

2024年滨海新区初中九年级学业质量调查试卷（一）英语

本试卷分第 I 卷(选择题)和第 II 卷(非选择题)两部分,第 I 卷为第 1 页至第 10 页,第 II 卷为第 10 页至第 12 页。试卷满分 120 分,考试时间 100 分钟。






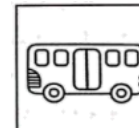






答题时,请将所有答案都写在答题纸上,答案写在试卷上无效。考试结束后,将本试卷和答题纸一并交回。

祝你考试顺利!

第 I 卷 (选择题 共五大题 共 80 分)

一、听力理解 (本大题共 20 小题,每小题 1 分,共 20 分)

A、在下列每小题内,你将听到一个或两个句子并看到供选择的 A、B、C 三幅图画。找出与你所听句子内容相匹配的图画。

1. A.  B.  C. 
2. A.  B.  C. 
3. A.  B.  C. 
4. A.  B.  C. 

B、下面你将听到十组对话,每组对话都有一个问题。从每组所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中找到能回答所提问题的最佳选项。

5. Where is Tom's football?
A. Under the bed. B. On the chair. C. Under the table.
6. How many girls are there in Betty's class?
A. Nine. B. Nineteen. C. Ninety.
7. Who will teach Class One English?
A. Mr. Wang. B. Mr. Zhang. C. Miss Liu.
8. What does the boy want to borrow?

A. A ruler. B. A dictionary. C. A notebook.

9. Where can the man buy a shirt?

A. On the first floor. B. On the second floor. C. On the third floor.

10. What does the woman tell the man to do?

A. Turn left on Bridge Street. B. Go north along Bridge Street. C. Go east along Bridge Street.

11. How will Linda go to the bookstore?

A. By bus. B. By taxi. C. By subway.

12. Why does the woman like Uncle Wang's Restaurant?

A. Because its service is good. B. Because its food is delicious. C. Because it's near her home.

13. What does Tina know about Mr. Green?

A. His home address. B. His phone number. C. His e-mail address.

14. What time is it now?

A. It's 10:00 B. It's 10:10. C. It's 10:20.

C、听下面长对话或独白，每段长对话或独白后都有几个问题，从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。

听材料，回答以下各小题。

15. What is Li Ming busy doing these days?

A. Preparing for an English play. B. Studying for an English exam. C. Practising for an English speech.

16. How did Li Ming improve his spoken English?

A. By reading English aloud. B. By listening to English songs. C. By repeating after English news.

17. Why did Li Ming spend so much time on spoken English?

A. To travel around the world.

B. To tell Chinese stories better in English.

C. To be an English teacher in the future.

听材料，回答以下各小题。

18. How do people usually celebrate the festival?

A. By having their hair cut. B. By eating a cake. C. By doing farm work.

19. How long was the cake?

A. About 12 meters. B. About 15 meters. C. About 22 meters.

20. Who cut the cake into pieces?

A. Some workers. B. Some students. C. Some teachers.

【答案】D

【解析】

【详解】句意：托尼从自行车上摔下来，他的腿受了重伤。

考查副词辨析。hardly 几乎不；clearly 清楚地；calmly 镇静地；badly 严重地。根据语境可知，托尼从自行车上摔下来，可推测此处是他的腿受了重伤，badly“严重地”符合语境。故选 D。

5. There are so many foreign visitors coming to visit the _____ in Tianjin, such as Dagu Fort and Binhai New Area Library.

