

英语试卷

注意事项：本试卷满分为 150 分，时量为 120 分钟

第一部分 听力（共两节，满分 30 分）

第一节（共 5 小题；每小题 1.5 分，满分 7.5 分）

听下面 5 段对话。每段对话后有一个小题，从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项，并标在试卷的相应位置。听完每段对话后，你都有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

1. What does the woman suggest the man do?

A. Take a break. B. Study hard. C. Change his methods.

2. How does Jack feel now?

A. Confident. B. Discouraged. C. Pleased.

3. What does the man study at Harvard?

A. French. B. Physics. C. Medicine.

4. What is the girl going to do?

A. Make a kite. B. Do her homework. C. Wash dishes.

5. Why does the man call Olivia?

A. To invite her to a party.

B. To cancel an appointment.

C. To ask about the homework.

第二节（共 15 小题；每小题 1.5 分，满分 22.5 分）

听下面 5 段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题，从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。听每段对话或独白前，你将有时间阅读各个小题，每小题 5 秒钟；各小题将给出 5 秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

听第 6 段材料，回答 6-7 小题。

6. What's the relationship between the two speakers?

A. Secretary and boss. B. Teacher and student. C. Doctor and patient.

7. What can we know about the man?

A. He is strict. B. He gets up late. C. He gets angry easily.

听第 7 段材料，回答 8-10 小题。

8. Why does the woman come here?
A. To join the poem club. B. To find new group members. C. To help the man with his courses.
9. What do we know about the man?
A. He is interested in acting. B. He hasn't seen Susan for long.
C. He spends much time in the poem club.
10. What does the woman suggest the man do?
A. Train once a week. B. Take fewer courses next term. C. Come to see their practice.

听第 8 段材料，回答 11-13 小题。

11. How can the man get high scores?
A. By talent. B. By hard work. C. By a little pressure.
12. How many points did the woman score?
A. 62. B. 70. C. 99.
13. Where are the speakers?
A. In an office. B. In a classroom. C. At a bus station.

听第 9 段材料，回答 14-17 小题。

14. What is Penny's current problem?
A. She has a toothache. B. She has a sore throat. C. She has an earache.
15. How often will Penny take the medicine?
A. Once a day. B. Twice a day. C. Three times a day.
16. When does the conversation take place?
A. On Monday. B. On Tuesday. C. On Thursday.
17. What does the man ask Penny to do in the end?
A. Make an appointment. B. Go to the medicine shop. C. Take the medicine properly.

听第 10 段材料，回答 18-20 小题。

18. How can frozen food be kept cold at ordinary temperatures?
A. By using bags. B. By using water. C. By using paper.
19. What is advised to do when camping?
A. Keep milk in a cooler box. B. Never cook meat or eggs. C. Use special dry foods.
20. What is the passage mainly about?
A. How to pick up fresh food.

- B. How to eat healthily in different weather.
- C. How to keep food from going bad in summer.

第二部分 阅读理解(共两节, 满分 30 分)

第一节 (共 15 小题; 每小题 1.5 分, 满分 22.5 分)

阅读下列短文,从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出最佳选项。

A

If you're looking to widen your children's vocabulary, then consider one of these dictionaries for kids.

Scholastic Children's Dictionary

Not only does the Scholastic Children's Dictionary (\$ 16.36) have definitions for tens of thousands of words, but it also includes guides to grammar, geography, and US presidents. It's a perfect reference book for children in grades 3-7.

- Kid-friendly pronunciation guides
- Helpful example sentences
- Up-to-date technology, scientific and cultural terms

The American Heritage Children's Dictionary

The American Heritage Children's Dictionary (\$13.95) is a dictionary for children in grades 3-6, with vocabulary suitable for children, easy-to-understand definitions, lively example sentences, and enjoyable color pictures.

- Detailed world maps
- A valuable tool for teachers
- Handy for homeschooling

Merriam-Webster's Elementary Dictionary

Written for young ones in grades 3-5, the Merriam-Webster's Elementary Dictionary (\$14.49) makes its explanations richer by sentences taken from children's literature, and has pronunciation paragraphs for each letter.

