七年级下学期期末英语试卷（解析版）

五、 Choose the word with a different sound in the group（选出划线部分发音不同的单词）

1. Which of the following underlined parts is different in pronunciation from others?

- A. sweat B. reason C. steam D. seal

2. Which of the following underlined parts is different in pronunciation from others?

- A. together B. comfortable
C. connect D. bottom

3. Which of the following underlined parts is different in pronunciation from others?

- A. season B. resort
C. loose D. observatory

六、 Write the word according to the English sounds（根据音标写出单词）

4. Students need to learn how to _____ /'ɔ:gənaɪz/ their work.

5. The fairy tale has been popular for _____ / sentʃəriz/.

6. The last six months have been _____ /'ɔ:fʊl/ for her.

七、 Choose the best answer（选择最恰当的答案）

7. We're planning _____ one-day trip to Gongqing Forest Park.

- A. / B. a C. an D. the

8. Mrs. Robinson is a teacher of _____. We all like her so much.

- A. us B. our C. we D. ours

9. Hong Kong is known _____ "Pearl of the Orient". It is famous for its shopping streets and delicious food.

- A. as B. for C. at D. in

10. Kevin is hard-working. It's not _____ to see him in the library after school every day.

- A. surprised B. surprising
C. surprisingly D. surprise

11. Mr. Sun and Mr. Wind decided to have a competition to find out who was _____.

- A. strong B. stronger
C. strongest D. the strongest

12. You must return the books to the library because you _____ them for more than two weeks.

- A. keep B. will keep C. have kept D. are keeping

13. I hope that there _____ cities under the sea in the future.

- A. is B. are C. will be D. have been

14. — _____ will you be able to finish the project? We have a tight deadline (截止时间).

—In three days.

A. How long B. How often C. How old D. How soon

15. There is quite _____ rubbish on the ground. Who's in charge of cleaning today?

A. few B. a few C. little D. a little

16. Spring makes me _____ of exciting school outings.

A. to think B. think C. thinking D. thought

17. Aunt Betty has already lived in Los Angeles for six years, _____?

A. does she B. doesn't she

C. has she D. hasn't she

18. The ant is still collecting food, _____ she has already had enough to eat for the coming winter.

A. because B. but C. although D. before

19. Students _____ do science experiments carefully when they are in the laboratory.

A. must B. need C. can D. may

20. Follow the traffic rules and try to protect yourself. _____ is more important than life.

A. Nothing B. Something C. Anything D. Everything

21. —I don't like films about adventures.

— _____

A. That's a good idea!

B. Yes, I agree with you.

C. Neither do I.

D. Shall we go now?

Complete the following passage with the words in the box. Each word can only be used once. (将下列单词填入空格。每空格限填一个单词, 每词只能填一次)

A. colours B. winners C. enjoy D. see E. disappear
--

Seeing thousands of kites in the sky is kind of magical. Imagine more than 800 kites in the sky of France during the three days of the Easter weekend—kites in different _____22_____, sizes and shapes flying in the sky. This is the kite festival but not only. You will also _____23_____ kite-making workshops, food sections and the international tourists from Europe.

The whole family will have something to _____24_____. For children, there will be a kite-making workshop to teach them to make a kite. For the adults, they can either choose a relaxing walk on the sandy beach or have some delicious food. But whatever, the whole family will appreciate (欣赏) the kites, cheer for the _____25_____ of competitions, and make unforgettable memories of the day.

九、 Complete the sentences with the given words in their suitable forms (用括号中所给单词的适当形式完成下列句子。每空格限填一词)

26. Zak has been to Shenzhen _____, and he will go there again next month. (two)
27. Steve Jobs's speech always gives me the _____ to face the difficulties. (strong)
28. It's _____ for us to live in the space because there is no air in it. (possible)
29. Be more _____ in class, and you will make greater progress in your studies. (act)
30. _____ the electricity went off, leaving us in complete darkness. (unlucky)

十、 Rewrite the following sentences as required (根据所给要求,改写下列句子。每空格限填一词)

31. Ben's sister took part in the competition last week. (改为否定句)

Ben's sister _____ part in the competition last week.