A. stores B. stadiums C. sights D. situations

【答案】C

【解析】

【详解】句意：有很多外国游客来参观天津的景点，如大沽炮台和滨海新区图书馆。

考查名词辨析。stores 商店；stadiums 体育场；sights 名胜，景象；situations 情况。根据“visit”和“Dagu Fort and Binhai New Area Library”可知，大沽炮台和滨海新区图书馆是天津的景点，可推测此处是参观天津的景点，sights 符合语境。故选 C。

6. You'd better _____ in English if you want to improve your writing skill.

A. take a vacation B. make a mistake C. lay the table D. keep a diary

【答案】D

【解析】

【详解】句意：如果你想提高你的写作能力，你最好用英语写日记。

考查动词短语。take a vacation 休假；make a mistake 犯错误；lay the table 摆桌子；keep a diary 写日记。根据语境可知，要提高英语的写作能力，可推测此处应与写作有关，即你最好用英语写日记，keep a diary 表示“写日记”符合语境。故填 D。

7. There will be a basketball match _____ Class Three and Class Four this afternoon.

A. between B. among C. except D. through

【答案】A

【解析】

【详解】句意：今天下午三班和四班将有一场篮球赛。

考查介词辨析。between 在两者之间；among 在三者及以上之间；except 除了；through 通过。根据“Class Three and Class Four”可知，是两个班之间的比赛，用 between。故选 A。

8. —Do you like swimming in winter?

—Of course. The water _____ cold at first. But then I am warm and full of energy.

A. smells B. feels C. sounds D. tastes

【答案】B

【解析】

【详解】句意：——你喜欢在冬天游泳吗？——当然。水刚开始感觉很冷。但接着我就暖和并且充满活力。

考查感官动词辨析。smells 闻；feels 感觉；sounds（使）发出声音；tastes 尝。根据“Do you like swimming in winter?”和“The water...cold at first.”可知，冬天游泳，刚开始水会感觉很冷，feels“感觉”符合语境。故选 B。

9. You _____ visit a strange city on your own because you _____ get lost.

A. must; may not B. mustn't; may C. needn't; need D. can't; can't

【答案】B

【解析】

【详解】句意：你不要独自去一个陌生的城市，因为你可能会迷路。

考查情态动词。must 必须；may not 可能不；mustn't 不得；may 可能；needn't 不必；need 需要；can't 不能。根据“You ... visit a strange city on your own”可知是不得独自去陌生的城市；再由“because you ... get lost”可知是可能会迷路。故选 B。

10. Betty can look after herself _____ it won't be easy for her.

A. because B. so that C. although D. until

【答案】C

【解析】

【详解】句意：贝蒂能照顾好自己，虽然这对她来说不容易。

考查从属连词辨析。because 因为；so that 以便；although 虽然；until 直到。根据“Betty can look after herself...it won't be easy for her.”可知，前后构成让步关系，用 although 引导让步状语从句。故选 C。

11. Tom _____ a lot of friends since he came to China last year.

A. made B. makes C. is making D. has made

【答案】D

【解析】

【详解】句意：汤姆自从去年来中国以来交了很多朋友。

考查时态。made 做，动词过去式；makes 做，动词三单；is making 正在做，现在进行时结构；has made 已经做，现在完成时结构；根据句意理解及句中的 since 可知，句子应该用现在完成时，结构是 have/ has+过去分词，Tom 是第三人称，所以动词用 has，故选 D。

12. Paper _____ first _____ about 2,000 years ago in China.

- A. is; creating B. was; created C. has; created D. is; created

【答案】B

【解析】

【详解】句意：大约 2000 年前纸最早在中国被创造。

考查时态和被动语态。根据“about 2,000 years ago”可知，2000 年前，时态为一般过去时，又因“Paper”与“create”之间为被动关系，句子为一般过去时被动语态，谓语用“was/were+过去分词”的结构，主语 Paper，不可数名词，be 动词用 was，created 为动词过去分词。故选 B。

13. If you promise _____ your mother do some housework, you must do it.

- A. help B. to help C. helping D. helped

【答案】B

【解析】

【详解】句意：如果你答应帮妈妈做些家务，你就必须做到。

考查非谓语动词。promise to do sth“答应做某事”，故选 B。

14. —Do you know _____ a new computer yesterday?

—Sorry, I have no idea.