- Provides synonym (同义词)
- Explores Greek and Latin roots
- History of many words

My First Dictionary

This is the perfect go-to reference book for children ages 5 and up. With 1,000 word entries and

supporting pictures, it is a fantastic addition to any child's library. The lively My First Dictionary (\$11.21) explains commonly-used words in terms that speak to a child's personal experience, so it's easy to understand.

- A picture for every word
- Includes interesting games
- Basic for the recommended age

21. What is special about the Scholastic Children's Dictionary?

- A. It introduces US presidents.
- B. It provides interesting games.
- C. It explores the basic form of words.
- D. It includes sentences from children's books.

22. Which dictionary provides word history paragraphs?

- A. My First Dictionary.
- B. Scholastic Children's Dictionary.
- C. Merriam- Webster's Elementary Dictionary.
- D. The American Heritage Children's Dictionary.

23. How much should you pay if you want to buy a dictionary suitable for a 6-year-old boy?

- A. \$11.21. B. \$13.95. C. \$14.49. D. \$16.36.

B

The most eye-catching performance from the final weekend of the U.S. Olympic Track and Field Trials didn't break a world record or send a teenager to Tokyo. But Lindsay Flach still became the shining star. Lindsay Flach competed in the heptathlon(七项全能) 18 weeks pregnant and showed off a growing belly. Though she finished a distant last among the 15 women who made it through all seven events of the heptathlon, her participation this past weekend was a victory in itself.

The 2020 season was supposed to be Flach's last chance to compete in the heptathlon, the sport that developed into her enthusiasm over the past decade. She intended to grasp a chance on the U.S. Olympic team one final time before marrying her longtime boyfriend and starting a family together.

In early 2020, Flach quit her job, temporarily left her soon-to-be-husband behind and moved nearly 250 miles south to train with her new coach at the University of Texas Rio Grande Valley. She intended to remain there through the 2020 U.S. Olympic Trials. Then the pandemic(疫情)

struck three months into her training.

When the spread of COVID-19 forced the postponement(延迟) of the Tokyo Games and cast doubt on whether they would ever happen, Flach, 31, decided she could no longer put her life on hold. In March, Flach began struggling to hit marks that had previously been routine to her. She took a pregnancy test that came back positive, a result that made her doubt whether her Olympic hopeful.

The pregnancy weakened Flach's strength and energy but not her desire to say goodbye to track and field on her own terms. While Flach's final score was less than half her personal best, she's trying not to focus on that aspect, nor on the fact that she never qualified for an Olympics in her career. She's excited for what's to come in her life, excited she was able to participate in a third Olympic Trials and excited that she showed how strong would-be mothers can be.

24. When did Flach begin to love the heptathlon?

A. At the age of 18. B. At the age of 21.

C. At the age of 30. D. At the age of 31.

25. Which word can best describe Flach according to Paragraph 3?

A. Determined. B. Ambitious C. Unfortunate. D. Organized.

26. What made Flach excited?

A. She was expecting a new life.

B. She won the third Olympic Trials.

C. She could marry her loved boyfriend finally.

D. She was chosen to take part in the Olympic Games.

27. In which section of a magazine can this text be read?

A. Teens. B. Sports. C. Economy. D. Advertisement.

C

China's disability-related expense at all levels has increased year by year. Last year saw the completion of the National Ice Sports Arena for People With Impairments in light of the Beijing 2022 Paralympic Winter Games. The Games officially opened on March 4, marking not only a great event for the Olympic family, but also the advancement of China's path for developing the cause of people with disabilities.

Protection of those differently abled in employment, social security, public facilities, and

education keeps improving in laws and regulations ensuring the rights and interests of persons with disabilities.

China has 85 million people with disabilities, who need more attention and help—from government and public alike. The possibility of people with disabilities falling back to poverty is high; the total amount of public services for people with physical impairments is not enough and their distribution remains uneven; their diverse needs, such as education, medical services, and recovery, are not adequately met; discrimination, too, still occurs; less developed and rural areas are not suitable for them.

According to the arrangements for the protection and development of people with disabilities during the 14th Five-Year Plan (2021-25) period issued in July 2021, basic systems providing multi-level social security will be in place by 2025 to ensure the livelihood of this social group continues to improve. By 2035, the differently abled will live a richer material and cultural life, and the gap between them and the average national level will have been remarkably narrowed.