32. Lucy will study cooking in China next year. (对划线部分提问)

_____ Lucy study cooking next year?

33. Let's be friends forever. (保持原句意思基本不变)

_____ be friends forever?

34. by train, around China, to travel, it is, convenient (连词成句)

十一、 Read the passage and choose the best answer. (根据短文内容,选择最恰当的答案)

Cooking is fun—a chocolate mousse (慕斯)

What you'll need:

3 eggs

25g butter

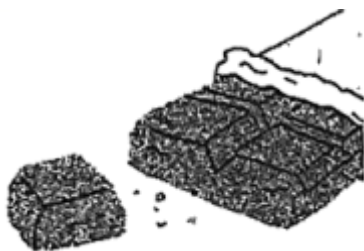
1 glass of water

100g chocolate

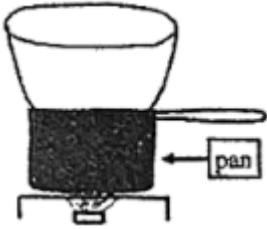
2 spoons of sugar

For decoration:

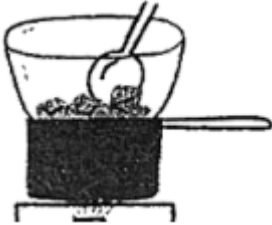
2 strawberries and mint leaves



Break the chocolate into small pieces. Try not to eat them all!



Take a pan, fill it with water and place a bowl on the top.



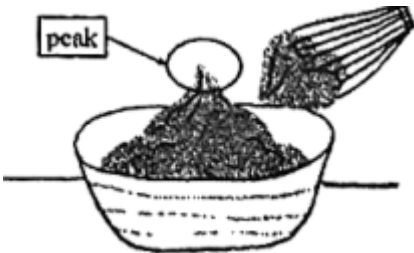
Put the chocolate, the butter and the water into the bowl. Slowly stir (搅拌) with a spoon. When the chocolate is melted, put it to one side and let it cool.



Take two bowls. Put the eggs yolks (蛋黄) in one, whites in another.



When the chocolate has cooled down a bit, add in one egg yolk at a time. Gently mix.



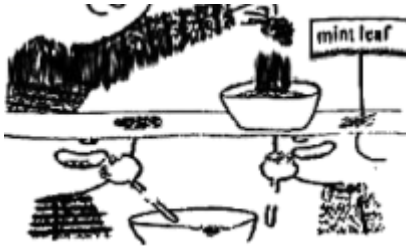
Using a mixer, stir the whites until they form peaks. Gently add some sugar into this delicious, snow-like mixture.



Add the mixed egg whites to the chocolate mixture. Mix very gently. Gently fold but do not beat.



When all the white mixture is folded in, put it into cups. Cool down in a fridge for two hours.



When the mousse is ready, take the cups out of the fridge, decorate with strawberries or a mint leaf and GOBBLE UP!

35. Where can we find “Cooking is fun—a chocolate mousse”?

- A. In a magazine.
- B. In a tourist brochure.
- C. In a story book.
- D. In a science book.

36. We need a lot of things to make a chocolate mousse, except _____.

- A. 25g butter
- B. 100g chocolate
- C. 2 spoons of sugar
- D. 1 glass of milk

37. The correct order of melting the chocolate is _____.

- ① Stir the chocolate slowly.
- ② Break the chocolate into pieces.
- ③ Fill a pan with water and place a bowl on the top of it.
- ④ Put the chocolate, the butter and the water into the bowl.

- A. ④→③→②→①
- B. ②→③→④→①
- C. ③→①→④→②
- D. ①→②→④→③

38. Which of the following is NOT true?

- A. Put the egg yolk and whites together into one bowl.
- B. Add in one egg yolk into the chocolate at a time.
- C. Stir the whites until they form peaks.
- D. Add some sugar into the delicious, snow-like mixture.

39. The mousse is ready after _____.

- A. it is put into the cups
- B. all the white mixture is folded in

- C. it is cooled down in a fridge for two hours
 - D. the mixed egg whites are added to the chocolate mixture
40. The underlined phrase “GOBBLE UP” means _____.
- A. get ready to make next mousse
 - B. mix the mousse with a mint leaf
 - C. eat up all the mousse
 - D. put the mousse back to the fridge

Read the passage and complete the blanks with proper words. (根据短文内容，选择恰当的单词或词组)

(Tommy Turtle is swimming slowly in the sea. A young fish Tina Tuna, is swimming straight at him. She looks scared and is crying loudly.)

Tina Tuna: My family, classmates and neighbours are gone. What can I do?

Tommy Turtle: What happened?

Tina Tuna: This morning, a fishing boat took them away. The boat was very 41. I can't even see the sun under it.

Tommy Turtle: Oh, no! How did you get away?

Tina Tuna: I swam the fastest, so the net didn't 42 me.

Tommy Turtle: That was lucky. From now on, we must watch out for boats more carefully. And I think you can send a 43 to humans for help.

Tina Tuna: I can have a try and tell humans about the troubles we have in the sea.