- A. if Tom bought B. if Tom will buy C. what will Tom buy D. what Tom bought

【答案】A

【解析】

【详解】句意：——你知道汤姆昨天是否买了一台新电脑吗？——对不起，我不知道。

考查宾语从句连接词，语序和时态。if Tom bought 为 if 引导的宾语从句，if“是否”，时态为一般过去时；if Tom will buy 为 if 引导的宾语从句，if“是否”，时态为一般将来时；what will Tom buy 为特殊疑问句，时态为一般将来时；what Tom bought 为 what 引导的宾语从句，时态为一般过去时，what 在从句中作宾语。根据“yesterday”和“a new computer”可知，know 后需接宾语从句，从句用陈述语序，排除 C，事情是昨天发生的，时态为一般过去时，动词用过去式，排除 B，此处应为汤姆昨天是否买了一台新电脑，if“是否”引导的宾语从句符合语境。故选 A。

15. —Hi, Diana, how was your winter holiday?

—_____! I enjoyed myself in skating very much.

- A. Good idea B. Wait a minute C. That's too bad D. Pretty good

【答案】D

【解析】

【详解】句意：——嗨，戴安娜，你的寒假过得怎么样？——相当好！我玩滑冰非常开心。

考查情景交际。Good idea 好主意；Wait a minute 等一分钟；That's too bad 那太糟糕了；Pretty good 非常好。根据“I enjoyed myself in skating very much.”可知，玩得很开心，故选 D。

三、完形填空（本大题共 10 小题，每小题 1 分，共 10 分）

阅读下面短文，掌握其大意，然后从各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出最佳选项。

Lena was a young woman who had always dreamed of becoming a professional (职业的) dancer. She tried hard to do best among her peers (同龄人). However, she was often discouraged (灰心的) when standing next to the other 16 dancers in her class.

One day, Lena was walking through the Central Park when she 17 a group of older women dancing together. They did so well that Lena was amazed by 18. Lena later came to the group and started a 19. She learned that they were all retired (退休的) workers who had 20 their own dance group and they were like family members.

Listening to their stories, Lena felt a sense of belonging (归属感) that she never 21 in the past. So Lena decided to join them. They helped her reconnect with the 22 of dancing that she had lost.

One day, the leader told Lena they were going to perform (表演) at a festival. Though she was 23, Lena agreed to take part in it. And she spent her spare time practicing with the group.

On the day of the performance, as she took on the stage (舞台) with her new friends, she felt hopeful. For the first time, Lena was dancing not because she wanted to be the best, but 24 because she loved it. She knew that she found her true 25. They may not be professional dancers, but they were all connected by their love of dancing.

- | | | | |
|--------------------|----------------|-----------------|---------------|
| 16. A. foreign | B. friendly | C. excellent | D. silent |
| 17. A. noticed | B. joined | C. picked | D. checked |
| 18. A. you | B. them | C. her | D. him |
| 19. A. game | B. development | C. conversation | D. fight |
| 20. A. raised | B. treated | C. covered | D. formed |
| 21. A. experienced | B. apologized | C. communicated | D. introduced |
| 22. A. interest | B. symbol | C. pleasure | D. danger |
| 23. A. magical | B. private | C. nervous | D. humorous |
| 24. A. wisely | B. simply | C. recently | D. cheaply |
| 25. A. pity | B. sign | C. fact | D. value |

【答案】 16. C 17. A 18. B 19. C 20. D 21. A 22. C 23. C 24. B 25. D

【解析】

【导语】 本文讲述莉娜的舞蹈梦想和她与一群退休舞者交往的经历。

【16 题详解】

句意：然而，当她站在班上其他优秀的舞者旁边时，她经常感到沮丧。

foreign 外国的； friendly 友好的； excellent 优秀的； silent 沉默的。根据“she was often discouraged (灰心的) when standing next to the other...dancers in her class”可知，当她站在班上其他优秀的舞者旁边时，她经常感到沮丧。故选 C。

【17 题详解】

句意：一天，莉娜走过中央公园时，注意到一群上了年纪的妇女在一起跳舞。

noticed 注意； joined 参加； picked 捡起； checked 检查。根据“Lena was walking through the Central Park when she...a group of older women dancing together”可知，莉娜注意到一群上了年纪的妇女在一起跳舞。故选 A。