To achieve these goals, the Chinese Government is revising regulations on the employment of those differently abled, aiming to help them live better and more fulfilled lives through their work. In addition, the country is accelerating the upgrading of the social security system, so that the differently abled with unstable income will be included in government aid under China's social safety net program.

28. What is paragraph 3 mainly about?

- A. The problems people with disabilities meet.
- B. The uneven distribution of medical services.
- C. The poverty level of people with disabilities.
- D. The growing attention to the differently abled.

29. What can people with disabilities benefit from the 14th Five-Year Plan?

- A. Improving livelihood.
- B. Basic commercial security.
- C. The narrowed gap.
- D. A materially satisfying life.

30. Which can best replace the underlined word “accelerating” in the last paragraph?

- A. quickening.
- B. receiving.
- C. considering.
- D. assessing.

31. What is the author's attitude towards the growing disability-related expense?

- A. Critical. B. Favorable. C. Objective. D. Uninterested.

D

Lake Baikal(贝加尔湖)is the biggest body of fresh water on Earth. It's about 1.6km in depth and is also the deepest. Several unusual animals call it home, including the world's only species of freshwater seal(海豹) . There are a large number of Baikal seals, about 8, 000-10, 000. But the lake is nutrient-poor, so how they do so well has been a puzzle. A study conducted by Yuuki Watanabe of the National Institute of Polar Research, in Tokyo, suggests a possible answer.

Most seals eat fish. And Baikal seals do have needle-like teeth. But in 1982 researchers noted that they had some specialized comb-like teeth behind the needle-like ones. At the time, nobody knew what they were for. But Dr. Watanabe supposed that they might be an adaptation for feeding on other tiny creatures living in the lake.

Seals arrived in Baikal two million years ago, from the Arctic Ocean. So did some much smaller sea creatures, known as amphipods(片脚类动物). They have diversified into more than 340 native species. Sea creatures the size of seals would normally see amphipods to be too small to hunt. But Dr. Watanabe wondered if Baikal seals'comb-like teeth might have evolved to enable the seals to hunt these tiny creatures to make them useful prey (猎物) -just as some whales collect extremely small shellfish using comb-like structures. He and his colleagues therefore attached waterproof video cameras to a few seals to monitor what they were getting up to.

Scenes from the cameras showed that the seals were indeed pursuing the groups of amphipods at night. Dr. Watanabe estimated that each seal caught an average of 57 amphipods per dive and thus thousands of them a day. The needle-like teeth are not useless, for the seals do hunt fish as well. They compete with those fish for the amphipods, thus perhaps maintaining themselves in larger numbers.

32. Which aspect of Baikal seals remains unknown?

- A. Why they live in Lake Baikal. B. How they got into Lake Baikal.
C. When they reached Lake Baikal. D. How they grow well in Lake Baikal.

33. What does the underlined word “they” in paragraph 2 refer to?

- A. Researchers. B. Comb-like teeth.
C. Baikal seals. D. Needle-like teeth.

34. Why did researchers attach video cameras to the seals?

- A. To take control of their behaviour patterns.
- B. To record how they coexist with amphipods.
- C. To confirm if they live on small water creatures.
- D. To find the similarities between seals and whales.

35. What message is conveyed in the last paragraph?

- A. There is a sharply growing trend towards Baikal seals.
- B. Baikal seals prefer hunting amphipods at night.
- C. Needle-like teeth are of little use to Baikal seals.
- D. Baikal seals feed on fish besides amphipods.

第二节（共 5 小题；每小题 2.5 分，满分 12.5）

阅读下面短文，从短文后的选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

Being a good friend isn't always easy. True friendships are more than worth the effort, though. They make us much happier. ___36___

Being trustworthy

___37___ . If you say you'll hang out with a friend or do a friend a favor, then try to stick to what you promised. Don't act as if you're perfect. If you know you've made a mistake, admit it. If your friend tells you a secret, don't tell anyone-else. Also, don't talk about your friends behind their backs, and don't spread stories about them.

Being supportive

Always be ready to help your friend. And do it just to be kind, not because you want something in return. You need to help your friends when they' re having a hard time. If you see a problem, speak up, no matter how awkward you may feel. ___38___ , and take the time to truly listen to what your friend says. Don't make your friend feel as if he or she can't get a word in.