Dear humans,

I am Tina Tuna, a poor little fish in the ocean. I have something very important to say. My family and friends are in trouble. We need your help right away. Please listen to us.

We are dying. Your noisy boats take our family and our friends away. Many are just 44.

They won't even have a chance to grow up. Also, the water gets dirtier and warmer every day.

Stinky (难闻的) oil and wastewater can be found 45. It is hard for us to breathe. What's more, there is so much trash in our homes! The colourful trash tricks our friends. They happily eat it, but soon they get 46 and some even die.

Our home is in trouble. We can't wait any longer. We only ask for a chance to live more safely.

Please leave some clean places for us and stop killing us.

Sincerely,

Tina Tuna

- | | | | |
|---------------|----------------|----------|-----------|
| 41. A. modern | B. comfortable | C. big | D. bright |
| 42. A. freeze | B. catch | C. reply | D. train |

- | | | | |
|------------------|-------------|------------|---------------|
| 43. A. letter | B. poster | C. book | D. photo |
| 44. A. fairies | B. kids | C. models | D. princes |
| 45. A. sometimes | B. suddenly | C. finally | D. everywhere |
| 46. A. sick | B. greedy | C. angry | D. lazy |

Complete the passage with proper words, and the first letter is given. (根据首字母填空)

Should school ties be scrapped (废弃)?

What you need to know?

In recent years, many schools have chosen to clip-on ties (夹式领带) to reduce the chance of hurt that come with traditional ties.

Julie Richardson, the headteacher at Verulam School, has c_____47_____ the uniform rules at the all-boys' school, saying that students no longer have to wear ties. Richardson explained it, "If businessmen and businesswomen in the city are no longer wearing suits and ties, why should teenagers?" Ties have been part of school uniforms for more than 100 years, but some people think they are u_____48_____ and unsafe (not very safe). Others argue that they look smart. What do you think? Should young people be made to wear ties at school?

Yes—ties are d_____49_____ and old-fashioned

In order to keep safe, children are warned not to put things around their necks. When children are having school a_____50_____, such as science experiments, ties could cause some troubles. Ties are difficult to tie properly. Young people should be comfortable and school uniforms should help students learn. A student can still look smart w_____51_____ a tie around his or her neck.

No—ties should be part of school uniform

Ties look smart and students wear them, giving a feeling of equality and fairness (平等公平). School ties make it easy to find which school you are in; many students are proud and happy to be a part of their school. Learning to tie a tie is also a great skill that may be useful later in life. T_____52_____, I think ties should be part of school uniforms.

十四、Answer the questions. (根据以下内容回答问题)

On a winter day, a girl found a thin little cat on the side of the road. The cat was looking for food in a trash can. "Oh, poor little cat. Come and live with me," the girl carried him home. "Her house is quiet and pretty, but I like to be outside because I am free there," thought the cat. "Little baby, have some sandwiches," said the girl. But the cat missed his old food. After lunch, the girl gave the cat a bath. But the cat hated to be wet. The girl dressed the cat in some old clothes so he would be warmer. "I don't like wearing clothes. Her socks are bigger than my paws (爪子)," thought the cat.

When the girl was looking for more old clothes, the cat jumped out of the window. "I'm free! It is much better to be outside!" The girl came back and saw the open window. "Perhaps he will come back later." She looked out of the window and waited for him every day.

After two weeks, it began to snow. It was very cold. The cat was hungry and tired. When he found some food, big fat

cats came and took it away. The cat was free, but he was not happy. He missed his time together with the girl. The cat went back to the girl's house. He was surprised because the window was open! Beside the window, he found a nice, dry towel. "It must be from the kind girl," thought the cat. "You're back!" cried the girl, "But you're so stinky! Now you really need a bath!" The cat hated the bath, but he really liked _____ and _____.

53. The girl took the cat home, didn't she?

54. What did the girl give the cat to have for lunch?

55. How did the girl make the cat warmer?

56. Which place did the cat get out of the girl's home from?

57. Why didn't the cat have any food to eat?

58. What can be filled in the blanks in the last paragraph?

_____ and _____.

十五、 Writing (写话) (共 14 分)

59. 未来我们可能会居住到地球以外的地方，孩子们可能不用再去学校上学，抑或我们的工作和家务都会让机器人所包办……你心目中未来的生活是怎样的？请以“Life in the future”为主题，围绕一个方面展开合理想象，写一篇不少于 60 个单词的短文。

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五、 Choose the word with a different sound in the group（选出划线部分发音不同的单词）