【18 题详解】

句意：她们做得很好，连莉娜都被她们惊呆了。

you 你； them 她们； her 她； him 他。此处指“a group of older women”，用 them 代替，故选 B。

【19 题详解】

句意：莉娜后来来到这个小组，开始和她们交谈。

game 游戏； development 发展； conversation 对话； fight 斗争。根据“Lena later came to the group and started a...”可知，莉娜开始和她们交谈。故选 C。

【20 题详解】

句意：她了解到，她们都是退休工人，组成了自己的舞蹈团，她们就像家人一样。

raised 提高； treated 对待； covered 覆盖； formed 建立。根据“‘She learned that they were all retired (退休的) workers who had...their own dance group’”可知，她们组成了自己的舞蹈团，故选 D。

【21 题详解】

句意：听着她们的故事，莉娜感到了一种归属感，这是她过去从未经历过的。

experienced 经历； apologized 道歉； communicated 交流； introduced 介绍。根据“Lena felt a sense of belonging (归属感) that she never...in the past”可知，莉娜经历了一种归属感，故选 A。

【22 题详解】

句意：她们帮助她重新找回了失去的跳舞的乐趣。

interest 兴趣； symbol 象征； pleasure 乐趣； danger 危险。根据“‘They helped her reconnect with the...of

dancing that she had lost.”可知，她们帮助莉娜重新找回了失去的跳舞的乐趣。故选 C。

【23 题详解】

句意：虽然她很紧张，莉娜还是同意参加。

magical 有魔力的；private 私人的；nervous 紧张的；humorous 幽默的。根据“Though she was..., Lena agreed to take part in it.”可知，虽然莉娜很紧张，但还是同意参加。故选 C。

【24 题详解】

句意：莉娜第一次跳舞不是因为她想成为最好的，而是因为她喜欢跳舞。

wisely 明智地；simply 仅仅；recently 最近；cheaply 便宜地。根据“Lena was dancing not because she wanted to be the best, but...because she loved it.”可知，莉娜仅仅因为自己喜欢而跳舞。故选 B。

【25 题详解】

句意：她知道她找到了自己真正的价值。

pity 遗憾；sign 标志；fact 事实；value 价值。根据“‘She knew that she found her true...’”可知，她找到了自己真正的价值。故选 D。

四、阅读理解（本大题共 15 小题，每小题 2 分，共 30 分）

阅读下面的材料，从每小题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出最佳选项。

A

In a small village there was a postman. When he was twenty years old, he started sending all kinds of happy or sad stories to the villagers' homes fifty kilometers away day after day. Twenty years flew by, and many changes took place, but there were still no trees along the road, only flying dust (尘土).

“How long shall I go along this dusty road?”

As soon as he thought he had to spend his life riding the bike on the road with no flowers or trees, he felt very sad.

One day when he finished sending the letters and was ready to return, he passed by a flower shop. “Right, that's it!” He walked into the shop, bought some wild flower seeds (种子), and the next day he began to drop these seeds along the road. After one day, two days, one month, two months... he always kept dropping the wild flower seeds.

After long, a lot of little flowers came out along the road, blooming (开花) in all seasons. For the villagers, the flowers and the sweet smell were more pleasant than any letters the postman sent in all his life.

On the road without dust but full of petals (花瓣), the postman rode his bike happily. He never felt lonely or anxious any more.

