MySQL Workbench		
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Navgator	Query 1 x	SQLAdditions
MANAGEMENT * Street Status Generation Generation Generation Description Data Import/Antiexe INSTANCE: Streator X Status	□ 0 1 2 3 3 0 0 10 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	the Lot of Landson Constraint of the Manakot Sure the measure of the top for the current current current position or to trapple automatic help.
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下面以导入数据库文件、查询表内容为例,做简单测试。

1、导入数据库

点击"MANAGEMENT"下的"Data Import/Restore",系统弹出登录验证界面,输入登录密码,进入 到导入界面,如下图:

Navigator	Query 1 Administration - Data ImportRes. ×					
MANAGEMENT " Server Status Client Connections Users and Privileges	Lead Index Mod 36 Deta Import					
Status and System Variables	Options					
Data Export Data Import/Restore	Import from Dump Project Folder C: L/Liters/UWY/Documents/glumps					
INSTANCE S	Select the Dump Project Folder to import. You can do a selective restore. Load Folder Contents					
A Server Logs	Import from Self-Contained File C:\Users\UW\Documents\dumps\export.sq\					
🖉 Options File	Select the SQL/dump file to import. Please note that the whole file will be imported.					
PERFORMANCE						
② Dashboard	Default Schema to be Imported To					
Performance Reports Performance Schema Setup	Default Target Schema: NET: New NOTE: this are only used for durp line. NOTE: this are only used for durp line descrit contain its schema, other NOTE: this are only used for durp line descrit contain its schema, other Note: the schema it is grade Note: the schema it is schema its s					
SCHEMAS @ x ⁸						
Q Filter objects	Select Database Objects to Import (only available for Project Folders)					
 ▶ ■ sakila ▶ ■ test ▶ ■ world 	Imp Schema Dipcts					

T² ■ Contained File",找到数据库文件 XSCJ.sql,点击"Start Import", 导入成功显示如下:

Local instance MySQL56 Data Import
Import from Disk Import Progress
Import Completed
1 of 1 imported.
Log:
23:04:35 Restoring C:\Users\JWY\Desktop\mysql\XSCJ.sql Running: mysql.exe -defaults-file="c:\users\jwy\appdata\ocal\temp\tmplezo4c.cnf"host=localhostuser=rootpo 23:04:37 Import of C:\Users\JWY\Desktop\mysql\XSCJ.sql has finished

另外,在左侧列表"SCHEMAS"中执行刷新,会看到导入的数据库

💑 Performance Schema Setup						
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Filter objects						
▶ 🗐 world	-					
🔻 🗎 xscj						
Tables						
Views	Ξ.					
Stored Procedures						
Functions	-					

2、 查询

在 Query 1 窗口中输入相关 SQL 语句,执行查询,如输入:

use xscj; select * from xs; 将查询出 XSCJ 数据库下 xs 表中的所有信息,如下图:

L											_		
I		学号	姓名	专业名	性别	出生时间	总学分	照片	备注				
I	F	081218	孙研	通信工程	1	1990-10-09 00:00:00	42	NULL	NULL			G	irid
I		081210	李红庆	通信工程	1	1989-05-01 00:00:00	44	NULL	已提前修完一门课,并	#获得学分		Ē	
I		081202	王林	通信工程	1	1989-01-29 00:00:00	40	NULL	有一门功课不及格,徐	訫考			-
I		081241	罗林林	通信工程	0	1990-01-30 00:00:00	50	NULL	转专业学习			F	orm
I		081221	刘燕敏	通信工程	1	1989-11-12 00:00:00	42	NULL	NULL				
I		081220	吴薇华	通信工程	0	1990-03-18 00:00:00	42	NULL	NULL			1	~
I	ve	~								Apply		Pour	

通过上述的简单操作,证明所安装的 Oracle 能够正常使用,接下来就可以结合其他开发环境进行项目的开发。

上机实训 2: 查看系统所支持的引擎类型

1. 查看0racle中支持的引擎类型

2. 查看当前的存储引擎的名称

【上机要求】

My SQL 支持的存储引擎有: InnoDB, MyISAM, Memory, Merge, Archive, Federated, CSV, BLACKHOLE 等等。下面我们使用 SHOW ENGINES 语句查看系统所支持的引擎类型。

【上机指导】

在 My SQL 命令栏内输入 SHOW ENGINES \G;, 就会得到 My SQL 能够支持的所有引擎, 如下。

```
mysql> SHOW ENGINES \G;
Engine: FEDERATED
   Support: NO
   Comment: Federated MySQL storage engine
Transactions: NULL
     XA: NULL
 Savepoints: NULL
Engine: MRG_MYISAM
   Support: YES
   Comment: Collection of identical MyISAM tables
Transactions: NO
      XA: NO
 Savepoints: NO
Engine: MyISAM
   Support: YES
   Comment: MyISAM storage engine
Transactions: NO
      XA: NO
 Savepoints: NO
Engine: BLACKHOLE
   Support: YES
   Comment: /dev/null storage engine (anything you write to it disappears)
Transactions: NO
      XA: NO
 Savepoints: NO
Engine: CSV
   Support: YES
   Comment: CSV storage engine
Transactions: NO
      XA: NO
 Savepoints: NO
```

```
Engine: MEMORY
   Support: YES
   Comment: Hash based, stored in memory, useful for temporary tables
Transactions: NO
      XA: NO
 Savepoints: NO
 Engine: ARCHIVE
   Support: YES
   Comment: Archive storage engine
Transactions: NO
      XA: NO
 Savepoints: NO
Engine: InnoDB
   Support: DEFAULT
   Comment: Supports transactions, row-level locking, and foreign keys
Transactions: YES
      XA: YES
 Savepoints: YES
Engine: PERFORMANCE_SCHEMA
   Support: YES
   Comment: Performance Schema
Transactions: NO
      XA: NO
 Savepoints: NO
```

上机实训 3: Oracle 用户账户管理

- 1. 掌握创建账户的方法
- 2. 掌握删除账户的方法

【上机要求】

Oracle用户账户管理通常包括用户账户的创建和删除。这次实训将演练如何创建和删除用户。

【上机指导】

```
1、创建账户
创建账户有三种方法:
(1)使用grant创建新用户
语法: GRANT priv_type [(column_list)] ON [object_type] {tbl_name | * | *.* |
db_name.*}
TO user [IDENTIFIED BY [PASSWORD] 'password']
```

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