___39___

If you want your friendship to last, you should be able to forgive even if your friend does something that hurts you. First, let your friend know how you feel about what he or she did. Then, if your friend is sincerely sorry, you should forgive him or her.

___40___ Instead, let them be who they are, and appreciate them for their different way of seeing things.

- A. Don't do all the talking

- B. Making your friendship last
- C. Don't try to forgive everyone-around you
- D. Don't try to make them think and act like you
- E. Try your best not to make a promise you can't keep
- F. The following are ways to become the happiest person
- G. Here are some things that will help you be a good friend to others

第三部分 语言运用（共两节，满分 30 分）

第一节（共 15 小题；每小题 1 分，满分 15 分）

阅读下面短文，从短文后各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

I wasn't the most popular kid in my freshman year—I mostly kept myself buried in a book alone. Ashley was very ___41___ from me. She was outspoken and fashionable. So you can ___42___ how surprising when we became friends! During that summer, we ___43___ and did everything together!

I looked up to Ashley, and wanted to be all of her. I even tailored my next-year ___44___ to her interests. Later, Ashley introduced me to her group of friends. I would ___45___ them around.

One day, arriving earlier at the classroom, I overheard what they were talking about. “She's such a(n) ___46___,” one girl said. “She just follows you, but doesn't have a ___47___ of her own.” This was the first time I had felt ___48___. My eyes began to well with tears and my hands were ___49___. I couldn't stay there anymore.

I ran home and told my mother. The advice she gave was so ___50___, “Just be yourself and people will ___51___ you for who you are.” It sounded so profound and I decided I was going to ___52___ myself. Over the next month, I went through a lot of ___53___. I bought new clothes I wanted to wear. ___54___ I began making new friends. I never just followed the crowd.

When I look back, I think of it as the year I grew up. Despite the pain I felt, it was a ___55___ they had given me.

- | | | | |
|-----------------|--------------|---------------|---------------|
| 41. A. free | B. absent | C. different | D. tired |
| 42. A. memorize | B. imagine | C. observe | D. refuse |
| 43. A. hung out | B. turned up | C. showed off | D. broke down |

44. A. position B. research C. admission D. schedule
45. A. follow B. compare C. guide D. settle
46. A. hero B. enemy C. actress D. loser
47. A. determination B. personality C. competition D. presentation
48. A. nervous B. desperate C. heartbroken D. touched
49. A. shaking B. fighting C. spreading D. waving
50. A. formal B. simple C. modest D. serious
51. A. select B. praise C. like D. thank
52. A. convince B. control C. discover D. forgive
53. A. changes B. adventures C. hardships D. options
54. A. Obviously B. Originally C. Regularly D. Gradually
55. A. truth B. gift C. promise D. Chance

第二节（共 10 小题；每小题 1.5 分，满分 15 分）

阅读下面材料，在空白处填入适当的内容（1 个单词）或括号内单词的正确形式。

As winter vacation 56 (approach), many teenagers are planning their holiday work-out schedule. It seems like teens have realized that exercise is one of the easiest and most 57 (benefit) ways that they can be energetic and protect themselves 58 a number of diseases when growing old.

There are a wide range of sports teens can do. 59 (improve) heart and lung efficiency, jogging and swimming sound like smart 60 (choose). When doing strength training like pull-ups and weightlifting, one's muscle strength is increased, and bones get developed. Besides, teens can take courses 61 (design) for young people, including boxing or Hip-Pop dancing.

Apart from doing sports 62 are suitable for teens, a balanced diet and adequate sleep 63 (be) also significant. Since it takes both a strong body and sound mind to 64 (full) realize one's potential, please take full advantage of this winter vacation, 65 recharge your battery for the new term!

第四部分 写作（共两节，满分 40 分）

第一节（满分 15 分）

66. 假定你是李华，你的好朋友 Lily 在期末考试来临时感到学习压力很大。请你按照以下要点给她写一封电子邮件，帮助她放松身心。内容包括：

以上内容仅为本文档的试下载部分，为可阅读页数的一半内容。如要下载或阅读全文，请访问：<https://d.book118.com/988032124017007005>