26. How old was the postman when he started his job?

A. About thirty years old.

B. About twenty years old.

C. Over forty years old.

D. Over fifty years old.

27. What was the road like before?

A. Covered with flowers.

B. Covered with trees.

C. Full of flying dust.

D. Full of seeds.

28. What did the postman buy at the flower shop?

A. Bikes.

B. Wild flowers.

C. Petals.

D. Wild flower seeds.

29. According to the passage, which of the following is TRUE?

A. The villagers showed no interest in the flowers.

B. The postman enjoyed the road full of petals.

C. The villagers helped buy the flower seeds.

D. The postman still felt lonely in the end.

30. What does the writer want to express in this passage?

A. Little things make a big difference.

B. Failure is the mother of success.

C. Practice makes perfect.

D. Old habits die hard.

【答案】 26. B 27. C 28. D 29. B 30. A

【解析】

【导语】 本文是一篇记叙文。本文主要讲述了一名邮政员自己买来花籽种在尘土飞扬的路边，最后这条路两边开出了美丽的花朵，使这条路不再尘土飞扬的故事，故事告诉我们有时候小事情也会产生很大影响。

【26 题详解】

细节理解题。根据“*When he was twenty years old, he started sending all kinds of happy or sad stories to the villagers' homes fifty kilometers away day after day.*”可知，在一个小村庄里有一个邮递员，二十岁时，他开始日复一日地为每个家庭送发邮件，即邮递员开始工作时大约二十岁。故选 B。

【27 题详解】

细节理解题。根据“*Twenty years flew by, and many changes took place, but there were still no trees along the road, only flying dust.*”可知，二十年过去了，发生了许多变化，但道路上仍然没有树木，只有飞扬的灰尘，即以前的道路是尘土飞扬的。故选 C。

【28 题详解】

细节理解题。根据“*He walked into the shop, bought some wild flower seeds, and the next day he began to drop these seeds along the road.*”可知，邮递员走进商店，买了一些野花种子，即邮递员在花店买了野花种子。故选 D。

【29 题详解】

推理判断题。根据“*For the villagers, the flowers and the sweet smell were more pleasant than any letters the postman sent in all his life.*”, “*On the road without dust but full of petals, the postman rode his bike happily.*”, “*He walked into the shop, bought some wild flower seeds, and the next day he began to drop these seeds along the road.*”和“*He never felt lonely or anxious any more.*”可知, 对村民们来说, 鲜花和甜甜的气味比邮递员递送的任何信件都要令人愉快, 可推测村民们对这些花感兴趣; 在没有灰尘但满是花瓣的路上, 邮递员快乐地骑着自行车, 可推测邮递员喜欢鲜花盛开的路; 邮递员买了一些野花种子; 邮递员再也不感到孤独或焦虑了; B 选项“邮递员在鲜花盛开的路上尽情享受。”与文章相符。故选 B。

【30 题详解】

推理判断题。根据全文可知, 本文主要讲述了一名邮政员自己买来花籽种在尘土飞扬的路边, 最后这条路两边开出了美丽的花朵, 使这条路不再尘土飞扬的故事, 可推测作者想在这篇文章中表达小事产生很大影响。故选 A。

B

Arthur Robert Ashe Jr. was the first African-American player to take part in the International sport of tennis at the highest level of the game. He was born on July 10th, 1943.

When Arthur was 6, his mother died. Arthur, with his father and his brother lived near a large park in Richmond, Virginia. His father was the manager of the park. He took care of the park and made sure everything was right.

Arthur was allowed to play in the park when he was seven years old. He was quite energetic. A swimming pool, tennis courts, and baseball diamonds (棒球场) were in the park. Arthur spent a lot of time playing there. He did well in sports, but he had never tried to play tennis.

He often watched the tennis players. Sometimes there were tennis lessons, and Arthur would watch even more carefully. The young man teaching the lessons noticed Arthur. His name was Ronald Charity.

Mr. Charity asked Arthur if he wanted to learn to play tennis. Arthur was excited and agreed. Arthur learned very quickly. Mr. Charity found Arthur would grow up to be a good tennis player. By the time he was ten, Arthur won a tournament (联赛). Many older and bigger players came to the park trying to win the prize, but Arthur beat them. He became known as “the kid who could play tennis”.

Arthur grew up to be one of the first successful African-American tennis players. He played and won all over the world.

31. Which question is answered in Paragraph 2?

A. Where did Arthur grow up?

B. Why did Arthur like tennis best?

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