1. Which of the following underlined parts is different in pronunciation from others?

- A. sweat B. reason C. steam D. seal

【答案】A

【详解】句意：以下哪个划线部分的发音与其他的不同？

考查语音知识。sweat[swet]；reason ['ri:zn]；steam [sti:m]；seal [si:l]。根据单词的音标可知，字母组合 ea 在 B、C、D 中的发音是[i:]，而在 A 选项中的发音是[e]，A 项中划线部分读音与其余三个不同。 故选 A。

2. Which of the following underlined parts is different in pronunciation from others?

- A. together B. comfortable
C. connect D. bottom

【答案】B

【详解】句意：下列哪一个划线部分的发音与其他部分不同？

考查单词读音。together/tə'geðə(r)/；comfortable/'kʌmfətəb(ə)l/；connect/kə'nekt/；bottom/'bɒtəm/。根据单词的读音可知，B 选项中划线部分发/ʌ/，其它选项划线部分均发/ə/。 故选 B。

3. Which of the following underlined parts is different in pronunciation from others?

- A. season B. resort
C. loose D. observatory

【答案】C

【详解】句意：下列哪一个划线部分的发音与其他部分不同？

考查辅音字母的发音。season/'si:zn/季节，其中划线部分发/z/；resort/rɪ'zɔ:t/旅游胜地，其中划线部分发/z/；loose/lu:s/松的，其中划线部分发/s/；observatory/əb'zɜ:vətɹi/天文台，其中划线部分为/z/。根据单词的读音，可知 C 选项中划线部分的发音与其他选项不同。 故选 C。

六、 Write the word according to the English sounds（根据音标写出单词）

4 Students need to learn how to _____ /'ɔ:gənaɪz/ their work.

【答案】organize

【详解】句意：学生们需要学习如何组织他们的工作。根据音标提示可知，英文表达是 organize，意为“组织”，动词；how to do sth.“如何做某事”，organize 应用动词原形。故填 organize。

5. The fairy tale has been popular for _____ / sentʃəriz/.

【答案】centuries

【详解】句意：这个童话故事已经流行了几个世纪。根据提示音标可知，其英文表达为 centuries“世纪”，可数名词复数形式表泛指。故填 centuries。

6. The last six months have been _____ /'ɔːfʊl/ for her.

【答案】awful

【详解】句意：过去的六个月对她来说太糟糕了。根据音标提示可知，其对应的英文表达是 awful“糟糕的”。故填 awful。

七、Choose the best answer (选择最恰当的答案)

7. We're planning _____ one-day trip to Gongqing Forest Park.

A. / B. a C. an D. the

【答案】B

【详解】句意：我们计划去共青森林公园进行为期一天的旅行。

考查冠词用法。本题空格后面有可数名词单数 trip，空格处应填入不定冠词表泛指；one 是以辅音音素开头的单词，因此应使用 a。故选 B。

8. Mrs. Robinson is a teacher of _____. We all like her so much.

A. us B. our C. we D. ours

【答案】D

【详解】句意：罗宾逊夫人是我们的一位老师。我们都很喜欢她。

考查双重所有格。us 我们，宾格；our 我们的，形容词性物主代词；we 我们，主格；ours 名词性物主代词。根据“Mrs. Robinson is a teacher of...”可知，罗宾逊夫人是我们的老师。结合空格后没有名词判断，此处是双重所有格：of+名词性物主代词，故选 D。

9. Hong Kong is known _____ “Pearl of the Orient”. It is famous for its shopping streets and delicious food.

A. as B. for C. at D. in

【答案】A

【详解】句意：香港被称为“东方之珠”。它以其购物街和美味的食物而闻名。

考查介词辨析。as 作为；for 为了；at 在；in 在……里面。结合“is known...”及语境可知，此处指香港“被誉为……”，应用介词 as 搭配，be known as“被称为”符合语境。故选 A。

10. Kevin is hard-working. It's not _____ to see him in the library after school every day.

A. surprised B. surprising
C. surprisingly D. surprise

【答案】B

【详解】句意：凯文很勤奋。每天放学后在图书馆看到他并不奇怪。

考查 it 的固定句型和单词辨析。surprised 惊讶的（形容词，修饰人）；surprising 令人惊讶的（形容词，修饰事物）；surprisingly 惊人地（副词）；surprise 使惊讶（动词）。分析“It's not...to see him”可知，此处使用了“It's+形容词+to do sth.”句型，且空格处修饰的是主语“to see him in the library”，即事物，所以应用形容词 surprising。故选 B。

以上内容仅为本文档的试下载部分，为可阅读页数的一半内容。如要下载或阅读全文，请访问：<https://d.book118.com/948137047042006120>